

Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router User Guide

WL-550

3CRWER101U-75 3CRWER101E-75 3CRWER101A-75

http://www.3Com.com/

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ABOUT THIS GUIDE

	This guide describes how to install and configure the 3Com Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router (3CRWER101x-75).
	This guide is intended for use by those responsible for installing and setting up network equipment; consequently, it assumes a basic working knowledge of LANs (Local Area Networks) and Internet Routers.
i>	If a release note is shipped with the 3Com Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router and contains information that differs from the information in this guide, follow the information in the release note.
	Most user guides and release notes are available in Adobe Acrobat Reader Portable Document Format (PDF) on the 3Com World Wide Web site:
	http://www.3Com.com
Naming Convention	Throughout this guide, the 3Com Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router is referred to as the "Router".
	Category 3 and Category 5 Twisted Pair Cables are referred to as Twisted Pair Cables throughout this guide.

Conventions

Table 1 and Table 2 list conventions that are used throughout this guide.

Table 1 Notice Icons

lcon	Notice Type	Description
i	Information note	Information that describes important features or instructions.
Ĩ	Caution	Information that alerts you to potential loss of data or potential damage to an application, system, or device.
<u>Å</u>	Warning	Information that alerts you to potential personal injury.

Table 2Text Conventions

Convention	Description
The words "enter" and "type"	When you see the word "enter" in this guide, you must type something, and then press Return or Enter. Do not press Return or Enter when an instruction simply says "type."
Keyboard key names	If you must press two or more keys simultaneously, the key names are linked with a plus sign (+). Example:
	Press Ctrl+Alt+Del
Words in <i>italics</i>	Italics are used to:
	 Emphasize a point.
	• Denote a new term at the place where it is defined in the text.
	 Identify menu names, menu commands, and software button names. Examples:
	From the Help menu, select Contents.
	Click OK.

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- Part Number 149100059700J Rev. AA
- Page 24



Do not use this e-mail address for technical support questions. For information about contacting Technical Support, please refer to <u>Appendix C</u>.

Related Documentation In addition to this guide, each Router document set includes one Installation Guide. This guide contains the instructions you need to install and configure your Router.

8 ABOUT THIS GUIDE

INTRODUCING THE ROUTER

1

	Welcome to the world of networking with 3Com [®] . In the modern business environment, communication and sharing information is crucial. Computer networks have proved to be one of the fastest modes of communication but, until recently, only large businesses could afford the networking advantage.
Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router	The Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router is designed to provide a cost-effective means of sharing a single broadband Internet connection amongst several wired and wireless computers. The Router also provides protection in the form of an electronic "firewall" preventing anyone outside of your network from seeing your files or damaging your computers. The Router can also prevent your users from accessing Web sites which you find unsuitable.
	Figure 1 shows an example network without a Router. In this network, only one computer is connected to the Internet. This computer must always be powered on for the other computers on the network to access the Internet.

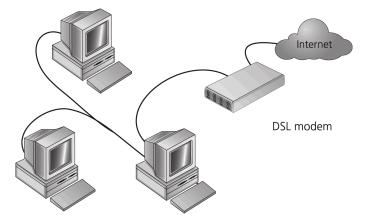
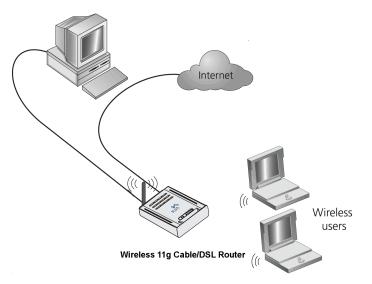


Figure 1 Example Network Without a Router

When you use the Router in your network (Figure 2), it becomes your connection to the Internet. Connections can be made directly to the Router, or to an OfficeConnect Switch, expanding the number of computers you can have in your network.





Router Advantages	The advantages of the Router include:
	 Shared Internet connection for both wired and wireless computers
	 High speed 802.11g wireless networking
	 No need for a dedicated, "always on" computer serving as your Internet connection
	 Cross-platform operation for compatibility with Windows, Unix and Macintosh computers
	 Easy-to-use, Web-based setup and configuration
	 Provides centralization of all network address settings (DHCP)
	 Acts as a Virtual server to enable remote access to Web, FTP, and other services on your network
	 Security — Firewall protection against Internet hacker attacks and encryption to protect wireless network traffic
Package Contents	The Router kit includes the following items:
	 One Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router
	 One power adapter for use with the Router
	 One Ethernet cable
	 One Detachable antenna
	 One CD-ROM containing this User Guide
	 Installation Guide
	 Support and Safety Information Sheet
	 Warranty Flyer

If any of these items are missing or damaged, please contact your retailer.

 Minimum System and Component Requirements Your Router requires that the computer(s) and components in your network be configured with at least the following: A computer with an operating system that supports TCP/IP networking protocols (for example Windows 98/NT/Me/2000/ XP/Vista, Unix, Mac OS 8.5 or higher). An Ethernet 10 Mbps or 10/100 Mbps NIC for each computer to be connected to the four-port switch on your Router. OR An 802.11b or 802.11g wireless NIC. Internet access from your local telephone company or Internet Service Provider (ISP) using a DSL modem or cable modem. A Web browser that supports JavaScript, such as Netscape 4.7 or higher, Internet Explorer 5.0 or higher, or Mozilla 1.2.1 or higher. Physical Features The top panel of the Router contains a series of indicator lights (LEDs) that help describe the state of various networking and connection operations. 		
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that help describe the state of various networking and connection		
	Physical Features	that help describe the state of various networking and connection



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Power INLAN WAN LANI LANZ LANJ LAN	V

1 Power LED

Green

Indicates that the Router is powered on, and the boot up is successful.

2 WLAN Status LED

Green

If the LED is on it indicates that wireless networking is enabled. If the LED is flashing, the link is OK and data is being transmitted or received. If the LED is off, the Wireless LAN has been disabled in the Router, or there is a problem. Refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> <u>"Troubleshooting"</u>.

3 WAN Status LED

Green

If the LED is on it indicates that the WAN port has established a valid Ethernet network connection. If the LED is flashing, the link is OK and data is being transmitted or received. If the LED is off, the WAN has been disabled in the Router, or there is a problem. Refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> <u>"Troubleshooting"</u>.

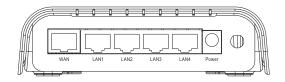
4 LAN Status LEDs

Green

If the LED is on, the link between the port and the next piece of network equipment is OK. If the LED is flashing, the link is OK and data is being transmitted or received. If the LED is off, nothing is connected, or the connected device is switched off, or there is a problem with the connection (refer to <u>Chapter 6</u> "Troubleshooting"). The port will automatically adjust to the correct speed and duplex.

The rear panel (Figure 4) of the Router contains one WAN port, four LAN ports, and a power adapter socket.

Figure 4 Router - Rear Panel



5 WAN Port

Using the RJ-45 cable provided, you should connect your cable modem, DSL modem, or an Ethernet router to this port.

6 LAN Ports

Using suitable RJ-45 cables, you can connect your Router to a computer, or to any other piece of equipment that has an Ethernet connection (for example, a hub or a switch). These ports have an automatic MDI/MDIX feature, which means either straight-through or a crossover cable can be used.

7 Power Adapter Socket

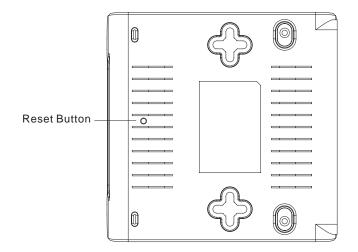
Only use the power adapter that is supplied with this Router. Do not use any other adapter.

8 Wireless Antenna

Be sure the detachable external antenna is connected to the Router before setting up your wireless LAN. Try to place the Wireless 11g Router in a position that is located in the center of your wireless network. The higher you place the antenna, the better the performance.

A reset bottom is locadted on the bottom of the Router (Figure 5).

Figure 5 Router - Bottom Panel



9 Reset Button

The reset button allows you to reboot the Router, or to restore the default factory settings. Push for one second to perform a system reboot. All of your settings will remain upon restarting. Push for 8 seconds to reset the Router to the factory default settings.



To perform a system reset without losing configuration settings, click the Restart Router button on the web management screen. The configurations that you have set previously will not be changed back to the factory default settings. Refer to <u>"Restart Router"</u>.

INSTALLING THE ROUTER

Introduction	This chapter will guide you through a basic installation of the Router, including:
	 Connecting the Router to the Internet.
	 Connecting the Router to your network.
	 Setting up your computers for networking with the Router.
Í	CAUTION: Be sure to attach the removable antenna to the Router before connecting to your wireless network.
Positioning the	You should place the Router in a location that:
Router	 is conveniently located for connection to the cable or ADSL modem.
	 is centrally located to the wireless computers that will connect to the Router. A suitable location might be on top of a high shelf or similar furniture to optimize wireless connections to computers in both horizontal and vertical directions, allowing wider coverage.
	 allows convenient connection to the computers that will be connected to the four LAN ports on the rear panel, if desired.
	 allows easy viewing of the top panel LED indicator lights, and access to the rear panel connectors, if necessary.
	When positioning your Router, ensure:
	 It is out of direct sunlight and away from sources of heat.
	 Cabling is away from power lines, fluorescent lighting fixtures, and sources of electrical noise such as radios, transmitters and broadband amplifiers.
	 Water or moisture cannot enter the case of the unit.

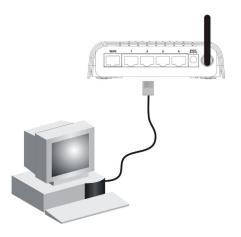
	 Air flow around the unit and through the vents in the side of the case is not restricted. 3Com recommends you provide a minimum of 25 mm (1 in.) clearance.
Powering Up the Router	To power up the Router:
	 Plug the power adapter into the power adapter socket located on the back panel of the Router.
	2 Plug the power adapter into a standard electrical wall socket.
Connecting the Router to the Internet	Prepare an Ethernet cable for connecting the WAN port of the Wireless 11g Router to the RJ-45 port of the broadband xDSL or cable modem. See Figure 6:
	Figure 6 Connecting the Router to the Internet
	DSL/Cable Modem ISP (Primary)

Connecting the Router to LAN

The four LAN ports on the Router auto-negotiate the connection speed to 10 Mbps Ethernet or 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet, as well as the transmission mode to half duplex or full duplex.

Use RJ-45 cables to connect any of the four LAN ports on the Router to an Ethernet adapter on your PC. Otherwise, cascade any of the LAN ports on the Router to an Ethernet hub or switch, and then connect your PC or other network equipment to the hub or switch. When inserting an RJ-45 connector, be sure the tab on the connector clicks into position to ensure that it is properly seated. See Figure 7:

Figure 7 Connecting the LAN



You have now completed the hardware installation of your Router. Next you need to set up your computers so that they can make use of the Router to communicate with the Internet.

3Com recommends that you perform the initial Router configuration from a computer that is directly connected to one of the LAN ports.

If you configure the Router from a wireless computer, note that you may lose contact with the Router if you change the wireless configuration.

To communicate wirelessly with your Router, your wireless NIC should be set as follows:

- Encryption none
- SSID 3Com
- Channel 6

Setting up your computers for networking with the Router	You may also connect the Router to your PC (using a wireless client adapter) via radio signals. Install a wireless network adapter in each computer that will be connected to the Internet or your local network via radio signals.
	Place the Router in a position that gives it maximum coverage. Try to place the Router in a position that is located in the center of your wireless network. Normally, the higher you place the antenna, the better the performance. Ensure that the Router's location provides optimal reception throughout your home or office.
	Computers equipped with a wireless adapter can communicate with each other as an independent wireless LAN by configuring each computer to the same radio channel. However, the Router can provide access to your wired/wireless LAN or to the Internet for all wireless workstations. Each wireless PC in this network infrastructure can talk to any computer in the wireless group via a radio link, or access other computers or network resources in the wired LAN infrastructure or over the Internet via the Router.
	The wireless infrastructure configuration not only extends the accessibility of wireless PCs to the wired LAN, but also increases the effective wireless transmission range for wireless PCs by retransmitting incoming radio signals through the Router.
	A wireless infrastructure can be used for access to a central database, or for connection between mobile workers, See <u>Figure 8</u> :

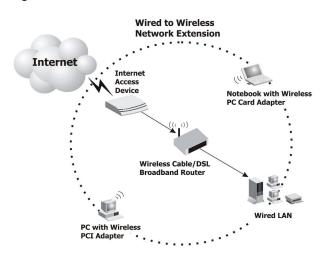


Figure 8 WLAN Connections

SETTING UP YOUR COMPUTERS

The Router has the ability to dynamically allocate network addresses to the computers on your network, using DHCP. However, your computers need to be configured correctly for this to take place. To change the configuration of your computers to allow this, follow the instructions in this chapter.

Obtaining an IP Address Automatically

Windows 2000	If you are using a Windows 2000-based computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
1	From the Windows Start Menu, select Settings > Control Panel.
2	Double click on Network and Dial-Up Connections.
3	Double click on Local Area Connection.
4	Click on Properties.
5	Select Internet Protocol TCP/IP and click on Properties.
6	Ensure that the options <i>Obtain an IP address automatically</i> , and <i>Obtain DNS server address automatically</i> are both selected. Click <i>OK</i> .
7	Restart your computer.
Windows XP	
1	From the Windows Start Menu, select Control Panel.
2	Click on Network and Internet Connections.
3	Click on the Network Connections icon.

- **4** Double click on *LAN* or *High Speed Connection* icon. A screen titled *Local Area Connection Status* will appear.
- **5** A screen similar to Figure 9 should be displayed. Select *Internet Protocol TCP/IP* and click on *Properties*.

Figure 9 Local Area Connection Properties Screen

🕂 Local Area Connection Properties 🛛 🕐 🔀
General Authentication Advanced
Connect using:
SMC EZ Card 10/100 PCI (SMC1211 Configure
This connection uses the following items:
Glient for Microsoft Networks Glient for Microsoft Networks Glient Scheduler GoS Packet Scheduler fintemet Protocol (TCP/IP)
Install Uninstall Properties
Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. The default wide area network protocol that provides communication across diverse interconnected networks.
 Show icon in notification area when connected ✓ Notify me when this connection has limited or no connectivity
OK Cancel

6 Ensure that the options *Obtain an IP address automatically*, and *Obtain DNS servers automatically* are both selected as shown in Figure 10. Click *OK*.

	d automatically if your network supports eed to ask your network administrator for
the appropriate IP settings.	boa to dait your notivoirt daministrator for
 Obtain an IP address autor 	matically
Use the following IP addre	\$\$:
IP address:	
Subnet mask:	
Default gateway:	
 Obtain DNS server addres 	s automatically
OUse the following DNS ser	ver addresses:
Preferred DNS server:	
Alternate DNS server:	
	Advanced

Figure 10 Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties Screen

7 Restart your computer.

Windows Vista

- **1** From the Windows *Start* Menu, select *Settings* > *Network*.
- 2 Click on Organize. Select Properties.
- **3** Click on Manage network>Connections.
- 4 Double click Local Area Connection. Select Properties and click continue.
- **5** A screen similar to Figure 11 should be displayed. Select *Internet Protocol Version 6, Version 4 (TCP/IPv6, v4)* and click on *Properties*.

Connect using:		
Realtek RTL8	168/8111 Family PC	I-E Gigabit Ethemet NIC
		Configure
This connection uses	the following items:	
🗹 🏪 Client for Mi		
	Common Firewall D	river
QoS Packet		
	ter Sharing for Micro	
	tocol Version 6 (TCP	
	tocol Version 4 (TCP	
· ·	Topology Discovery	
Ink-Layer	Fopology Discovery I	Responder
Install	Uninstall	Properties
Description		
		f the internet protocol
that provides com networks	munication across di	verse interconnected

Figure 11 Local Area Connection Properties Screen

6 Ensure that the options *Obtain an IPv6,v4 address automatically*, and *Obtain DNS servers address automatically* are both selected as shown in Figure 12. Click *OK*.

