

**UDC 2300
Universal Digital Controller
User Manual**

51-52-25-83D

4/00

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About This Document

Abstract

This document provides descriptions and procedures for the Installation, Configuration, Operation, and Troubleshooting of your UDC2300 Controller. For a full UDC2300 product manual, request document number 51-52-25-73.

Contacts

World Wide Web

The following lists Honeywell's World Wide Web sites that will be of interest to our customers.

Honeywell Organization	WWW Address (URL)
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Latin America	Honeywell, Sunrise, Florida U.S.A.	(954) 845-2600

Symbol Definitions

The following table lists those symbols used in this document to denote certain conditions.

Symbol	Definition
	This CAUTION symbol on the equipment refers the user to the Product Manual for additional information. This symbol appears next to required information in the manual.
	WARNING PERSONAL INJURY: Risk of electrical shock. This symbol warns the user of a potential shock hazard where HAZARDOUS LIVE voltages greater than 30 Vrms, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 VDC may be accessible. Failure to comply with these instructions could result in death or serious injury.
	ATTENTION, Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) hazards. Observe precautions for handling electrostatic sensitive devices
	Protective Earth (PE) terminal. Provided for connection of the protective earth (green or green/yellow) supply system conductor.
	Functional earth terminal. Used for non-safety purposes such as noise immunity improvement. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to protective earth at the source of supply in accordance with national local electrical code requirements.
	Earth Ground. Functional earth connection. NOTE: This connection shall be bonded to Protective earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and local electrical code requirements.
	Chassis Ground. Identifies a connection to the chassis or frame of the equipment shall be bonded to Protective Earth at the source of supply in accordance with national and local electrical code requirements.

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1 Introduction

1.1 Overview

The UDC 2300 is a microprocessor-based stand-alone controller. It combines reliability and operating simplicity in a cost-effective 1/4-DIN size controller.

The UDC 2300 monitors and controls temperatures and other variables in applications such as environmental chambers, plastic processing machines, furnaces and ovens, and packaging machinery.

Its features include:

- *Universal AC Power Supply,*
- *Input/Output Isolation,*
- *Isolated Auxiliary Current Output / Digital Input,*
- *Modbus and ASCII Communications,*
- *Timer,*
- *Accutune II Tuning with Fuzzy Logic Overshoot Suppression,*
- *2nd Input (Remote Setpoint),*
- *Setpoint Ramp/Rate/Program,*
- *Three Position Step Control,*
- *Duplex (Heat/Cool).*

The UDC 2300 is also downward compatible with existing UDC 2000 applications and installations **except** for RTD and 0-10 Volt inputs. See wiring diagrams in Section 2 - Installation.

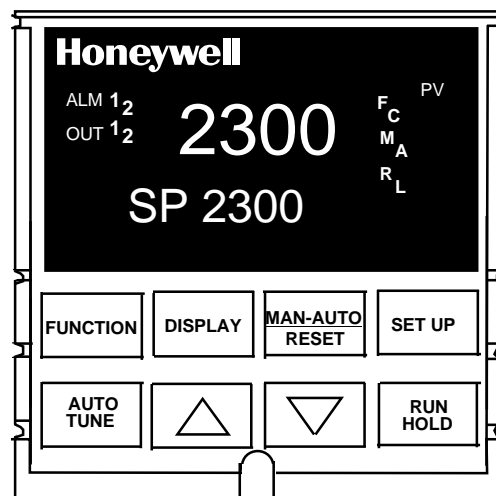


Figure 1-1 UDC2300 Operator Interface

1.2 CE Conformity (Europe)

This product is in conformity with the protection requirements of the following European Council Directives: **73/23/EEC**, the Low Voltage Directive, and **89/336/EEC**, the EMC Directive. Conformity of this product with any other “CE Mark” Directive(s) shall not be assumed.

Product Classification: Class I: Permanently connected, panel-mounted Industrial Control Equipment with protective earthing (grounding). (EN61010-1).

Enclosure Rating: Panel-mounted equipment, IP 00. This controller must be panel-mounted. Terminals must be enclosed within the panel. Front panel IP 65 (IEC 529).