Figure 12 Internet Protocol Version 6 (TCP/IPv6) Properties Screen

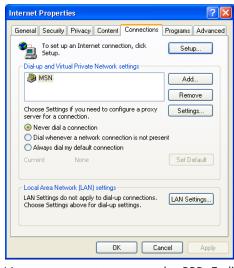
internet Protocol Version 6 (T	CP/IPv6) Properties	? X
General		
	signed automatically if your network supports this capability. your network administrator for the appropriate IPv6 settings.	
Obtain an IPv6 address	automatically	
O Use the following IPv6 a	address:	
IPv6 address:		
Subnet prefix length:		
Default gateway:		
Obtain DNS server addr	ess automatically	
OUse the following DNS s	erver addresses:	
Preferred DN5 server:		
Alternate DNS server:		
	Adva	inced
	ОК	Cancel

- **Macintosh** If you are using a Macintosh computer, use the following procedure to change your TCP/IP settings:
 - 1 From the desktop, select Apple Menu, Control Panels, and TCP/IP.
 - 2 In the *TCP/IP* control panel, set *Connect Via:* to *Ethernet*.
 - **3** In the TCP/IP control panel, set *Configure:* to *Using DHCP Server*.
 - **4** Close the *TCP/IP* dialog box, and save your changes.
 - **5** Restart your computer.

Disabling PPPoE
and PPTP ClientIf you have PPPoE client software installed on your computer, you will
need to disable it. To do this:SoftwareIf you have PPPoE client software installed on your computer, you will
need to disable it. To do this:

- 1 From the Windows Start Menu, select Control Panel > Network and Internet Connections.
- **2** Double click on *Internet* Options.
- **3** Select the *Connections* Tab. A screen similar to Figure 13 should be displayed.
- **4** Select the *Never dial a connection* option.

Figure 13 Internet Properties Screen



You may want to remove the PPPoE client software from your computer to free resources, as it is not required for use with the Router.

Disabling Web
ProxyEnsure that you do not have a web proxy enabled on your computer.Go to the Control Panel and click on Internet Options. Select the
Connections tab and click LAN Settings at the bottom. Make sure that

the Use Proxy Server option is unchecked.

RUNNING THE SETUP WIZARD

Accessing the Setup Wizard	•	
	To use the Setup Wizard:	
2	Ensure that you have at least one computer connected to the Router. Refer to <u>Chapter 2</u> for details on how to do this.	
	Launch your Web browser on the computer.	
	Enter the following URL in the location or address field of your browser: http://192.168.1.1 (Figure 14). The Login screen displays.	
	Figure 14 Web Browser Location Field (Factory Default)	
	🗿 http://192.168.1.1/index.stm - Microsoft Internet Explorer	
	File Edit View Favorites Tools Help	
	🚱 Back 🝷 🐑 👻 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 🤺 Favorites	
	Address 🕘 http://192.168.1.1/index.stm	

4 To log in as an administrator, enter the password (the default password is *admin*) in the *System Password* field and click *Log in* (Figure 15).

3COM	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
	3CRWER101U Login Screen Password: •••••
	LOGIN CANCEL Please enter correct password for Administrator Access. Default password is: admin. Reset to factory default by pressing the reset button for 8 seconds after power-up. We suggest that you use Internet Explorer 5.5 or above at a minimum of 1024x768 resolution. Copyright © 2008 3Com Corporation. All rights reserved.

Figure 15 Router Login Screen

- **5** When you have logged in,
 - if you are logging in for the first time, the Country Selection screen will appear (Figure 16). Please select the country form the drop-down menu, and click Apply.

Figure 16 Country Selection Screen



The Status page will then launch automatically (refer to Figure 17).

Figure 17 Status Screen

O	Wireless 11g Cable/D	SL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM		HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Status	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Network Settings	otatas	
Firewall		see the connection status for the wireless router's WAN/LAN interfaces,
Maintainence	firmware and hardware version nu DHCP client PCs currently connect	mbers, any illegal attempts to access your network, as well as information on all ted to your network.
Advanced Settings	 Current Time: 2008-02-20 1 	6:21:33
	INTERNET	
	Link Status DISCON	NECTED
	Renew	
	Notwork (LAN)	
	Network (LAN) IP Address	192.168.1.1
	Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
	DHCP Server	Enabled
	Firewall	Enabled
	UPnP	Disabled
	Wireless	Enabled
	INFORMATION	
	Numbers of DHCP Clients	1
	Runtime Code Version	V1.02 (Feb 19 2008 11:05:43)
	Boot Code Version	0.01
	LAN MAC Address	00-12-BF-FD-91-E3
	Wireless MAC Address	00-12-BF-FD-91-E5

Then click on *Setup Wizard* and you will be guided step by step through a basic setup procedure.

The first item in the Setup Wizard is *Getting Started*. Click *NEXT* to proceed to the following screen and configure your *Wireless Settings*.

Setup Wizard -Wireless Settings

The *Wireless Settings* screen allows you to set up your wireless network settings. You must specify a common radio channel and SSID (Service Set ID) to be used by the Router and all of its wireless clients. Be sure you configure all of its clients to the same value. For security purposes, you should change the default SSID immediately.

3com	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
	HELP I HOME I LOGOUT
1. Getting start	This page allows you to enter the Wireless Network Name(SSID) and the Channel number. Please go to Network
2. Wireless settings	Settings, Wireless Section to Configure Wireless Security.
3. Connection settings	Wireless Network Name(SSID) 3Com
4. Internet settings	Broadcast Wireless Network OENABLE ODISABLE
	Wireless Mode 11 b/g Mixed mode 💌
	Wi-Fi Channel number 6
	Extend Range OENABLE ODISABLE
	BACK CANCEL NEXT

Figure 18 Wireless Settings Screen

- Wireless Network Name (SSID): The Service Set ID (SSID) is the name of your wireless network. The SSID must be the same on the Router and all of its wireless clients. (Default: 3Com)
- Broadcast Wireless Network Name: Enable or disable the broadcasting of the SSID. If you disable broadcast of the SSID, only devices that have the correct SSID can connect. (Default: Enable)
- Wireless Mode: This device supports the following modes -11g only, 11b only, and 11b/g mixed mode. (Default: 11b/g mixed mode)
- Wi-Fi Channel Number: The radio channel used by the Router and its clients to communicate with each other. This channel must be the same on the Router and all of its wireless clients. The Router will automatically assign itself a radio channel, or you may select one manually. (Default: 6)
- Extend Range: Increases the range of the Router. (Default: Disable)

Setup Wizard -Connection Settings

The *Connection Settings* screen allows you to set up the Router for the type of Internet connection you have. Before setting up your connection type, have your account information from your ISP ready.

Select your connection type to proceed.

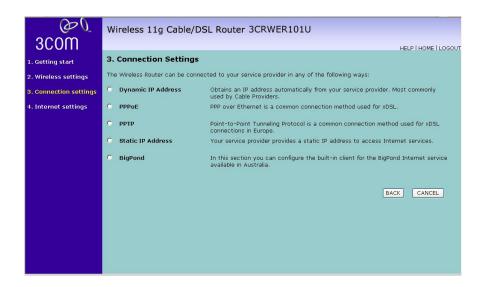


Figure 19 Connection Settings Screen

Select a DSL mode from the following:

- Dynamic IP Address, automatically allocating IP addresses for all connected clients, see page 33
- *PPPoE* PPP over Ethernet, providing routing for multiple PCs, see page 34
- PPTP Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol, providing virtual private networks, see page 36
- Static IP Address, manually assigning IP addresses for clients, see page 37
- BigPond, Australia's largest ISP, providing Internet access via ADSL/2+, Cable, Next G, and Dial-up. page 37

and click Next.



For further information on selecting a mode see <u>"WAN Settings"</u> on page 43.

Dynamic IP Address Mode (For Multiple PCs)

You can configure the Router to obtain an IP address automatically from a DHCP server.

00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3C0M	HELP I HOME I LOGOUT
1. Getting start	4. Internet settings
2. Wireless settings	Dynamic IP
3. Connection settings	The Host name is optional, but may be required by some Service Provider's. The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface on the Wireless Router.
4. Internet settings	If required by your Service Provider, you can use the "Clone MAC Address" button to copy the MAC address of the Network Interface Card installed in your PC to replace the WAN MAC address.
	If necessary, you can use the "Renew" button on the Status page to renew the WAN IP address.
	Host Name
	MAC Address 00 04 E2 0D 02 FD
	BACK CANCEL NEXT

Figure 20 Dynamic IP Address Screen

If the ISP requires you to input a Host Name, type it in the Host Name field. The MAC Address field will be filled automatically.

Check all of your settings.

Click *NEXT* to proceed or *BACK* to change your settings.

PPPoE Mode

To set up the Router for use with a PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) connection, use the following procedure:

Figure 21 P	PPoE Mode	Screen
-------------	-----------	--------

$O_{\mathcal{O}}$	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U					
3COM	HELP I HOME I LOGOVI					
1. Getting start	4. Internet settings					
2. Wireless settings	PPPoE					
3. Connection settings	The WAN port is connected to an xDSL modem. Many service providers provide PPP over Ethernet (PPPoE) service. The Barricade supports Keep session, Auto connect and Manual connect features for PPPoE service.					
4. Internet settings	To setup this connection type, enter the PPPoE user name and password assigned by your Service Provider. The Service Name is normally optional, but may be required by some service providers. Enter a maximum Idle Time (in minutes) to define a maximum period of time for which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. If the connection is inactive for longer than the Maximum Idle Time, then it will be dropped. Keep session: If you enable this, the idle time setting is ignored. The connection will always be alive.					
	Auto Connect: When the connection is broken by the idle time, any Internet/WAN trigger will cause the router to re- establish the connection.					
	Manual Connect: Dial on demand is disabled in this mode. When the connection is broken by the idle time, you must press the Connect button to reconnect.					
	Do not change the MTU settings unless advised to by your Service Provider.					
	NOTE: If your are on a leased line or pay-per min. connection - please set your max idle time to 3 minutes. This will cause your internet connection to drop after 3 minutes of idle time so you won't be charged for extra online time from your ISP.					
	Use PPPOE Authentication					
ون عدom	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U					
1. Getting start	Manual Connect: Dial on demand is disabled in this mode. When the connection is broken by the idle time, you must					
2. Wireless settings	press the Connect button to reconnect.					
3. Connection settings	Do not change the MTU settings unless advised to by your Service Provider.					
4. Internet settings	NOTE: If your are on a leased line or pay-per min. connection - please set your max idle time to 3 minutes. This will cause your internet connection to drop after 3 minutes of idle time so you won't be charged for extra online time from your ISP.					
	Use PPPoE Authentication					
	User Name :					
	Password :					
	Please retype your password :					
	Service Name : (none)					
	MTU: 1492 (576<=MTU Value<=1492)					
	Maximum Idle Time 20 (min) O Keep session @ Auto-connect O Manual-connect					
	BACK CANCEL NEXT					

- **1** Enter your user name in the *User name* field.
- 2 Enter your password in the *Password* field.
- **3** Re-type your password in the *Please retype your password* field.
- **4** If your ISP has provided you with a Service Name enter it in the *Service Name* field, otherwise, leave it blank.
- **5** Leave the Maximum Transmission Unit (*MTU*) at the default value (1492) unless you have a particular reason to change it.

- 6 Enter the *Maximum Idle Time* for the Internet connection. After this time has been exceeded the connection will be terminated. Check *Keep session* to keep the session alive. Check the *Auto-connect* check box to automatically re-establish the connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. Check the *Manual-connect* check box to manually re-establish the connection.
- 7 Check all of your settings.
- 8 Click *NEXT* to proceed or *BACK* to change your settings.

PPTP Mode

To set up the Router for use with a PPTP connection, use the following procedure:

Figure 22 PPTP Mode Screen

O O	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP I HOME I LOGOUT
1. Getting start	4. Internet settings
2. Wireless settings	рртр
3. Connection settings	Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used for xDSL connections in Europe.
4. Internet settings	IP Address : 0 , 0 , 0 . 0
	Subnet Mask : 0 , 0 , 0 , 0
	Default Gateway : 0 , 0 , 0 , 0
	User ID:
	Password:
	PPTP Gateway: 0,0,0,0
	Idle Time Out: 10 (min)
	⊘ Manual-connect
	* If you have an ISP that charges by the time, change your idle time out value to 1 minute.
	BACK CANCEL NEXT

- **1** Enter the IP Address information required by your ISP in the appropriate fields.
- 2 Enter the User ID and Password required by your ISP.
- 3 Enter the IP Address of the PPTP gateway as provided by your ISP
- **4** Enter the *Idle Time Out* for the Internet connection. This is the period of time for which the connection to the Internet is maintained during inactivity. The default setting is 10 minutes. If your ISP charges you by the minute, you should change the Idle Time Out to one minute. After the

Idle Time Out has expired, set the action you wish the Router to take. You can tell the device to connect manually or automatically as soon as you try to access the Internet again, or to keep the session alive.

- 5 Check all of your settings.
- 6 Click NEXT to proceed or BACK to change your settings.

Static IP Address Mode (For Multiple PCs)

If your Service Provider has assigned a fixed IP address, enter the assigned IP address information on the screen.

00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP I HOME I LOGOUT
1. Getting start	4. Internet settings
2. Wireless settings	Static IP
3. Connection settings	If your Service Provider has assigned a fixed IP address; enter the assigned IP address, subnet mask and the gateway address provided.
4. Internet settings	Has your Service Provider given you an IP address and Gateway address?
	1P Address : 0 . 0 . 0 . 0
	Subnet Mask 0 . 0 . 0 . 0
	Gateway IP Address
	BACK CANCEL NEXT

Figure 23 Static IP Address Screen

To assign a fixed IP address:

- 1 Enter your Internet IP address in the IP address field.
- 2 Enter the subnet mask in the Subnet Mask field.
- **3** Enter the default gateway IP address in the Gateway IP Address field.
- **4** Check all of your settings.
- **5** Click *NEXT* to proceed or *BACK* to change your settings.

BigPond (Australia)

BigPond is a service provider in Australia that uses a heartbeat system to maintain the Internet connection.

To set up the Router for use with BigPond connection, use the following procedure:

00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP I HOME I LOGOUT
1. Getting start	4. Internet settings
2. Wireless settings	BigPond
3. Connection settings	In this section you can configure the built-in client for the BigPond Internet service available Australia.
4. Internet settings	User Name :
	Password :
	Please retype your password :
	Authentication Service Name : login-server
	BACK CANCEL NEXT

Figure 24 BigPond Mode Screen

- 1 Enter your user name in the User name field.
- 2 Enter your password in the *Password* field.
- **3** Re-type your password in the *Please retype your password* field.
- **4** Enter the Service Name provided by your ISP in the *Authentication Service Name* field.
- **5** Check all of your settings.
- 6 Click NEXT to proceed or BACK to change your settings.

Your Router is now configured and ready for use.

See <u>Chapter 5</u> for a detailed description of the Router configuration.

CONFIGURING THE ROUTER

Navigating Through the Router Configuration screens	This chapter describes all the screens available through the Router configuration screens, and is provided as a reference. To get to the configuration screens, enter the Router's default IP in the location bar of your browser. The default IP is http://192.168.1.1.		
	However, if you changed the Router LAN IP address during initial configuration, use the new IP address instead. Enter your password to login to the management interface. (The default password is <i>admin</i>).		
Main Menu	Clicking the <i>Home</i> button at any time, returns you to this home page. The <i>Home</i> screen shows the current software information. The main menu is located on the left side, as shown in Figure 25. When you click on an item from the main menu, the corresponding screen will then appear in the center.		

Network Settings

Status The Status screen displays WAN/LAN connection status, firmware and hardware version numbers, as well as information on DHCP clients connected to your network. You can also view the security Log. The security file, logfile.log, may be saved by clicking *Save* and choosing a location.



Figure 25 Status Screen

- Current Time: Displays the current time.
- INTERNET: Displays WAN connection type and status.
 - Release: Click on this button to disconnect from the WAN.
 - *Renew*: Click on this button to establish a connection to the WAN.
- Network (LAN): Displays system IP settings, as well as DHCP Server, Firewall, UPnP and Wireless status.

- INFORMATION: Displays the number of attached clients, the firmware versions, the physical MAC address for each media interface and for the Wireless 11g Router, as well as the hardware version and serial number.
- DHCP Client Log: Displays information on DHCP clients on your network.
- Security Log: Displays illegal attempts to access your network.
 - Save: Click on this button to save the security log file.
 - *Clear*: Click on this button to delete the access log.
 - *Refresh*: Click on this button to refresh the screen.
- **LAN Settings** Your Router is equipped with a DHCP server that will automatically assign IP addresses to each computer on your network. The factory default settings for the DHCP server will work with most applications. If you need to make changes to the settings, you can do so.

The LAN settings screen allows you to:

- Change the default IP address of the Router. The default IP is 192.168.1.1
- Change the Subnet Mask. The default setting is 255.255.255.0
- Enable/Disable the DHCP Server Function. The default is Enabled.
- Specify the Starting and Ending IP Pool address. The default is Starting: 2 / Ending: 254.
- Specify the IP address Lease Time. The default is One Day.
- Specify a local Domain Name.

The Router will also provide a list of all client computers connected to the Router.

LAN Settings

The LAN Settings screen is used to specify the LAN IP address of your Router, and to configure the DHCP server.

Figure 26 LAN Settings Screen

$O_{\mathcal{O}}$	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U					
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT					
Setup Wizard	LAN Settings					
Network Settings Status	You can enable DHCP to dynamically allocate IP addresses to your client PCs, or configure filtering functions based on specific clients or protocols. The wireless router must have an IP address for the local network.					
 LAN Settings WAN Settings 	Wireless Router IP Address					
Wireless Firewall	IP Address 192 . 168 . 1 1					
Maintainence	IP Subnet Mask 255, 255 . 0					
Advanced Settings						
	DHCP Server					
	DHCP Server					
	DHCP Server ID					
	DHCP IP Address Pool					
	Start IP 192 , 168 , 1 , 100					
	End IP 192 , 168 , 1 , 199					
	Domain Name					
	Lease Time One Day 🔍					

- **1** Enter the Router's *IP Address* and *Subnet Mask* in the appropriate fields. The default IP address is 192.168.1.1.
- 2 If you want to use the Router as a DHCP Server, select *Enabled* in the *DHCP Server* field.
- **3** Enter the IP address range of *Start IP* and *End IP* in the *IP Address Pool* fields.
- **4** Specify the Local Domain Name for your network (this step is optional).
- **5** Specify the DHCP Lease time by selecting the required value from the *Lease Time* drop-down menu. The lease time is the length of time the DHCP server will reserve the IP address for each computer.
- 6 Check all of your settings, and then click SAVE SETTINGS.

WAN Settings Specify the WAN connection type required by your Internet Service Provider.

You should see the first entry already contains information that's been configured using the Setup Wizard in the initial setup. If you want to change that information or set up other connection, select your connetion type and click *Next* to set the detailed settings.

There are five options available for the DSL connection mode:

- Dynamic IP Mode (for multiple PCs) (see page 43)
- *PPPoE* PPP over Ethernet, providing routing for multiple PCs (see page 44)
- *PPTP* PPP, providing routing for multiple PCs (see <u>page 45</u>)
- Static IP Mode (for multiple PCs) (see page 46)
- BigPond providing Internet access for Australian users (see page 47)

Dynamic IP (For Multiple PCs)

To configure the Dynamic IP Address function correctly, you should obtain the information on this screen from your ISP.

Figure 27 Dynamic IP Mode Screen

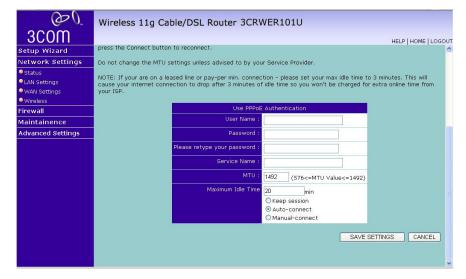
00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard Network Settings Status LAN Settings WarAl Settings Wireless Firewall	Dynamic IP The Host name is optional, but may be required by some Service Provider's. The default MAC address is set to the WAN's physical interface on the Wireless Router. If required by your Service Provider, you can use the "Clone MAC Address" button to copy the MAC address of the Network Interface Card installed in your PC to replace the WAN MAC address. If necessary, you can use the "Renew" button on the Status page to renew the WAN IP address.
Maintainence Advanced Settings	Host Name : MAC Address : 000 - 12 - BF - FD - 91 - E4 Clone MAC Address
	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL

- 1 The Host name is optional, but may be required by some Service Provider's. Enter the host name in the *Host Name* field.
- 2 If required by your Service Provider, you can use the Clone MAC Address button to copy the MAC address of the Network Interface Card (NIC) installed in your PC to replace the WAN MAC address.
- **3** If necessary, you can use the Renew button on the Status page to renew the WAN IP address.
- 4 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

PPPoE

PPP over Ethernet, provides routing for multiple PCs. To configure this function correctly, you should obtain the information from your ISP.

Figure 28 PPPoE Settings Screen



- 1 Enter the user name assigned to you by your ISP in the *User name* field. And enter the password assigned to you by your ISP in the *Password* field. Re-enter your password in the *Please retype your password* field.
- 2 If your ISP has provided you with a Service Name enter it in the *Service Name* field, otherwise, leave it blank.
- **3** Enter the *Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)* value supplied by your ISP. If you do not know this, leave it at the default value.

- **4** Enter a *Maximum Idle Time* (in minutes) to define a maximum period of time for which the Internet connection is maintained during inactivity. If the connection is inactive for longer than the Maximum Idle Time, then it will be dropped.
- **5** Check Keep session to keep the session alive. Check the Auto-connect checkbox to automatically re-establish the connection as soon as you attempt to access the Internet again. Check the Manual-connect checkbox to manually re-establish the connection
- 6 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

PPTP

PPTP is a popular choice among European DSL providers. To configure this function correctly, you should obtain the information from your ISP.

Figure 29 PPTP Settings Screen

3COM	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U	IOME LOGOU
Setup Wizard	РРТР	
Network Settings		
Status	Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a common connection method used for xDSL connections in Europe.	
●LAN Settings ●WAN Settings	IP Address : 0 0 0 0	
• WAN Settings • Wireless	Subnet Mask : 0 0 0 0	
Firewall		
Maintainence	Default Gateway : 0 , 0 , 0 , 0	
Advanced Settings	User ID:	
	Password:	
	PPTP Gateway: 0 0 0 0	
	Idle Time Out: Manual-connect Output-connect Keep session	
	* If you have an ISP that charges by the time, change your idle time out value to 1 minute.	CANCEL

- **1** Enter the IP Address information required by your ISP in the appropriate fields.
- 2 Enter the User ID assigned to you by your ISP in the *User ID* field. And enter the password assigned to you by your ISP in the *Password* field.
- 3 Enter the IP Address of the PPTP gateway as provided by your ISP
- **4** Enter the Idle Time Out for the Internet connection. This is the period of time for which the connection to the Internet is maintained during inactivity. The default setting is 10 minutes. If your ISP charges you by the

minute, you should change the Idle Time Out to one minute. After the Idle Time Out has expired, set the action you wish the Router to take. You can tell the device to connect manually or automatically as soon as you try to access the Internet again, or to keep the session alive.

5 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Static IP (For Multiple PCs)

To configure the Static IP Address mode correctly, you should obtain the information on this screen from your ISP.

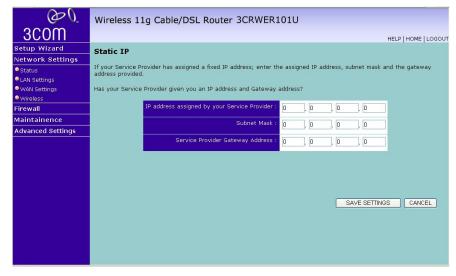


Figure 30 Static IP Address Mode Screen

- 1 If your Service Provider has assigned a fixed IP address, enter the assigned IP address, subnet mask and the gateway address into the provided fields.
- 2 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

BigPond

BigPond is a service provider in Australia that uses a heartbeat system to maintain the Internet connection.



Q-0.	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	BigPond
Network Settings	
Status	In this section you can configure the built-in client for the BigPond Internet service available Australia.
LAN Settings	User Name :
WAN Settings	
Wireless	Password :
Firewall	
Maintainence	Please retype your password :
Advanced Settings	
	Authentication Service Name : login-server
	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL

- 1 Configure the built-in client with your user name, password and service name to get online.
- 2 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Wireless The Wireless Settings screens allow you to turn on/ turn off the wireless function, and set up basic wireless settings.

You can enable or disable the wireless connection for your LAN. When disabled, no wireless PCs can gain access to either the Internet or other PCs on your wired or wireless LAN through this Router.

00 Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U 3C0M HELP | HOME | LOGOUT Setup Wizard Wireless Settings Network Settings The wireless router can be quickly configured for roaming clients by setting the service set identifier Wireless Network Name(SSID) and channel number. It also supports data encryption and client filtering. Status LAN Settings WAN Settings Wireless SAVE SETTINGS Access Control Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings

Figure 32 Wireless Settings Screen

To use the wireless feature, check the *Enable* checkbox and click *SAVE SETTINGS*. After clicking SAVE SETTINGS, you will be asked to log in again.

There are five items available:

- Channel and SSID
- Wireless Security
- Access Control
- 802.1X
- WDS

Channel and SSID

Enter your wireless network settings on this screen. You must specify a common radio channel and SSID (Service Set ID) to be used by the Router and all of its wireless clients. Be sure you configure all of its clients to the same value. For security purposes, you should change the default SSID immediately.

	-						
O	Wireless 11g Cab	le/DSL Router 3CRWER	101U				
3C0M							
					HELP HOME LOGOUT		
Setup Wizard	Channel and Wirel	ess Network Name(SSID)					
Network Settings	This page allows you to enter the Wireless Network Name(SSID) and the Channel number. These parameters are used for a wireless computer to connect to this wireless router.						
Status							
LAN Settings	tor a wreless computer to	connect to this wheless fouter.					
WAN Settings		Wireless Network Name (SSID)	3Com				
Wireless			lacom				
Channel and SSID		Broadcast Wireless Network Name		DISABLE			
• Wireless Security		Wireless Mode	11 b/g Mixed mo	ode 💌			
Access Control		Wi-Fi Channel number	6 💌				
▶ 802.1X		Extend Range	⊖ENABLE ⊙D	DISABLE			
WDS			O ENABLE OD	TOADEE			
Firewall				SAVE	E SETTINGS CANCEL		
Maintainence							
Advanced Settings							
N							
<							

Figure 33 Channel and SSID Screen

To set up the wireless channel and SSID:

- 1 Specify the SSID to be used by your wireless network in the *SSID* field. If there are other wireless networks in your area, you should give your wireless network a unique name.
- 2 Enable or disable Broadcast Wireless Network Name.

A feature of many wireless network adapters is that a computer's SSID can be set to ANY, which means it looks randomly for any existing wireless network. The available networks are then displayed in a site survey, and your computer can select a network. By clicking *Disable*, you can block this random search, and set the computer's SSID to a specific network (for example, WLAN). This increases network security. If you decide to enable *Broadcast Wireless Network Name*, ensure that you know the name of your network first.

3 Select whether your Router will operate in 11b mode only, 11g mode only, or mixed 11b and 11g from the *Wireless Mode* drop-down menu.

- **4** Select the wireless channel you want to use from the *Wi-Fi Channel number* drop-down menu.
- 5 Enabling Extend Range extends the wireless radio range of the Router.
- 6 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Wireless Security

This feature prevents any non-authorized party from reading or changing your data over the wireless network.



Figure 34 Wireless Security Screen

Select the wireless security mode that you want to use from the drop-down menu, and click *SAVE SETTINGS*. There are three selections:

- No WEP, No WPA/WPA2 (see page 51)
- WEP Only (see page 51)
- WPA/WPA2 (see page 52)

No WEP, No WPA/WPA2 In this mode, wireless transmissions will not be encrypted, and will be visible to everyone. However, when setting up or debugging wireless networks, it is often useful to use this security mode.

WEP Only WEP is the basic mechanism to transmit your data securely over the wireless network. Matching encryption keys must be setup on your Router and wireless client devices to use WEP.

Figure 35 WEP Only Screen

00		Wireless 11	g Cable/DSL Rou	uter 3Cl	RWER101U			
3COM							HELP HOME LOG	ουτ
Setup Wizard	^	Wireless Security						
Network Settings		Security Mode:	WEP Only	1				
 Status LAN Settings WAN Settings 			echanism to transmit yo vireless router and wirele			less network. Matching	encryption keys must	
Wireless			WEP Mode	€ 64-bit €	🔿 128-bit			
 Channel and SSID Wireless Security 			Key Entry Method	• Hex	○ ASCII			
Access Control			Key Provisioning	💿 Static	Opynamic			=
 802.1X WDS 			Static WEP Key S	etting				
Firewall		10/26 hex digits for 64-WEP/128-WEP						
Maintainence			Default Key ID	1 🛰				
Advanced Settings			Passphrase			(1~32 characters)		
			Key 1	•••••	•			
			Кеу 2					
			Кеу З					
	>		Key 4		į.			
< >				Clear				~

To enable 64-bit WEP:

- **1** You can enter the 64-bit WEP key manually:
 - enter the WEP key as 5 pairs of hex digits (0-9, A-F).

Or you can generate the 64-bit WEP key automatically:

• enter a memorable passphrase in the *Passphrase* box to generate a hex key automatically from the passphrase.

For 64-bit WEP, you can enter up to four keys, in the fields *Key 1* to *Key 4*. The radio button on the left hand side selects the key that is used in transmitting data.



Note that all four WEP keys on each device in the wireless network must be identical.

2 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

To enable 128-bit WEP:

- **1** You can enter the 128-bit WEP key manually:
 - enter your WEP key as 13 pairs of hex digits (0-9, A-F).

Or you can generate the 128-bit WEP key automatically:

• enter a memorable passphrase in the *Passphrase* box to generate a hex key automatically from the passphrase.



The WEP keys on each device on the wireless network must be identical.

In 128-bit WEP mode, only one WEP key can be specified.

2 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

WPA/WPA2 Only WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) provides dynamic key changes and constitutes the best security solution. If your network does not have a RADIUS server. Select the no server option.