Installation Category (Overvoltage Category): Category II: Energy-consuming equipment supplied from the fixed installation, local level appliances, and Industrial Control Equipment. (EN61010-1)

Pollution Degree: Pollution Degree 2: Normally non-conductive pollution with occasional conductivity caused by condensation. (Ref. IEC 664-1)

EMC Classification: Group 1, Class A, ISM Equipment (EN55011, emissions), Industrial Equipment (EN50082-2, immunity)

Method of EMC Assessment: Technical File (TF)

Declaration of Conformity: 51309602-000

Deviation from the installation conditions specified in this manual, and the special conditions for CE conformity in Section 2.1, may invalidate this product's conformity with the Low Voltage and EMC Directives.

2 Installation

2.1 Overview

Introduction

Installation of the UDC 2300 consists of mounting and wiring the controller according to the instructions given in this section. Read the pre-installation information, check the model number interpretation (Appendix B), and become familiar with your model selections, then proceed with installation.

2.2 Preliminary Checks

Introduction

Before you install the controller, remove the chassis and make any preliminary checks necessary that are listed in Table 2-1. Figure 2-1 shows the locations for jumper placements.

Table 2-1 Preliminary Checks

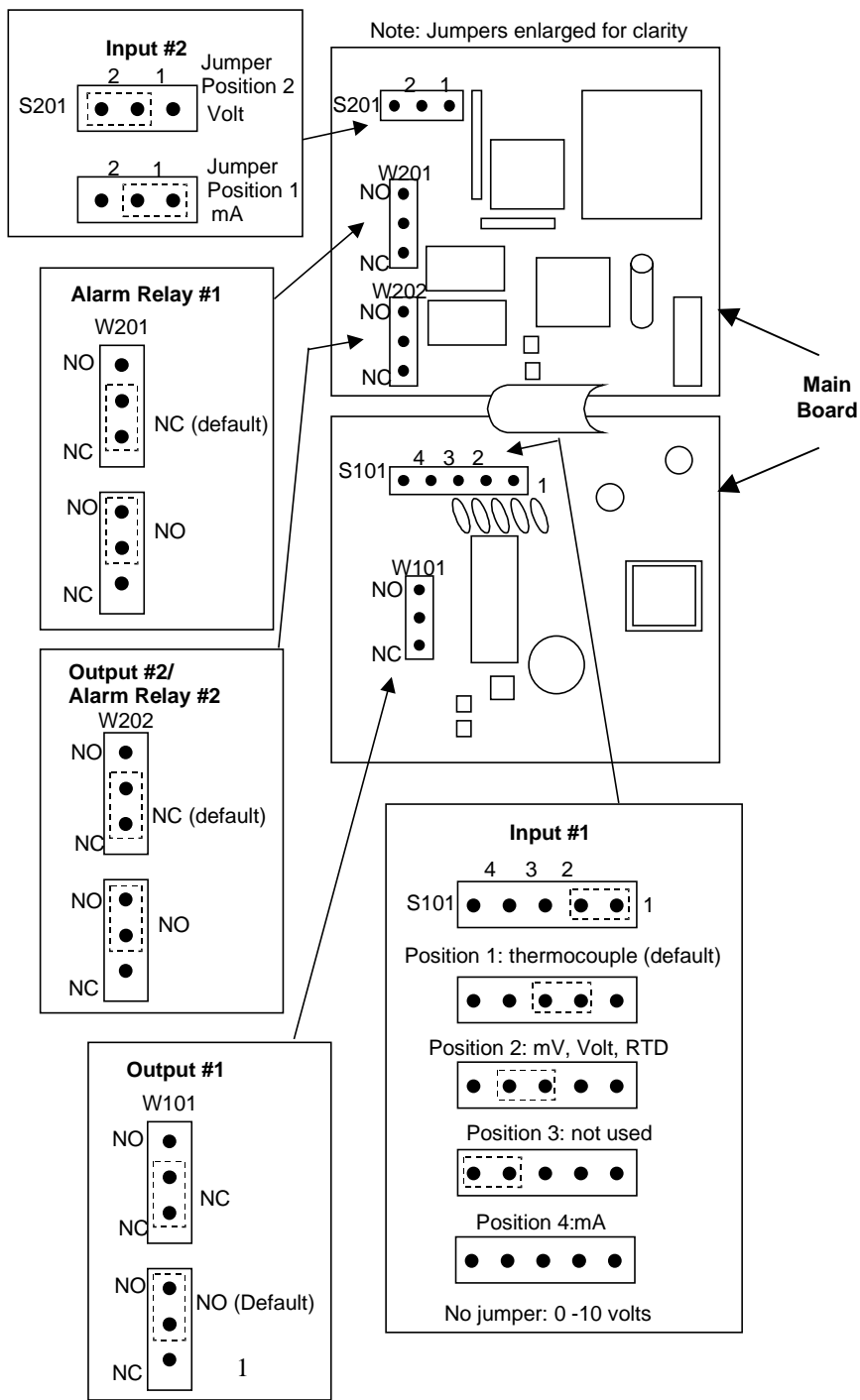
Check Number	Preliminary Check	Description
1	Input 1 Jumper Placement	Check the internal jumper for INPUT 1 to make sure it is set for the correct input type. The jumper is located at position S101 on the printed wiring board. Figure 2-1 shows the location of the jumper and position selections.
2	Optional Input 2 (RSP) Jumper Placement	Check the internal jumper for INPUT 2 to make sure it is set for the correct input type. The jumper is located at position S201 on the printed wiring board. Figure 2-1 shows the location of the jumper and position selections.
3	Control Relay 1 and Current Output	Check the internal jumper (W101) for CONTROL. The relay is shipped as N.O. (Normally Open). Figure 2-1 shows the location of the jumper and position selections. See Table 2-2 for Control Relay contact information.