Figure 36	WPA/WPA2	Only Screen
-----------	----------	-------------

Q ()		Wireless 11	Ig Cable/DSL Rout	er 3CRWER101U
3COM				HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	^	Wireless Sec	curity	^
Network Settings				
Status		Security Mode:	WPA/WPA2 Only	
LAN Settings		WPA/WPA2 is a si	ecurity enhancement that s	trongly increases the level of data protection and access control for
WAN Settings		existing wireless L		n and encryption methods must be setup on your wireless router and
• Wireless		wireless client de	VICES LO USE WPA/WPAZ.	
 Channel and SSID Wireless Security 			Cipher suite	TKIP+AES (WPA/WPA2) V
Access Control			Authentication	○ 802.1X
▶ 802.1X			Pre-shared key type	Passphrase (8~63 characters)
▶ WDS				O Hex (64 digits)
Firewall			Pre-shared Key	
Maintainence			Group Key Re_Keying	● Per 1800 Seconds
Advanced Settings				Oper 1000 K Packets
				O Disable
				SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL
<	~			×

- 1 Select WPA/WPA2 Only from the Security Mode drop-down menu.
- 2 Select Encryption technique from the drop-down menu, two options are available: *TKIP+AES (WPA/WPA2)* or *AES WPA2 Only*.
- **3** Select 802.1X or Pre-shared Key for the authentication method.
 - 802.1X: for the enterprise network with a RADIUS server.
 - Pre-shared key: for the SOHO network environment without an authentication server.
- **4** Select the key type to be used in the Pre-shared Key.
- **5** Type the key in the *Pre-shared Key* field.
- **6** Set the period of renewing the broadcast/multicast key in the *Group Key Re_Keying* field.
- 7 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Access Control

This feature is used to filter the clients based on their MAC addresses.

Check the *Enable MAC Address Filtering* checkbox on the Access Control screen.

Figure 37 Access Control Screen

O	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U	
3COM		HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard Network Settings Status LAN Settings WaN Settings Wireless Channel and SSID	Access Control For a more secure Wireless network you can specify that only certain Wireless PGs can connect to the Wireless Router. Up to 32 MAC addresses can be added to the MAC. Filtering Table. When enabled, all registered MAC addresses are controlled by the Access Rule.	
Channel and SSID Wireless Security Access Control 802.1X WDS	Enable MAC Filtering: OEnable Obisable SAVE SETTINGS Access Rule for registered MAC address: OAllow Openy MAC Filtering Table (up to 32 stations):	
Firewall	ID MAC Address	
Maintainence Advanced Settings	1 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 2 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 3 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 4 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 5 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 6 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100 ; 100	

There are two options available in the Access rule for registered MAC address field:

- if you click *Allow*, this means only the MAC addresses registered here in the list will be allowed to access the Router via wireless link.
- if you click Deny, this means the registered MAC addresses will not be able to access the Router via wireless link.

Use the *MAC Address Filtering List* to quickly copy the MAC addresses of the current wireless clients into the list table. You can define up to 32 MAC addresses to the list.

You can click *Clear* to delete the current entry in the list.

802.1X

If 802.1X is used in your network, then you should enable this function for the Router. 802.1X is a method of authenticating a client wireless connection. Enter the parameters below to connect the Router to the Authentication Server.

Figure 38 802.1X Screen

3COM		Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
Setup Wizard	^	802.1X
Network Settings		
 Status LAN Settings 		This page allows you to set the 802.1X, a method for performing authentication to wireless connection. These parameters are used for this wireless router to connect to the Authentication Server.
WAN Settings Wireless		802.1X Authentication O Enable O Disable
Channel and SSID		Session Idle Timeout 300 Seconds (0 for no timeout checking)
Wireless Security		Re-Authentication Period 3600 Seconds (0 for no re-authentication)
 Access Control 802.1X 		Quiet Period 60 Seconds after authentication failed
> WDS		Server Type RADIUS V
Firewall		
Maintainence		RADIUS Server Parameters
Advanced Settings		Server IP 192 , 168 , 2 , 1
		Server Port 1812
		Secret Key
		NAS-ID
(>	······································

- 802.1X Authentication
 Enable or disable the authentication function.
- Session Idle Timeout
 This is the time (in seconds) that a session will sit inactive before
 terminating. Set to 0 if you do not want the session to timeout.
 (Default: 300 seconds)
- Re-Authentication Period The interval time (in seconds) after which the client will be asked to re-authenticate. For example, if you set this to 30 seconds, the client will have to re-authenticate every 30 seconds. Set to 0 for no re-authentication. (Default: 3600 seconds)
- Quiet Period

This is the interval time (in seconds) for which the Router will wait between failed authentications. (Default: 60 seconds)

Server Type
 Sets the authentication server type.

- RADIUS Server Parameters
 - Server IP
 Set the IP address of your RADIUS server.
 - Server Port
 Set the connection port that is configured on the radius server.
 - Secret Key The 802.1x secret key used to configure the Wireless 11g Router.
 - NAS-ID Defines the request identifier of the Network Access Server.

The use of IEEE 802.1X offers an effective framework for authenticating and controlling user traffic to a protected network, as well as dynamically varying encryption keys. 802.1X ties EAP (Extensible Authentication Protocol) to both the wired and wireless LAN media and supports multiple authentication methods, such as token cards, Kerberos, one-time passwords, certificates, and public key authentication.

Click SAVE SETTINGS.

WDS

The Router supports WDS (Wireless Distribution System). WDS enables one or more Access Points to rebroadcast received signals to extend range and reach, though this can affect the overall throughput of data.

Figure 39 WDS Settings Screen

a V.	Wireless 11g Cable/D	SL Router	3CRWER101U			
3COM					HELP HOME LO	ogo
etup Wizard 🛛 🖆						
letwork Settings	WDS					
Status	The Minders Distribution Coston	(1000)			and Aven Markwords	
LAN Settings	The Wireless Distribution System (WLAN). WDS allows a wireless r	outer to establis				5
WAN Settings	roam freely within the area cove	red by the WDS.				
Wireless	Enable or disable WDS feature	s: O Enable	Disable			
Channel and SSID		ST CENEDIC	O Disable			
Wireless Security	Site Survey				Scan	
Access Control				10.5 M		
> 802.1X	SSID	Channel	MAC Address	Security	Enable WDS	
> WDS	TVC2	6	00-13-17-16-15-68			
rewall	zz_7005d_1	6	00-17-3f-c2-99-00			
aintainence	Bel_SOWA_2	6	00-06-4e-00-00-01			
lvanced Settings	NetFasteR IAD (ISDN)	6	00-19-3e-e8-bb-ed	WPA		
dvanced Settings	NetFasteR IAD (ISDN) NetFasteR IAD (PSTN)	6 6	00-19-3e-e8-bb-ed 00-05-59-04-1c-43	WPA WPA		
dvanced Settings				Denotional Annual An		
lvanced Settings	NetFasteR IAD (PSTN)	6	00-05-59-04-1c-43	WPA		
Jvanced Settings	NetFasteR IAD (PSTN) sct	6	00-05-59-04-1c-43 00-50-7f-35-84-24	WPA		

- 1 Check the Enable WDS Features checkbox.
- 2 To refresh the list of available access points, click Scan.
- **3** Check the *Enable WDS* checkbox of the appropriate access points. (Default: Disable)



WDS implementation varies from vendor to vendor. Hence there's no assured WDS interoperability with between all devices in the market.

Firewall

From these screens, you can configure settings for the firewall.

Your Router is equipped with a firewall that will protect your network from a wide array of common hacker attacks including Ping of Death (PoD) and Denial of Service (DoS) attacks. You can turn the firewall function off if needed. Turning off the firewall protection will not leave your network completely vulnerable to hacker attacks, but 3Com recommends that you leave the firewall enabled whenever possible.



Figure 40 Firewall Screen

The firewall does not significantly affect system performance, so we advise leaving it enabled to protect your network.

Enable the firewall feature, and click SAVE SETTINGS to proceed.

Schedule Rule The Router can be configured to restrict access to the Internet, email or other network services at specific days and times. Each access control rule may be activated at a scheduled time. First, define the schedule time on the Schedule Rule page, then apply the rule on the *Access Control* screen (see page 60).

Figure 41 Schedule Rule Screen

00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3C0M	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Schedule Rule
Network Settings	
Firewall	This page defines schedule rule names and activates the schedule for use in the "Access Control" page.
Schedule Rule	Schedule Rule Table (up to 10 rules):
Access Control	
MAC Filter	Rule Name Rule Comment Configure
URL Filtering	Normal office hours Edit Delete
Intrusion Detection	
[●] DMZ	Add Schedule Rule
Maintainence	
Advanced Settings	
	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL

1 Click *Add Schedule Rule* to add a schedule rule (a screen similar to Figure 42 will appear).

Figure 42 Add Schedule Rule Screen

3COM				HELP HOME LOGO
Setup Wizard	Edit Schedule Rule			
Vetwork Settings				
Firewall	Name : Normal			
Schedule Rule	Comment: office hours	—		
Access Control MAC Filter				
URL Filtering	 Activate Time Period: 			
Intrusion Detection	Week Day	Start Time (hh:mm)	End Time (hh:mm)	
DMZ	Every Day			•
Maintainence				-
Advanced Settings	Sunday			_
	Monday	7 :00	22 : 00	
	Tuesday	7 :00	22 : 00	
	Wednesday	7 :00	22 : 00	
	Thursday	7 :00	22 : 00	
	Friday	7 :00	22 : 00	
	Saturday			

2 Enter a name and comment for the schedule rule in the *Name* and *Comment* fields.

- **3** Specify the schedule rules for the required days and times note that all times should be in 24 hour format.
- 4 Click OK and SAVE SETTINGS.
- Access Control The Router can be configured to restrict access to the Internet, email or other network services at specific days and times. Restriction can be set for a single computer, a range of computers, or multiple computers.

You can define the traffic type permitted or not-permitted to the Internet.

Q-Q	Wireless 11g	Cable/DSL Ro	outer 3CRWER101U			
3COM					HELP HOM	E LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Access Control					
Network Settings Firewall Schedule Rule Access Control MAC Filter URL Filtering	includes IP address fil • Enable Filtering	tering and MAC add	ble Oisable	ted to WAN port se	rvice. This page	
 Intrusion Detection DMZ 	Rule Description	Client PC IP Address	Client Service	Schedule Rule	Configure	1
Maintainence Advanced Settings	User 101-200	192.168.1.101 ~ 200	WWW with URL Blocking, News Forums, FTP, Telnet	Normal	Edit Delete	
	Add PC			SAVE SE	TTINGS CAI	VCEL

Figure 43 Access Control Screen

To edit or delete specific existing filtering rules, click on *Edit* or *Delete* for the appropriate filtering rule.

To configure a new filtering rule:

- 1 Check the Enable Filtering Function checkbox.
- 2 Click Add PC (a screen similar to Figure 44 will appear).

3COM			HELP HOME LOG
tupWizard 🛛	Access Control Add PC		
etwork Settings T	his page allows users to define ser	vice limitations of client PCs, including IP address, service type an	nd scheduling rule
rewall 🧧	riteria. For the URL Filtering functio	on, you need to configure the URL address first on the "URL Filterin to configure the schedule rule first on the "Schedule Rule" page.	ng" page. For the
Schedule Rule	chedding function, you also need t	to configure the schedule fulle hist of the Schedule kulle page.	
Access Control	Client PC Description: User 1	101-200	
MAC Filter JRL Filtering			
Intrusion Detection	Client PC IP Address: 192.16	58.1. 101 ~ 200	
omz	Client PC Service:		
aintainence	Service Name	Detail Description	Blocking
lvanced Settings	www	HTTP, TCP Port 80, 3128, 8000, 8001, 8080	
	WWW with URL Filtering	HTTP (Ref. URL Filtering Page)	
	E-mail Sending	SMTP, TCP Port 25	
	News Forums	NNTP, TCP Port 119	
	E-mail Receiving	POP3, TCP Port 110	
	Secure HTTP	HTTPS, TCP Port 443	
	File Transfer	FTP, TCP Port 21	
	Telnet Service	TCP Port 23	
	AIM	AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190	
	NetMeeting	TCP Port 1720, 1503	
second	DNS	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U	
۵ 300m	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS	UDP Port 53	
second	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS	UDP Port 53	HELP HOME LOG
3COM	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U	
3COM	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21	HELP HOME LOG
Stup Wizard etwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service	UDP Port 53	HELP HOME LOG
Stup Wizard etwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM	UDP Port 53	
SCOM tup Wizard twork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control MAC Filter	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503	HELP HOME LOG
3COM stup Wizard stup Wizard stup Wizard studie Sulla studie Rule studie Rule	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS	UDP Port 53	HELP HOME LOG
SCOM tup Wizard twork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control MAC Filter	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PPTP	UDP Port 53	HELP HOME LOG
3COM tup Wizard twork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control MAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PpTP VPN-L2TP	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 53 TCP Port 1723 UDP Port 1701	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG
SCOM tup Wizard twork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control MAC Filter JRL Filtering ntruino Detection DMZ	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PPTP VPN-L2TP TCP	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 53 TCP Port 1723 UDP Port 1701 All TCP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Electrony	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 53 TCP Port 1723 UDP Port 1701	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME LOG
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PpTP VPN-L2TP TCP UDP User Define Service	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 53 TCP Port 1723 UDP Port 1701 All TCP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PPTP VPN-L2TP TCP UPP USer Define Service Protocol: O_TCP O_UDP	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 53 TCP Port 1723 UDP Port 1701 All TCP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PPTP VPN-L2TP TCP UPP USer Define Service Protocol: O_TCP O_UDP	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, AII TCP Port AII UDP Port AII UDP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PpTP VPN-L2TP TCP UDP USer Define Service Protocol: TCP UDP Ort Range: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, AII TCP Port AII UDP Port AII UDP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME
SCOM stup Wizard stwork Settings rewall Schedule Rule Access Control AAC Filter JRL Filtering intrusion Detection MZ aintainence	DNS Wireless 11g Cable/DS Secure HTTP File Transfer Telnet Service AIM NetMeeting DNS VPN-PpTP VPN-L2TP TCP UDP USer Define Service Protocol: OTCP OUDP Port Range: 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	UDP Port 53 SL Router 3CRWER101U HTTPS, TCP Port 443 FTP, TCP Port 21 TCP Port 23 AOL Instant Messenger, TCP Port 5190 TCP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, 1503 UDP Port 1720, AII TCP Port AII UDP Port AII UDP Port	HELP HOME LOG CONTRACTOR HELP HOME LOG HELP HOME LOG HOME

Figure 44 Access Control Add PC Screen

- **3** Enter a description in the *Client PC Description* field, and the IP address or IP address range into the *Client PC IP Address* fields.
- **4** Select the services to be blocked. A list of popular services is given on this screen, to block a particular service, check the appropriate *Blocking* checkbox.

If the service to be restricted is not listed here, you can enter a custom range of ports at the bottom of the screen, under *User Defined Service*.

5 If you want the restriction to apply only at certain times, select the schedule rule to apply from the *Schedule Rule* drop-down menu.

Note that schedule rules are defined on the Schedule Rules screen (see <u>page 58</u>).

- 6 Click OK to add the settings.
- **MAC Filter** Use the MAC Filtering to block access to your network using MAC addresses.

Q ()	Wireless 1	1g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101	U
3COM			HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	MAC Filter		^
Network Settings			
Firewall		ps provides MAC Filter configuration. When enabled, on have access to your network. All other client devices	
Schedule Rule		can support up to 32 devices and applies to clients.	and got domod docossi fins
Access Control	the state	ess Control: O Enable O Disable	SAVE SETTINGS
MAC Filter	MAC Addr	ess Control: O Enable O Disable	CANCEL
URL Filtering Intrusion Detection	MAC Filter	ring Table (up to 32 computers):	CANCEL
Intrusion Detection			-
Maintainence	ID	MAC Address	
Advanced Settings	1	00 : 04 : E2 : 0D : 02 : FD	
Advanced becangs	2		_
	3		
	4		
	5		
	6		
	7		
	8		
	9		

Figure 45 MAC Filter Screen

The Router can also limit the access of hosts within the local area network (LAN). The MAC Filtering Table allows the Router to enter up to 32 MAC addresses that are allowed access to the WAN port. All other devices will be denied access. By default, this feature is disabled.

URL Filtering To configure the URL filtering feature, use the table on the URL Filtering screen to specify the Web sites (www.somesite.com) and/or keywords you want to filter on your network. This feature can be used to protect children from accessing violent or pornographic web sites.

For example, entering a keyword of **xxx** would block access to any URL that contains the string **xxx**.

Figure 46	URL	Filtering	Screen
-----------	-----	-----------	--------

00	Wireless 11g	Cable/I	OSL Router 3CR	WER101U		
3COM						HELP HOME LOGO
Setup Wizard	URL Filtering					
Network Settings						
irewall	Disallowed Web Site	s and Keywo	ords.			
Schedule Rule	You can block acces	s to certain	Web sites from a nartic	ular PC by entering (either a full URL address	or just a keyword
Access Control	of the Web site.					
MAC Filter	To coocify the partie		hook to the Massace Co	ntrol ⁱⁿ name and obse	k the box for "Http with	UDL Ciltoringlin the
URL Filtering	"Normal Filtering Tab		back to the Access co	ntroi page and chec	is the box for Hittp with	ORE Piltening in the
Intrusion Detection						
DMZ		Rule Numbe	er URL / Keyword	Rule Number	URL / Keyword	
laintainence		Site 1	game	Site 16		
dvanced Settings		Site 2		Site 17		
		Site 3		Site 18		
		Site 4		Site 19		
		Site 5		Site 20		
		Site 6		Site 21		
		Site 7		Site 22		
		Site 8		Site 23		
		Site 9	,	Site 24		
		Site 10		Site 25		
		Site 11		Site 26		
		Site 11	-	Site 20		
		Site 12	1	Site 27		

Enter the URL address or keywords in the *URL/Keyword* field. You can define up to 30 sites or keywords here.

To complete this configuration, you will need to create or modify an access rule in "Access Control Add PC" on <u>page 60</u>. To modify an existing rule, click the Edit option next to the rule you want to modify. To create a new rule, click on the Add PC option.

From the Access Control, Add PC section, check the option for WWW with URL Filtering in the Client PC Service table to filter out the web sites and keywords selected below, on a specific PC.

Intrusion Detection The Router's firewall inspects packets at the application layer, maintains TCP and UDP session information including timeouts and number of active sessions, and provides the ability to detect and prevent certain types of network attacks such as Denial-of-Service (DoS) attacks.

Figure 47 Intrusion Detection Screen

Q ()	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U			
3COM			HELP HOME LOGOUT	
Setup Wizard	Intrusion Detection		^	
Network Settings				
Firewall	When the SPI (Stateful Packet Inspection) firewall feature is enabled, all packets can be blocked. Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) allows full support of different application types that are using dynamic port numbers. For the			
Schedule Rule	application (SPI) allows full support of different application types that are using dynamic port numbers. For the applications checked in the list below, the Device will support full operation as initiated from the local LAN.			
Access Control		1	11 AM 111	
MAC Filter	The Device firewall can block common hacker attacks, including IP Spoofing, Land Attack, Ping of Death, IP with zero length, Smurf Attack, UDP port loopback, Snork Attack, TCP null scan, and TCP SYN flooding.			
URL Filtering				
Intrusion Detection	Intrusion Detection Feature			
[●] DMZ				
Maintainence	SPI and Anti-DoS firewall protection			
Advanced Settings	RIP defect			
	Discard Ping To WAN Interface			
	Stateful Packet Inspection			
	Packet Fragmentation	V		
	TCP Connection	V		
	UDP Session			
	FTP Service	V		
	TFTP Service	•	~	

Q ()	Wireless 11g Cable/DS	L Router 3Cl	RWER101U			
3COM					HEL	.P HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	 When hackers attempt to ent 	er your network, th	e wireless router ca	an alert you by e	e-mail	^
Network Settings						
Firewall	Your E-mail Address					
Schedule Rule	SMTP Server Address					
Access Control	POP3 Server Address	-				
MAC Filter URL Filtering						
Intrusion Detection	User name					
● DMZ	Password	[
Maintainence						
Advanced Settings	 Connection Policy 					
	Fragmentation half-open wait		10	secs		
	TCP SYN wait		30	sec.		
	TCP FIN wait		10	sec.		
	TCP connection idle timeout		3600	sec.		
	UDP session idle timeout		30	sec.		
	DoS Detect Criteria					
	Dus betect chiena					
	Total incomplete TCP/UDP se	ssions HIGH		300	session	~

3C0M				HELP HOME LO
Setup Wizard	DoS Detect Criteria			
Network Settings	Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions HIGH	300	session	
Firewall	Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions LOW		_	
Schedule Rule Access Control		250	session	
MAC Filter	Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min) HIGH	250	session	
• URL Filtering	Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min) LOW	200	session	
Intrusion Detection • DMZ	Maximum incomplete TCP/UDP sessions number from same host	30	_	
Maintainence	Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions detect sensitive time period	900	msec.	
Advanced Settings	Maximum half-open fragmentation packet number from same host	30		
	Half-open fragmentation detect sensitive time period	10000	msec.	
	Flooding cracker block time	300	sec.	
			SAVE SETTING	S CANCEL

Network attacks that deny access to a network device are called DoS attacks. DoS attacks are aimed at devices and networks with a connection to the Internet. Their goal is not to steal information, but to disable a device or network so users no longer have access to network resources.

The Router protects against DoS attacks including: Ping of Death (Ping flood) attack, SYN flood attack, IP fragment attack (Teardrop Attack), Brute-force attack, Land Attack, IP Spoofing attack, IP with zero length, TCP null scan (Port Scan Attack), UDP port loopback, Snork Attack.



The firewall does not significantly affect system performance, so we advise enabling the prevention features to protect your network.

Parameter	Defaults	Description	
ntrusion Detection Feature			
SPI and Anti-DoS firewall protection	Yes	The Intrusion Detection feature of the Router limits the access of incoming traffic at the WAN port. When the Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) feature is turned on, all incoming packets are blocked except those types marked with a check in the SPI section at the top of the screen.	
RIP Defect	Disabled	If the router does not reply to an IPX RIP request packet, it will stay in the input queue and not be released. Accumulated packets could cause the input queue to fill, causing severe problems for all protocols. Enabling this feature prevents the packets accumulating.	
Discard Ping to WAN	Don't discard	Prevents a ping on the Router's WAN port from being routed to the network.	
Stateful Packet Inspection	Enabled	This option allows you to select different application types that are using dynamic port numbers. If you wish to use Stateful Packet Inspection (SPI) for blocking packets, click on the Yes radio button in the "Enable SPI and Anti-DoS firewall protection" field and then check the inspection type that you need, such as Packet Fragmentation, TCP Connection, UDP Session, FTP Service and TFTP Service.	
		It is called a "stateful" packet inspection because it examines the contents of the packet to determine the state of the communication; i.e., it ensures that the stated destination computer has previously requested the current communication. This is a way of ensuring that all communications are initiated by the recipient computer and are taking place only with sources that are known and trusted from previous interactions. In addition to being more rigorous in their inspection of packets, stateful inspection firewalls also close off ports until a connection to the specific port is requested. When particular types of traffic are checked, only	
		the particular types of traffic initiated from the internal LAN will be allowed. For example, if the user only checks FTP Service in the Stateful Packet Inspection section, all incoming traffic will be blocked except for FTP connections initiated from the local LAN.	

Table 3 Intrusion Detection Parameters

Parameter	Defaults	Description
When hackers attemp	ot to enter y	our network, we can alert you by email
Your E-mail Address		Enter your email address.
SMTP Server Address		Enter your SMTP server address (usually the part of the email address following the "@" sign).
POP3 Server Address		Enter your POP3 server address (usually the part of the email address following the "@" sign).
User Name		Enter your email account user name.
Password		Enter your email account password.
Connection Policy		
Fragmentation half-open wait	10 secs	Configures the number of seconds that a packet state structure remains active. When the timeout value expires, the router drops the unassembled packet, freeing that structure for use by another packet.
TCP SYN wait	30 secs	Defines how long the software will wait for a TCF session to reach an established state before dropping the session.
TCP FIN wait	5 secs	Specifies how long a TCP session will be managed after the firewall detects a FIN-exchange.
TCP connection idle timeout	3600 secs (1 hour)	The length of time for which a TCP session will be managed if there is no activity.
UDP session idle timeout	30 secs	The length of time for which a UDP session will be managed if there is no activity.
DoS Detect Criteria		
Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions HIGH	300 sessions	Defines the rate of new unestablished sessions that will cause the software to <i>start</i> deleting half-open sessions.
Total incomplete TCP/UDP sessions LOW	250 sessions	Defines the rate of new unestablished sessions that will cause the software to <i>stop</i> deleting half-open sessions.
Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min.) HIGH	250 sessions	Maximum number of allowed incomplete TCP/UDP sessions per minute.
Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions (per min.) LOW	200 sessions	Minimum number of allowed incomplete TCP/UDP sessions per minute.

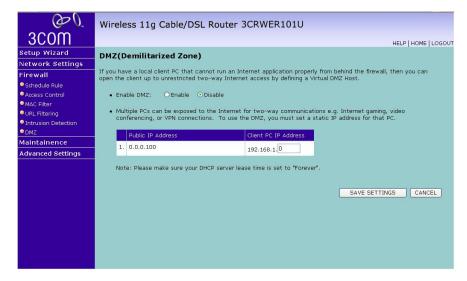
Parameter	Defaults	Description
Maximum incomplete TCP/UDP sessions number from same host	30 sessions	Maximum number of incomplete TCP/UDP sessions from the same host.
Incomplete TCP/UDP sessions detect sensitive time period	900 msecs	Length of time before an incomplete TCP/UDP session is detected as incomplete.
Maximum half-open fragmentation packet number from same host	30 sessions	Maximum number of half-open fragmentation packets from the same host.
Half-open fragmentation detect sensitive time period	1 sec	Length of time before a half-open fragmentation session is detected as half-open.
Flooding cracker block time	300 secs	Length of time from detecting a flood attack to blocking the attack.



We do not recommend modifying the default parameters shown above.

DMZ If you have a client PC that cannot run an Internet application properly from behind the firewall, you can open the client up to unrestricted two-way Internet access. This may be necessary if the NAT feature is causing problems with an application such as a game or video conferencing application.

Figure 48 DMZ Screen



Enter the IP address of a DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host on this screen. Adding a client to the DMZ may expose your local network to a variety of security risks, so only use this option as a last resort

Maintenance	These screens allow you to manage different parameters of the Router and perform certain administrative functions.

Configuration Tools Use this configuration screen to backup, restore or reset the configuration details of the Router.

Figure 49 Configuration Tools Screen

O O	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Configuration Tools
Network Settings	- Use the "Backup" tool to save the wireless router's current configuration to a file on your PC.
Firewall	ose the Backup tool to save the wheless router's current configuration to a file on your PC.
Maintainence	You can then use the "Restore" tool to restore the saved configuration to the wireless router.
Configuration Tools Firmware Upgrade	Alternatively, you can use the "Restore to Factory Defaults" tool to force the wireless router to perform a power reset and restore the original factory settings. WARNING! All configuration settings will be lost, so also the username and
Reboot	password of your ISP. Please backup your configuration first before your reset the wireless router.
Advanced Settings	Backup Wireless Router Configuration
	O Restore from saved Configuration file (backup.bin)
	O Restore Wireless Router to Factory Defaults
	Next >>

- Backup Wireless Router Configuration You can save your current configuration by clicking the *Backup Wireless Router Configuration* button. Saving your configuration will allow you to restore it later if your settings are lost or changed. It is recommended that you backup your current configuration before performing a firmware update.
- Restore from saved Configuration file (backup.bin) The restore option will allow you to restore a previously saved configuration. Check the *Restore from saved Configuration file* radio button and click *NEXT* to restore the saved backup configuration file.
- Restore Wireless Router to Factory Defaults Using this option will reset all of the settings in the Router to the factory default settings. It is recommended that you backup your settings before you restore all of the defaults. To restore the factory default settings, check *Restore Wireless Router to Factory Defaults* and click *NEXT*. You will be asked to confirm your decision.

Firmware Upgrade From time to time 3Com may release new versions of the Router's firmware. Firmware updates contain improvements and fixes to problems that may have existed.

Figure 50 Firmware Upgrade Screen

00	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3C0M	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Firmware Upgrade
Network Settings	
Firewall	This tool allows you to upgrade the wireless router firmware. You can download the latest firmware from <u>3Com Support</u> . The Product Model number is : 3CRWER101U.
Maintainence	
Configuration Tools	Enter the path and name, or browse to the location, of the upgrade file then click the BEGIN UPGRADE button. You will be prompted to confirm the upgrade to complete the process.
Firmware Upgrade	
Reboot Advanced Settings	Firmware File Browse
Autoritu ottings	BEGIN UPGRADE CANCEL

Please download the firmware file to your PC first, and then click *Browse* and select the firmware file. Click *BEGIN UPGRADE* to upload the firmware to the Router.

Restart Router Sometimes it may be necessary to restart (or reboot) the Router. Restarting the Router from this screen will not delete any of your configuration settings.

Figure 51	Reboot Screen
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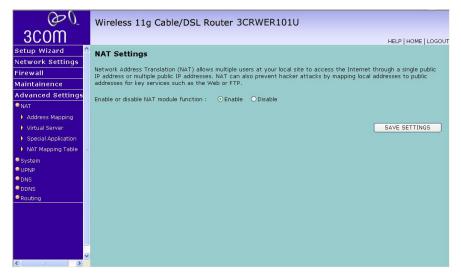


Click the Reboot Wireless Router button to restart the Router.

Advanced Settings	From the Advanced Settings screen, you can configure:
, lavancea sectings	
	 NAT: Shares a single ISP account with multiple users, sets up virtual servers.
	 System: Sets the local time zone, the password for administrator access, the IP address of a PC that will be allowed to manage the Router remotely, and the IP address of a Domain Name Server.
	 UPnP: Universal Plug and Play (UPnP) allows for simple and robust connectivity between external devices and your PC.
	 DNS: Specify the IP address of your network domain name server.
	 DDNS: Configures Dynamic DNS function.
	 Routing: Sets routing parameters and displays the current routing table.

NAT The first menu item in the Advanced Settings section is Network Address Translation (NAT). This process allows all of the computers on your home network to use one IP address. Using the NAT capability of the Router, you can access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.

Figure 52 NAT Screen



To use the NAT feature:

- 1 Check the *Enable* radio button.
- 2 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Address Mapping

Network Address Translation (NAT) allows IP addresses used in a private local network to be mapped to one or more addresses used in the public, global Internet.

Figure 53 Address Mapping Screen

Q-Q	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3C0M	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard Network Settings Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings • NAT • Virtual Server • Special Application • NAT Mapping Table • System • Upp • DDNS • DDNS • Routing	Address Mapping Network Address Translation (NAT) allows IP addresses used in a private local network to be mapped to one or more addresses used in the public, global Internet. This feature limits the number of public IP addresses required from the ISP and also maintains the privacy and security of the local network. We allow one public IP addresses to be mapped to a pool of local addresses. Address Mapping Global IP:0_,0_0_,0_ is transformed as multiple virtual IPs from 192.168.1.0_ to 192.168.1.0_ Note: Please make sure your DHCP server lease time is set to "Forever".
<>	

This feature limits the number of public IP addresses required from the ISP and also maintains the privacy and security of the local network. We allow one public IP address to be mapped to a pool of local addresses.

Virtual Servers

The Virtual servers feature allows you to route external (Internet) calls for services such as a web server (port 80), FTP server (Port 21), or other applications through your Router to your internal network. Since your internal computers are protected by a firewall, machines from the Internet cannot get to them because they cannot be 'seen'.

If you need to configure the Virtual Server function for a specific application, you will need to contact the application vendor to find out which port settings you need.

The maximum number of virtual servers that can be configured is 20.

3COM	Wireless	11g Cable/DS	SL Router 3C	RWER101	U		HELP H	OME LOGO
Setup Wizard Network Settings Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings NAT Virtual Server S Special Application	Web or FTP a with private I wireless route	gure the wireless rou t your local site via p P addresses. In other redirects the extern tool can support bol Port Ranges: 10 Multiple Ports: 2 Combination: 25 All known port n	ublic IP addresses c words, depending c al service request t th port ranges, mult 0-150 (5,110,80 (-100,80	an be automati n the requeste o the appropria	cally redirected d service (TCP/U ite server (location	to local servers c JDP port number) ed at another inte	onfigure the	d
NAT Mapping Table System	No.	LAN IP Address	Protocol Type	LAN Port	Public Port	Enable	T	
• UPNP	1	192.168.1.	тср 💌				Add	Clean
	2	192.168.1.	ТСР 💌				Add	Clean
Routing	3	192.168.1.	ТСР 💌 🔽				Add	Clean
	4							
	1000	192.168.1.	TCP 💌				Add	Clean
	5	192.168.1. 192.168.1.					Add Add	Clean
	5	192.168.1.	ТСР 🖌				Add	Clean

Figure 54 Virtual Servers Screen

A list of popular servers has been included to choose from. Select the server from the *Popular servers* drop-down menu. Then click *Add*, your selection will be added to the table.

If the server that you want to use is not listed in the drop-down menu, you can manually add the virtual server to the table.

To manually configure your virtual servers:

- **1** Enter the IP address, and the description in the spaces provided for the internal machine.
- **2** Select the protocol type (TCP, UDP, or both TCP and UDP) from the drop-down menu.
- **3** Specify the public port that will be seen by clients on the Internet, and the LAN port which the traffic will be routed to.
- **4** You can enable or disable each Virtual Server entry by by checking or unchecking the appropriate *Enable* checkbox.
- **5** Click *Add* or *Clean* button to save the changes for each Virtual Server entry.

Special Applications

Some applications, such as Internet gaming, video-conferencing, Internet telephony and others, require multiple connections. These applications cannot work with Network Address Translation (NAT) enabled. If you need to run applications that require multiple connections, use the following screen to specify the additional public ports to be opened for each application.

Setup Wizard Network Settings Firewall Maintainence	Some			onnections, such as Internet daming, video (
Firewall	other		auire multiple co			
	other				conforancing Internet talar	hony and
Maintainence	appli		ations cannot w	ork when Network Address Translation (NAT	r) is enabled. If you need to	o run
				nections, specify the port normally associa as TCP or UDP, then enter the public ports a		
Advanced Settings	them	for inbound trat	ffic.		ssoonatee inter the thigger	port to oport
NAT	Note			s is from 1 to 65535.		
Address Mapping		Trigger Port	Trigger Type	Public Port	Public Type	Enabled
Virtual Server	1.		© TCP		© TCP	Π
Special Application	***		OUDP		OUDP	
NAT Mapping Table	2.					Π
System	2.		TCP UDP		⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
UPNP	-					
ONS	З.		TCP UDP		⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
DDNS						
A			TCP UDP		⊙ TCP ○ UDP	
Routing	4.					
Routing			OODP		0.001	
e Routing	4.		⊙ TCP		© TCP	
• Routing						
• Routing			⊙ TCP		© TCP	

Figure 55 Special Applications Screen

To put a computer in the DMZ:

- **1** Click the List of well known special applications link for more information.
- **2** Specify the public port number normally associated with an application in the Trigger Port field. Set the protocol type to TCP or UDP, then enter the ports that the application requires. The ports may be in the format of a single port, or in a range, e.g., 72-96, or a combination of both.
- **3** Popular applications requiring multiple ports are listed in the Popular Applications field. From the drop-down list, choose the application and then choose a row number to copy this data into.
- 4 Click SAVE SETTINGS.

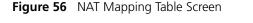


Choosing a row that already contains data will overwrite the current settings.

For a full list of ports and the services that run on them, see www.iana.org/assignments/port-numbers

NAT Mapping Table

This page displays the current NAPT (Network Address Port Translation) address mappings.





The NAT address mappings are listed 20 lines per page, click the control buttons to move forwards and backwards. As the NAT mapping is dynamic, a *Refresh* button is provided to refresh the NAT Mapping Table with the most updated values.

The content of the NAT Mapping Table is described as follows:

- Protocol protocol of the flow.
- Local IP local (LAN) host's IP address for the flow.
- Local Port local (LAN) host's port number for the flow.
- Pseudo IP translated IP address for the flow.
- Pseudo Port translated port number for the flow.
- Peer IP remote (WAN) host's IP address for the flow.
- Peer Port remote (WAN) host's port number for the flow.

System This section includes all the basic configuration tools for the Router, such as time settings, password settings, remote management and Syslog server setup.

Time Zone

You can set the time settings for the Router on this screen.

Figure 57 Time Zone Screen

3COM	
Setup Wizard	HELP HOME LOGO
Network Settings	Time Settings
Firewall	Use this setting to insure the time-based client filtering feature and system log entries are based on the correct
Aaintainence	localized time.
Advanced Settings	Set Time Zone: (GMT+01:00) Amsterdam, Berlin, Bern, Rome, Stockholm, Vienna 💌
NAT	
System	Enable Daylight Savings
Time Settings	
Password Settings	Start Daylight Savings Time: January 💌 1 💌
Remote Management	End Daylight Savings Time: January 💌 1 💌
Syslog Server	
● UPNP ● DNS	☑ Set Date and Time Manually
DDNS	
Routing	Date: February V 20 V 2008 V Time(hr:min:sec): 16 V : 20 V : 0 V
	Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance
	When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the
-	primary and secondary NTP servers in your area:
	Wireless 11a Cable/DSL Pouter 3CDWED10111
O O	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
<u>کی</u> 300m	HELP HOME LOGC
€ 3COM Setup Wizard	HELP HOME LOGO
O O	HELP HOME LOGO
Constant Constant Setup Wizard Network Settings	HELP HOME LOGO
Contemporation of the second s	HELP HOME LOGO
Setup Wizard Network Settings Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings	HELP HOME LOGO
Advanced Settings	Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1 HELP HOME LOGC End Daylight Savings Time: January 1 Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1 Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1
Advanced Settings Nat System Time Settings	Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1 End Daylight Savings Time: January 1 Image: Set Date and Time Manually 1 Date: February 20 2008 Time(hr:min:sec): 16 ; 20 20
Advanced Settings System System Password Settings System Password Settings	Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1 HELP HOME LOGC End Daylight Savings Time: January 1 * Set Date and Time Manually 1 *
Setup Wizard Vetwork Settings Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings NAT System) Time Settings) Time Settings) Remote Management	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v End Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v Set Date and Time Manually Date: February v 20 v 2008 v Time(hr:min:sec): 16 v ; 20 v ; 0 v Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the
Advanced Settings • Advanced Settings • System • Password Settings • Remote Management • Sysleg Server	HELP HOME LOGC Start Daylight Savings Time: January V 1 V End Daylight Savings Time: January V 1 V Viset Date and Time Manually Date: February V 20 V 2008 V Time(httmin:sec): 16 V; 20 V; 0 V Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance
Advanced Settings Versen Advanced Settings Var System Armote Management Systeg Server UPAP	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January I End Daylight Savings Time: January I Set Date and Time Manually Date: February 20 20 20 Enable Automatic Time Server Mointenance When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the primary and secondary NTP servers in your area:
Advanced Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Remote Management • Syslog Server • Opts • Opts • Opts	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v End Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v Set Date and Time Manually Date: February v 20 v 2008 v Time(hr:min:sec): 16 v ; 20 v ; 0 v Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the
Advanced Settings Setup Wizard Vetwork Settings Firewall Maintainence Advanced Settings NAT System Password Settings Remote Management Syslog Server Upplp DNS	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January Image: Set Date and Time Manually Date: February 20
Advanced Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Remote Management • Syslog Server • Opts • Opts • Opts	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v End Daylight Savings Time: January v 1 v Set Date and Time Manuelly Date: February v 20 v 2008 v Time(hr:min:sec): 16 v ; 20 v ; 0 v Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the primary and secondary NTP servers in your area: Configure Time Server (NTP):
Advanced Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Remote Management • Syslog Server • Opts • Opts • Opts	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January 1 End Daylight Savings Time: January Set Date and Time Manually Date: February 20 2008 Time(hr:min:sec): 16 16 : 20 Enable Automatic Time Server Maintenance When you enable this option you will need to configure two different time servers, use the options below to set the primary and secondary NTP servers in your area: Configure Time Server (NTP): You can automatically maintain the system time on your Wireless Router by synchronizing with a public time server over the Internet.
Advanced Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Nat • System • Password Settings • Remote Management • Syslog Server • Opts • Opts • Opts	HELP HOME LOGO Start Daylight Savings Time: January Image: Set Date and Time Manually Date: February 20

The Router keeps time by connecting to a Network Time Protocol (NTP) server. This allows the Router to synchronize the system clock to the Internet. The synchronized clock in the Router is used to record the security log and control client filtering. Select the time zone that you reside in. If you reside in an area that observes Daylight Saving, then check the checkbox for *Enable Daylight Savings*. The system clock may not update immediately. Allow at least 15 minutes for the Router to contact the time servers on the Internet and get a response. You cannot set the clock yourself.

You can specify which NTP servers the Router will use to update the system clock, although doing this should only be necessary if you are experiencing difficulty.

Password Settings

Use this page to restrict access based on a password. For security you should assign one before exposing the Router to the Internet.



Figure 58 Password Settings Screen

Passwords can contain from 3 to12 alphanumeric characters and are case sensitive.



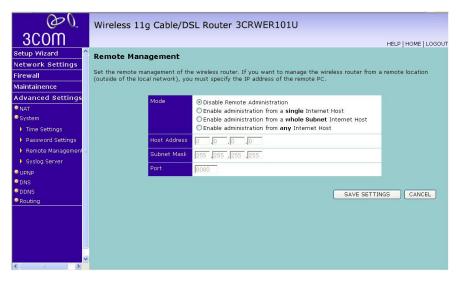
If your password is lost, or you cannot gain access to the user interface, press the reset button on the bottom of the device (holding it down for at least eight seconds) to restore the factory defaults. The default password is "admin".

Enter a maximum Idle Time Out (in minutes) to define a maximum period of time an inactive login session will be maintained. If the connection is inactive for longer than the maximum idle time, it will be logged out, and you will have to log in to the web management system again. Setting the idle time to 0, will mean the connection never times out. (Default: 10 minutes)

Remote Management

By default, management access is only available to users on your local network. However, you can also manage the Router from a remote host by entering the IP address of a remote computer on this screen.

Figure 59 Remote Management Screen



This feature allows you to make changes to your Router's settings from anywhere on the Internet. Four options are available:

- If you do not want to use this feature, select *Disable Remote Administration*.
- Select Enable administration from a single Internet Host, and enter the IP address, to allow only one computer to use the remote

administration. This is more secure, as only the specified IP address will be able to manage the Router.

- Select *Enable administration from a whole Subnet Internet Host*, and enter the IP address and subnet mask, to allow PCs from that specific subnet group to use the remote administration.
- Select *Enable administration from any Internet Host*, this allows any computer to access the Router remotely.



Before you enable this function, ensure that you have set the Administration Password.

Click SAVE SETTINGS.

Syslog Server

Using third party syslog software, this Syslog Server tool will automatically download the Router log to the specified server IP address.

Figure 60	Syslog Server Screen	
-----------	----------------------	--

$O_{\mathcal{O}}$	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard 🔷	Syslog Server
Network Settings	
Firewall	Using third party syslog software, this Syslog Server tool will automatically download the router log to the server IP address specified below.
Maintainence	
Advanced Settings	Server LAN IP Address 0 . 0 . 0
●NAT	
System	Enabled
Time Settings	
Password Settings	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL
🕨 🕨 Remote Management	
Syslog Server	
[●] UPNP	
DNS	
DDNS	
Routing	
~	
< >	

- 1 Enter the Server LAN IP Address in the space provided.
- 2 Check the *Enabled Syslog Server* checkbox.
- **3** Click SAVE SETTINGS.

UPNP Universal Plug and Play technology makes home networking simple and affordable. This architecture offers pervasive peer-to-peer network connectivity of PCs of all form factors, intelligent appliances, and wireless devices. UPnP architecture leverages TCP/IP and the web to enable seamless proximity networking in addition to control and data transfer among networked devices in the home, office, and everywhere in between.

∂D	
a v	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	UPnP(Universal Plug and Play) Setting
Network Settings	
Firewall	The Universal Plug and Play architecture offers pervasive peer-to-peer network connectivity of PCs of all form factors, intelligent appliances, and wireless devices. UPnP enables seamless proximity network in addition to control and data
Maintainence	transfer among networked devices in the home, office and everywhere in between.
Advanced Settings	Enable or disable UPnP module function : O Enable O Disable
●NAT	
System	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL
UPNP	
ONS	
ODNS	
Routing	

Figure 61 UPNP Screen

- 1 Click *Enable* to turn on the Universal Plug and Play function of the Router. This function allows the device to automatically and dynamically join a network.
- **2** Click SAVE SETTINGS.

DNS Domain Name Service (or Server) is an Internet service that translates domain names into IP addresses. Because domain names are alphabetic, they're easier to remember. The Internet however, is really based on IP addresses. Every time you use a domain name, a DNS service must translate the name into the corresponding IP address. For example, the domain name www.example.com might translate to 198.105.232.4.

Check with your ISP for information on this screen.

0-0	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOVI
Setup Wizard	DNS
Network Settings	
Firewall	A Domain Name Server (DNS) is an index of IP addresses and Web addresses. If you type a Web address into your browser, such as www.3com.com, a DNS server will find that name in its index and find the matching IP address:
Maintainence	161.88.242.11. Since your Service Provider may connect to the Internet with dynamic IP settings, it is likely that the
Advanced Settings	DNS server IP's are also provided dynamically. However, if there is a DNS server that you would rather use, you need to specify the IP address here.
●NAT	
System	Domain Name Server (DNS) Address
● UPNP ● DNS	
ODNS	Secondary DNS Address (optional)
Routing	
	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL

Figure 62 DNS Screen

If your ISP provided you with specific DNS addresses to use, enter them into the appropriate fields on this screen and click *SAVE SETTINGS*.

Many ISPs do not require you to enter this information into the Router. If you are using a Static IP connection type, you may need to enter a specific DNS address and secondary DNS address for your connection to work properly. If your connection type is Dynamic, PPTP or PPPoE, it is likely that you do not have to enter a DNS address. **DDNS** The Router provides a list of dynamic DNS providers for you to choose from. Dynamic Domain Name Server (DDNS) enables you to map a static domain name to a dynamic IP address.

The Router supports two DDNS providers:

- DynDNS.org
- TZO.com

Before you set up DDNS, you must obtain an account, password or key and static domain name from your DDNS provider.

DDNS is disabled by default.

Q ().	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	DDNS (Dynamic DNS) Settings
Network Settings	Dynamic DNS provides users on the Internet a method to tie their domain name(s) to computers or servers. DDNS allows
Firewall	your domain name to follow your IP address automatically by having your DNS records changed when your IP address
Maintainence	changes.
Advanced Settings	
NAT	Dynamic DNS O Enable O Disable
System	Provider 🗾 tzo.com 👻
●UPNP ●DNS	Domain Name
DNS DDNS	tzo.com
Routing	Account / E-mail
	Password / Key
	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL

- 1 Check Enable Dynamic DNS.
- **2** Select the provider, and then enter the necessary information provided by your DDNS provider.
- **3** Click SAVE SETTINGS.

- **Routing** This section defines routing related parameters, including static routes, RIP (Routing Information Protocol) parameters and routing table.
- **Static Routes** You can configure static routes in this screen.

To add a static route entry to the table, click *Add*. To change an existing entry, click *Edit*. To delete an entry, click *Delete*.

Figure 64	Static Routes Screen
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Q ()	Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U
3COM	HELP HOME LOGOUT
Setup Wizard	Static Route Parameter
Network Settings	
Firewall	Please Enter the Following Configuration Parameters:
Maintainence	Index Network Address Subnet Mask Gateway Configure
Advanced Settings	No Valid Static Route Entry !!!
● NAT	Add
 System UPNP 	Add
OPNP DNS	SAVE SETTINGS CANCEL
DDNS	
Routing	
Static Route	
▶ RIP	
Routing Table	
< >	

This screen shows a list of current static route entries. For each entry, the following information is displayed:

- *Index* the index of the entry.
- Network Address the network address of the route.
- Subnet Mask the subnet mask of the route.



A network address of 0.0.0.0 and a subnet mask of 0.0.0.0 indicates the default route.

- *Gateway* the router used to route data to the network specified by the network address.
- Configure Allows you to edit existing routes.

After you have finished making changes to the table, click SAVE SETTINGS.

RIP RIP (Routing Information Protocol) - RIP allows the network administrator to set up routing information on one RIP-enabled device and send that information to all RIP-enabled devices on the network.

00 Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router 3CRWER101U 3COM HELP | HOME | LOGOUT Setup Wizard **RIP Parameter** Network Settings The device supports Routing Information Protocol (RIP) v1 and v2 to dynamically exchange routing information with Firewall adjacent routers. Maintainence Please Enter the following Configuration Parameters: Advanced Settings ● NAT • General RIP parameter: System RIP mode: O Enable O Disable UPNP Auto summary: O Enable O Disable DNS • Table of current interface RIP parameter DDNS Routing Interface Poison Reverse Authentication Authentication Static Route WAN Disable 1 🛰 Enable 🚩 Disable WLAN_g 1 🗸 Enable 💌 ilent WLAN XR Disable 💙 1 🕶 Enable 💌 WDS-1 Disable 💌 1 🗸 Enable 💌 WDS-2 Disable 🛩 1 🗸 Enable 💌 WDS-3 1 V Enable V Disable 🔽

Figure 65 RIP Parameter Screen

You can set up RIP independently on both LAN and WAN interfaces.

- 1 Check the Enable RIP Mode checkbox.
- **2** Check the *Enable Auto summary* checkbox. Auto summarization sends simplified routing data to other RIP-enabled devices rather than full routing data.
- 3 Select the Operation Mode:
 - Disabled RIP is not enabled for the WAN or LAN interface.
 - *Enabled* RIP is enabled for the WAN or LAN interface. The router will transmit RIP update information to other RIP-enabled devices.
 - Silent RIP is enabled, however the Router only receives RIP update messages, it will not transmit any messages itself.
- 4 In the Version field, select 1 or 2.



3Com recommends that you only use RIPv1 if there is an existing RIP-enabled device on your network that does not support RIPv2. In all other cases, you should use RIPv2.

- **5** Use the *Poison Reverse* drop-down menu to enable or disable *Poison Reverse* on the Router. Enabling *Poison Reverse* on your Router allows it to indicate to other RIP-enabled devices that they have both routes that point to each other, preventing data loops.
- **6** Use the *Authentication Required* field to choose the mode of authentication:
 - None Switches off authentication on the specified interface.
 - Password An unencrypted text password that needs to be set on all RIP-enabled devices connected to this Router. RIP information is not shared between devices whose passwords do not match.
- 7 In the *Authentication Code* field, enter the password that is required if the *Password* option has been selected.
- 8 Click SAVE SETTINGS.
- **Routing Table** This screen displays details for the default routing used by your Router and any routing created using Static Routing or RIP.

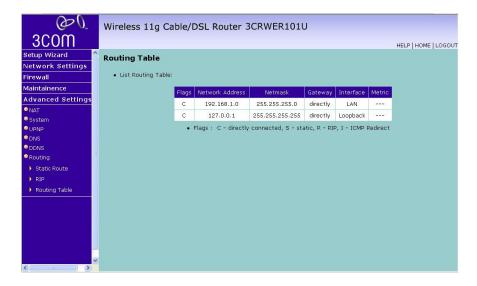


Figure 66 Routing Table Screen

TROUBLESHOOTING

Basic Connection Checks	 Check that the Router is connected to your computers and to the telephone line, and that all the equipment is powered on. Check that the LAN Status and LEDs on the Router are illuminated, and that any corresponding LEDs on the NIC are also illuminated.
	 Ensure that the computers have completed their start-up procedure and are ready for use. Some network interfaces may not be correctly initialized until the start-up procedure has completed.
	 If the link status LED does not illuminate for a port that is connected, check that you do not have a faulty cable. Try a different cable.
Browsing to the Router	If you have connected your Router and computers together but cannot browse to the Router configuration screens, check the following:
Configuration Screens	 Confirm that the physical connection between your computer and the Router is OK, and that the LAN Status LEDs on the Router and network adapter are illuminated and indicating the same speed (10Mbps or 100Mbps). Some NICs do not have status LEDs, in which case a diagnostic program may be available that can give you this information.
	 Ensure that you have configured your computer as described in <u>Chapter 3</u>. Restart your computer while it is connected to the Router to ensure that your computer receives an IP address.
	 When entering the address of the Router into your web browser, ensure that you use the full URL including the http:// prefix (e.g. http://192.168.1.1).
	 Ensure that you do not have a Web proxy enabled on your computer. Go to the Control Panel and click on Internet Options. Select the Connections tab and click on the LAN Settings button at the bottom. Make sure that the Proxy Server option is unchecked.

	If you cannot browse to the Router, use the <i>winipcfg</i> utility in Windows 98/ME to verify that your computer has received the correct address information from the Router. From the <i>Start</i> menu, choose <i>Run</i> and then enter winipcfg . Check that the computer has an IP address of the form 192.168.1.xxx (where xxx is in the range 2-254), the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0, and the default Router is 192.168.1.1 (the address of the Router). If these are not correct, use the <i>Release</i> and <i>Renew</i> functions to obtain a new IP address from the Router. Under Windows 2000, Windows XP and Windows Vista, use the ipconfig command-line utility to perform the same functions.
Connecting to the Internet	If you can browse to the Router configuration screens but cannot access Web sites on the Internet, check the following:
	 Confirm that the physical connection between the Router and the telephone line is OK, and that the WAN LED on the Router is illuminated.
	 Ensure that you have entered the correct information into the Router configuration screens as required by your Internet Service Provider. Use the Internet Settings screen to verify this.
	 Check that the PPPoE or PPTP user name and password are correct.
	 Ensure that your computers are not configured to use a Web proxy. On Windows computers, this can be found under Control Panel > Internet Options > Connections.
Forgotten Password and Reset to Factory Defaults	If you can browse to the Router configuration screen but cannot log on because you do not know or have forgotten the password, follow the steps below to reset the Router to its factory default configuration.
Ĩ	CAUTION: All your configuration changes will be lost, and you will need to run the configuration wizard again before you can re-establish your Router connection to the Internet. Also, other computer users will lose their network connections whilst this process is taking place, so choose a time when this would be convenient.
1	Power off the Router.
2	Disconnect all your computers and the network line from the Router.
3	Re-apply power to the Router, and wait for it to finish booting up.

- **4** Press and hold the *Reset* button on the bottom of the device for 8 seconds.
- **5** The Router will restart, and when the start-up sequence has completed, browse to:

http://192.168.1.1

and run the configuration wizard. You may need to restart your computer before you attempt this.

6 When the configuration wizard has completed, you may reconnect your network as it was before.

Wireless Networking	 Ensure that you have an 802.11b or 802.11g wireless adapter for each wireless computer, and that it is correctly installed and configured. Verify that each wireless computer has either Windows 98 or higher or MAC OS 8.5 or higher.
	 Verify that your wireless computers are configured to work in Infrastructure mode and not Ad Hoc mode. The Router contains an Access Point that is designed to operate in Infrastructure mode. Ad Hoc mode is not supported by the Router.
	 If you have a wired and a wireless NIC in the same computer, ensure that the wired NIC is disabled.
	 Check the status of the WLAN LED, it should be lit if wireless is enabled and will flash when there is wireless activity. If not lit go to <u>"Wireless"</u> on page 48 and enable wireless networking.
	 Ensure that the TCP/IP settings for all devices are correct.
	 Ensure that the Wireless Clients are using the same SSID or Service Area Name as the Router. The SSID is case-sensitive.
	 Ensure that the encryption method and level that you use on your clients are the same as those configured on the Router. The Router cannot simultaneously support WPA and WEP encryption.
	 Ensure that you have the wireless computer enabled in the list of allowed MAC addresses if you are using MAC Address Filtering on the Router.
	 If you are having difficulty connecting or are operating at a low speed try changing the antenna positions on the rear of the Router. For more effective coverage you can try reorientating your Antenna. Place one antenna vertically and one horizontally to improve coverage.

Additionally consider moving the wireless computer closer to the Router to confirm that the building structure or fittings are not adversely affecting the connectivity. If this resolves the problem consider relocating the wireless computer or the Router, or trying a different channel on the Router.

- Sources of interference: The 2.4Ghz ISM band is used for 802.11b and 802.11g. This is generally a licence free band for low power applications, and you may have other devices at your location that operate in this frequency band. You should take care to ensure that there are no devices, like microwave ovens for example, close to the Router or wireless computers as this could affect receiver sensitivity and reduce the performance of your network. If you are unsure try relocating both the wireless computers and the Router to establish whether this problem exists.
- Most wireless computer adapters will scan the channels for the wireless Router. If a wireless computer has not located the Router then try initiating a search manually if the client software supports this feature or manually set the channel on your wireless computer to correspond to the Router channel number. Please refer to your wireless computer adapter documentation and vendor to do this.
- Speed of connection: The 802.11b and 802.11g standards will automatically choose the best speed depending on the quality of your connection. As the signal quality weakens then the speed falls back to a lower speed. The speeds supported by 802.11g are 54 Mbps, 48 Mbps, 36 Mbps, 24 Mbps, 18 Mbps, 12 Mbps and 6 Mbps. The speeds supported by 802.11b are 11 Mbps, 5.5 Mbps, 2 Mbps and 1 Mbps. In general the closer you are to the Router the better the speed. If you are not achieving the speed you had anticipated then try moving the antenna on the Router or moving the wireless computer closer to the Router. In an ideal network the Router should be located in the centre of the network with wireless computers distributed around it. Applications are generally available with the computer wireless card to carry out a site survey. Use this application to find the optimal siting for your wireless computer. Consult your Computer Card documentation and vendor for more details.

Recovering from Corrupted Software	If the system software has become corrupted, the Router will enter a "recovery" state; DHCP is enabled, and the LAN IP address is set to 192.168.1.1. Follow the instructions below to upload a new copy of the system software to a Router unit in this state.
	Ensure that one of your computers has a copy of the new software image file stored on its hard disk or available on CD-ROM.
i>	Check on www.3com.com for the latest version of firmware.
1	Remove power from the Router and disconnect the telephone line and all your computers, except for the one computer with the software image.
2	You will need to reconfigure this computer to obtain an IP address automatically (see <u>"Obtaining an IP Address Automatically"</u> on page 23).
3	Restart the computer, and re-apply power to the Router.
4	Using the Web browser on the computer, enter the following URL in the location bar:
	http://192.168.1.1.
	This will connect you to the Recovery utility in the Router.
5	Follow the on-screen instructions. Enter the path and filename of the software image file.
6	When the upload has completed, the Router will restart, run the self-test and, if successful, resume normal operation.
7	Refer to the Installation Guide to reconnect your Router to the telephone line and the computers in your network. Do not forget to reconfigure the computer you used for the software upload.
	If the Router does not resume normal operation following the upload, it may be faulty. Contact your supplier for advice.

Frequently Asked Questions How do I reset the Router to Factory Defaults? See <u>"Forgotten Password and Reset to Factory Defaults"</u> on

page 90.

How many computers on the LAN does the Router support?

A maximum of 253 computers on the LAN are supported.

How many wireless clients does the Router support?

A maximum of 32 wireless clients are supported.



Maximum practical number of users depends on speed of broadband connection and amount of traffic generated by users.

There are only 4 LAN ports on the Router. How are additional computers connected?

You can expand the number of connections available on your LAN by using hubs, switches and wireless access points connected to the Router. 3Com wireless access points and switches provide a simple, reliable means of expanding your network; contact your supplier for more information, or visit:

http://www.3com.com/

Does the Router support virtual private networks (VPNs)?

The Router supports VPN passthrough, which allows VPN clients on the LAN to communicate with VPN hosts on the Internet. It is also possible to set up VPN hosts on your LAN that clients elsewhere on the Internet can connect to, but this is not a recommended configuration.

A IP ADDRESSING

The Internet Protocol Suite	The Internet Protocol suite consists of a well-defined set of communications protocols and several standard application protocols. Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) is probably the most widely known and is a combination of two of the protocols (IP and TCP) working together. TCP/IP is an internationally adopted and supported networking standard that provides connectivity between equipment from many vendors over a wide variety of networking technologies.
Managing the Router over the Network	To manage a device over the network, the Router must be correctly configured with the following IP information: An IP address A Subnet Mask
IP Addresses and Subnet Masks	Each device on your network must have a unique IP address to operate correctly. An IP address identifies the address of the device to which data is being sent and the address of the destination network. IP addresses have the format n.n.n.x where n is a decimal number between 0 and 255 and x is a number between 1 and 254 inclusive.
	However, an IP address alone is not enough to make your device operate. In addition to the IP address, you need to set a subnet mask. All networks are divided into smaller sub-networks and a subnet mask is a number that enables a device to identify the sub-network to which it is connected.

For your network to work correctly, all devices on the network must have:

- The same sub-network address.
- The same subnet mask.



The only value that will be different is the specific host device number. This value must always be unique.

An example IP address is '192.168.100.8'. However, the size of the network determines the structure of this IP address. In using the Router, you will probably only encounter two types of IP address and subnet mask structures.

Type One

In a small network, the IP address of '192.168.100.8' is split into two parts:

- Part one ('192.168.100') identifies the network on which the device resides.
- Part two ('.8') identifies the device within the network.

This type of IP address operates on a subnet mask of '255.255.255.0'.

See <u>Table 4</u> for an example about how a network with three computers and a Router might be configured.

Device	IP Address	Subnet Mask
PC 1	192.168.100.8	255.255.255.0
PC 2	192.168.100.33	255.255.255.0
PC 3	192.168.100.188	255.255.255.0
Router	192.168.100.72	255.255.255.0

 Table 4
 IP Addressing and Subnet Masking

Туре Тwo

In larger networks, where there are more devices, the IP address of '192.168.100.8' is, again, split into two parts but is structured differently:

- Part one ('192.168') identifies the network on which the device resides.
- Part two ('.100.8') identifies the device within the network.

This type of IP Address operates on a subnet mask of '255.255.0.0'.

See <u>Table 5</u> for an example about how a network (only four computers represented) and a Router might be configured.

Device	IP Address	Subnet Mask
PC 1	192.168.100.8	255.255.0.0
PC 2	192.168.201.30	255.255.0.0
PC 3	192.168.113.155	255.255.0.0
PC 4	192.168.002.230	255.255.0.0
Router	192.168.002.72	255.255.0.0

 Table 5
 IP Addressing and Subnet Masking

How does a Device Obtain an IP Address and Subnet Mask?	There are three different ways to obtain an IP address and the subnet mask. These are:
	 Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) Addressing
	 Static Addressing Active still Addressing
	 Automatic Addressing (Auto-IP Addressing)
DHCP Addressing	The Router contains a DHCP server, which allows computers on your network to obtain an IP address and subnet mask automatically. DHCP assigns a temporary IP address and subnet mask which gets reallocated once you disconnect from the network.
	DHCP will work on any client Operating System such as Windows 95, Windows 98, Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000 and Windows XP. Also, using DHCP means that the same IP address and subnet mask will never be duplicated for devices on the network. DHCP is particularly useful for networks with large numbers of users on them.
Static Addressing	You must enter an IP Address and the subnet mask manually on every device. Using a static IP and subnet mask means the address is permanently fixed.
Auto-IP Addressing	Network devices use automatic IP addressing if they are configured to acquire an address using DHCP but are unable to contact a DHCP server. Automatic IP addressing is a scheme where devices allocate themselves

an IP address at random from the industry standard subnet of 169.254.x.x (with a subnet mask of 255.255.0.0). If two devices allocate themselves the same address, the conflict is detected and one of the devices allocates itself a new address.

Automatic IP addressing support was introduced by Microsoft in the Windows 98 operating system and is also supported in Windows 2000 and Windows XP.

TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

This section lists the technical specifications for the Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router.

Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router	Interfaces
	WAN connection — one 10 Mbps/100 Mbps dual speed Ethernet port
	LAN connection — four 10 Mbps/100 Mbps dual speed Ethernet ports
	WLAN Interfaces
	Standard IEEE 802.11g, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) Transmission rate: 54 Mbps, automatic fallback to 48, 36, 24, 18, 12, or 6 Mbps Maximum channels: 13
	Range up to 304.8m (1000ft)
	Sensitivity: 6, 12, 18, 24, 36, 48 Mbps: -85 dBm;
	54 Mbps -66 dBm typical
	Modulation: CCK, BPSK, QPSK, OFDM Encryption: 40/64 bit WEP, 128 bit WEP, WPA/WPA2
	Maximum clients: 32
	O/P Power: 19.5dBm E.I.R.P.
	Standard IEEE 802.11b, Direct Sequence Spread Spectrum (DSSS) Transmission rate: 11Mbps, automatic fallback to 5.5, 2, or 1 Mbps Maximum channels: 13 Range up to 304.8m (1000ft)
	Sensitivity: 1, 2, 5.5 Mbps: -85 dBm; 11 Mbps -82 dBm typical Modulation: CCK, BPSK, QPSK
	Encryption: 40/64 bit WEP, 128 bit WEP, WPA/WPA2 Maximum clients: 32
	O/P Power 19.5dBm E.I.R.P.

Operating Temperature

0 °C to 40 °C (32 °F to 105 °F)

Power

9V 1A

Humidity

0% to 90% (non-condensing) humidity

Dimensions

- Width = 118 mm (4.6 in.)
- Depth = 120 mm (4.7 in.)
- Height = 30 mm (1.1 in.)

Weight

Approximately 550 g (1.1 lbs)

 Standards
 Functional:
 ISO 8802/3 IEEE 802.3 IEEE 802.11b, 802.11g

Environmental: EN 60068 (IEC 68)

*See <u>"Regulatory Notices"</u> for conditions of operation.

System Requirements Operating Systems

The Router will support the following Operating Systems:

- Windows 98Se
- Windows NT 4.0
- Windows ME
- Windows 2000
- Windows XP
- Windows Vista
- Mac OS 8.5 or higher
- Unix

Ethernet Performance The Router complies to the IEEE 802.3i, u and x specifications.

Cable Specifications The Router supports the following cable types and maximum lengths:

- Category 3 (Ethernet) or Category 5 (Fast Ethernet or Dual Speed Ethernet) Twisted Pair — shielded and unshielded cable types.
- Maximum cable length of 100m (327.86 ft).

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GLOSSARY

- **802.11b** The IEEE specification for wireless Ethernet which allows speeds of up to 11 Mbps. The standard provides for 1, 2, 5.5 and 11 Mbps data rates. The rates will switch automatically depending on range and environment.
- **802.11g** The IEEE specification for wireless Ethernet which allows speeds of up to 54 Mbps. The standard provides for 6, 12, 24, 36, 48 and 54 Mbps data rates. The rates will switch automatically depending on range and environment.
- **10BASE-T** The IEEE specification for 10 Mbps Ethernet over Category 3, 4 or 5 twisted pair cable.
- **100BASE-TX** The IEEE specification for 100 Mbps Fast Ethernet over Category 5 twisted-pair cable.
- Access Point An access point is a device through which wireless clients connect to other wireless clients and which acts as a bridge between wireless clients and a wired network, such as Ethernet. Wireless clients can be moved anywhere within the coverage area of the access point and still connect with each other. If connected to an Ethernet network, the access point monitors Ethernet traffic and forwards appropriate Ethernet messages to the wireless network, while also monitoring wireless client radio traffic and forwarding wireless client messages to the Ethernet LAN.
- Ad Hoc mode Ad Hoc mode is a configuration supported by most wireless clients. It is used to connect a peer to peer network together without the use of an access point. It offers lower performance than infrastructure mode, which is the mode the router uses. (see also Infrastructure mode.)

- Auto-negotiation Some devices in the range support auto-negotiation. Auto-negotiation is where two devices sharing a link, automatically configure to use the best common speed. The order of preference (best first) is: 100BASE-TX full duplex, 100BASE-TX half duplex, 10BASE-T full duplex, and 10BASE-T half duplex. Auto-negotiation is defined in the IEEE 802.3 standard for Ethernet and is an operation that takes place in a few milliseconds.
 - **Bandwidth** The information capacity, measured in bits per second, that a channel can transmit. The bandwidth of Ethernet is 10 Mbps, the bandwidth of Fast Ethernet is 100 Mbps. The bandwidth for 802.11b wireless is 11Mbps.
- **Category 3 Cables** One of five grades of Twisted Pair (TP) cabling defined by the EIA/TIA-586 standard. Category 3 is voice grade cable and can only be used in Ethernet networks (10BASE-T) to transmit data at speeds of up to 10 Mbps.
- **Category 5 Cables** One of five grades of Twisted Pair (TP) cabling defined by the EIA/TIA-586 standard. Category 5 can be used in Ethernet (10BASE-T) and Fast Ethernet networks (100BASE-TX) and can transmit data up to speeds of 100 Mbps. Category 5 cabling is better to use for network cabling than Category 3, because it supports both Ethernet (10 Mbps) and Fast Ethernet (100 Mbps) speeds.
 - **Channel** Similar to any radio device, the Wireless Cable/DSL router allows you to choose different radio channels in the wireless spectrum. A channel is a particular frequency within the 2.4GHz spectrum within which the Router operates.
 - **Client** The term used to describe the desktop PC that is connected to your network.
 - **DHCP** Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol. This protocol automatically assigns an IP address for every computer on your network. Windows 95, Windows 98 and Windows NT 4.0 contain software that assigns IP addresses to workstations on a network. These assignments are made by the DHCP server software that runs on Windows NT Server, and Windows 95 and Windows 98 will call the server to obtain the address. Windows 98 will allocate itself an address if no DHCP server can be found.

- **DNS Server Address** DNS stands for Domain Name System, which allows Internet host computers to have a domain name (such as 3com.com) and one or more IP addresses (such as 192.34.45.8). A DNS server keeps a database of host computers and their respective domain names and IP addresses, so that when a domain name is requested (as in typing "3com.com" into your Internet browser), the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server address used by the computers on your home network is the location of the DNS server your ISP has assigned.
 - **DSL modem** DSL stands for digital subscriber line. A DSL modem uses your existing phone lines to send and receive data at high speeds.
 - **Encryption** A method for providing a level of security to wireless data transmissions. The Router uses two levels of encryption; 40/64 bit and 128 bit. 128 bit is a more powerful level of encryption than 40/64 bit.
 - **ESSID** Extended Service Set Identifier. The ESSID is a unique identifier for your wireless network. You must have the same ESSID entered into the Router and each of it's wireless clients.
 - **Ethernet** A LAN specification developed jointly by Xerox, Intel and Digital Equipment Corporation. Ethernet networks use CSMA/CD to transmit packets at a rate of 10 Mbps over a variety of cables.
 - **Ethernet Address** See MAC address.
 - **Fast Ethernet** An Ethernet system that is designed to operate at 100 Mbps.
 - **Firewall** Electronic protection that prevents anyone outside of your network from seeing your files or damaging your computers.
 - **Full Duplex** A system that allows packets to be transmitted and received at the same time and, in effect, doubles the potential throughput of a link.
 - **Half Duplex** A system that allows packets to transmitted and received, but not at the same time. Contrast with full duplex.

- **Hub** A device that regenerates LAN traffic so that the transmission distance of that signal can be extended. Hubs are similar to repeaters, in that they connect LANs of the same type; however they connect more LANs than a repeater and are generally more sophisticated.
- **IEEE** Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers. This American organization was founded in 1963 and sets standards for computers and communications.
- **IETF** Internet Engineering Task Force. An organization responsible for providing engineering solutions for TCP/IP networks. In the network management area, this group is responsible for the development of the SNMP protocol.
- **Infrastructure mode** Infrastructure mode is the wireless configuration supported by the Router. You will need to ensure all of your clients are set up to use infrastructure mode in order for them to communicate with the Access Point built into your Router. (see also Ad Hoc mode)
 - **IP** Internet Protocol. IP is a Layer 3 network protocol that is the standard for sending data through a network. IP is part of the TCP/IP set of protocols that describe the routing of packets to addressed devices. An IP address consists of 32 bits divided into two or three fields: a network number and a host number or a network number, a subnet number, and a host number.
 - **IP Address** Internet Protocol Address. A unique identifier for a device attached to a network using TCP/IP. The address is written as four octets separated with periods (full-stops), and is made up of a network section, an optional subnet section and a host section.
 - **IPsec** IP Security. Provides IP network-layer encryption. IPSec can support large encryption networks (such as the Internet) by using digital certificates for device authentication. When setting up an IPSec connection between two devices, make sure that they support the same encryption method.
 - **ISP** Internet Service Provider. An ISP is a business that provides connectivity to the Internet for individuals and other businesses or organizations.

- LAN Local Area Network. A network of end stations (such as PCs, printers, servers) and network devices (hubs and switches) that cover a relatively small geographic area (usually not larger than a floor or building). LANs are characterized by high transmission speeds over short distances (up to 1000 metres).
- **MAC** Media Access Control. A protocol specified by the IEEE for determining which devices have access to a network at any one time.
- **MAC Address** Media Access Control Address. Also called the hardware or physical address. A Layer 2 address associated with a particular network device. Most devices that connect to a LAN have a MAC address assigned to them as they are used to identify other devices in a network. MAC addresses are 6 bytes long.
 - **NAT** Network Address Translation. NAT enables all the computers on your network to share one IP address. The NAT capability of the Router allows you to access the Internet from any computer on your home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from your ISP.
 - **Network** A network is a collection of computers and other computer equipment that is connected for the purpose of exchanging information or sharing resources. Networks vary in size, some are within a single room, others span continents.
- Network Interface
Card (NIC)A circuit board installed into a piece of computing equipment, for
example, a computer, that enables you to connect it to the network. A
NIC is also known as an adapter or adapter card.
 - **Protocol** A set of rules for communication between devices on a network. The rules dictate format, timing, sequencing and error control.
 - **PPPOE** Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet. Point-to-Point Protocol is a method of data transmission originally created for dial-up connections; PPPoE is for Ethernet connections.
 - **PPTP** Point-to-Point Tunneling Protocol is a method of secure data transmission between two remote sites over the Internet.

- **RJ-45** A standard connector used to connect Ethernet networks. The "RJ" stands for "registered jack".
- **Router** A device that acts as a central hub by connecting to each computer's network interface card and managing the data traffic between the local network and the Internet.
- **Server** A computer in a network that is shared by multiple end stations. Servers provide end stations with access to shared network services such as computer files and printer queues.
 - **SSID** Service Set Identifier. Some vendors of wireless products use SSID interchangeably with ESSID.
- **Subnet Address** An extension of the IP addressing scheme that allows a site to use a single IP network address for multiple physical networks.
 - **Subnet Mask** A subnet mask, which may be a part of the TCP/IP information provided by your ISP, is a set of four numbers configured like an IP address. It is used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network (as opposed to valid IP address numbers recognized by the Internet, which must assigned by InterNIC).
 - **Subnets** A network that is a component of a larger network.
 - **Switch** A device that interconnects several LANs to form a single logical LAN that comprises of several LAN segments. Switches are similar to bridges, in that they connect LANs of a different type; however they connect more LANs than a bridge and are generally more sophisticated.
 - **TCP/IP** Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol. This is the name for two of the most well-known protocols developed for the interconnection of networks. Originally a UNIX standard, TCP/IP is now supported on almost all platforms, and is the protocol of the Internet.

TCP relates to the content of the data travelling through a network — ensuring that the information sent arrives in one piece when it reaches its destination. IP relates to the address of the end station to which data is being sent, as well as the address of the destination network.

Traffic The movement of data packets on a network.

Universal Plug and Universal Plug and Play is a system which allows compatible applications to read some of their settings from the Router. This allows them to automatically configure some, or all, of their settings and need less user configuration.

- **URL Filter** A URL Filter is a feature of a firewall that allows it to stop its clients form browsing inappropriate Web sites.
 - **WAN** Wide Area Network. A network that connects computers located in geographically separate areas (for example, different buildings, cities, or countries). The Internet is an example of a wide area network.
 - **WDS** Wireless Distribution System. WDS enables one or more access points to rebroadcast received signals to extend range and reach, though this can affect the overall throughput of data.
 - WECA Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance. An industry group formed to certify cross vendor interoperability and compatibility of 802.11b and 802.11g wireless networking products and to promote the standard for enterprise, small business and home environments. (see also 802.11b, 802.11g, Wi-Fi)
 - **WEP** Wired Equivalent Privacy. A shared key encryption mechanism for wireless networking. Encryption strength is 40/64 bit or 128 bit.
 - **Wi-Fi** Wireless Fidelity. This is the certification granted by WECA to products that meet their interoperability criteria. (see also 802.11b, WECA)
- **Wireless Client** The term used to describe a desktop or mobile PC that is wirelessly connected to your wireless network.

Wireless LAN Service Another term for ESSID (Extended Service Set Identifier). Area

Wizard A Windows application that automates a procedure such as installation or configuration.

- **WLAN** Wireless Local Area Network. A WLAN is a group of computers and devices connected together by wireless in a relatively small area (such as a house or office).
 - **WPA** Wi-Fi Protected Access. A dynamically changing encryption mechanism for wireless networking. Encryption strength is 256 bit.

REGULATORY NOTICES

For The Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router

GENERAL STATEMENTS	The 3Com Wireless 11g Cable/DSL Router (WL-550) must be installed and used in strict accordance with the manufacturer's instructions as described in the user documentation that comes with the product.
	This product contains encryption. It is unlawful to export out of the U.S. without obtaining a U.S. Export License.
	This product does not contain any user serviceable components. Any unauthorized product changes or modifications will invalidate 3Com's warranty and all applicable regulatory certifications and approvals.
	This product can only be used with the supplied antenna(s).
BRAZIL ANATEL COMPLIANCE	Este produto está homologado pela ANATEL, de acordo com os procedimentos regulamentados pela Resolução 242/2000 e atende aos requisitos técnicos aplicados.
	Este equipamento opera em caráter secundário, isto é, não tem direito a proteção contra interferência prejudicial, mesmo de estações do mesmo tipo, e não pode causar interferência a sistemas operando em caráter primário.
	Para maiores informações, consulte o site da ANATEL – www.anatel.gov.br
	Address Value And Andress Conference Conference Address Conference Add
	(01)07898335271737

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