Check Number	Preliminary Check	Description
4	Control Relay 2 and Alarm Relay Action.	<p>The controller has been shipped with ALARM relays configured for N.C. (Normally Closed). If you want to change to N.O. refer to Figure 2-1, Jumper positions W201 and W202:</p> <p>W201 is the ALARM RELAY 1 jumper.</p> <p>W202 is the jumper for CONTROL RELAY #2 for Duplex Output or 3 position step control and an ALARM RELAY 2 for all others.</p> <p>See Table 2-2 for Control Relay contact information, and Table 2-3 for Alarm Relay contact information.</p> <p>See Alarm Relay Caution Note, Page 6.</p>

Note: Solid State and open collector Outputs must have jumper set to N.O. (Normally Open).

3 Position Step and Time Duplex must have Output 2-jumper (W202) set to N.O (Normally Open).

Jumper Placements



1. For Current Output use the N.O. position

Figure 2-1 Jumper Placements

2.3 Control and Alarm Relay Contact Information

Control Relays

ATTENTION

Control relays operate in the standard control mode (that is, energized when output state is on).

Table 2-2 Control Relay Contact Information

Unit Power	Control Relay Wiring	Control Relay Contact	#1 or #2 Output Indicator Status
Off	N.O.	Open	Off
	N.C.	Closed	
On	N.O.	Open Closed	Off On
	N.C.	Closed Open	Off On

Alarm Relays

ATTENTION

Alarm relays are designed to operate in a Failsafe mode (that is, de-energized during alarm state). This results in alarm actuation when power is OFF or when initially applied, until the unit completes self-diagnostics. If power is lost to the unit, the alarms will function.

Table 2-3 Alarm Relay Contact Information

Unit Power	Alarm Relay Wiring	Variable NOT in Alarm State		Variable in Alarm State	
		Relay Contact	Indicators	Relay Contact	Indicators
Off	N.O.	Open	Off	Open	Off
	N.C.	Closed		Closed	
On	N.O.	Closed	Off	Open	On
	N.C.	Open		Closed	

2.4 Mounting

Physical Considerations

The controller can be mounted on either a vertical or tilted panel using the mounting kit supplied. Adequate access space must be available at the back of the panel for installation and servicing activities.

- The controller's mounting enclosure must be grounded according to CSA standard C22.2 No. 0.4 or Factory Mutual Class No. 3820 paragraph 6.1.5.
- The front panel is moisture rated NEMA 3/IP65 (IEC) when properly installed with panel gasket.

Overall Dimensions

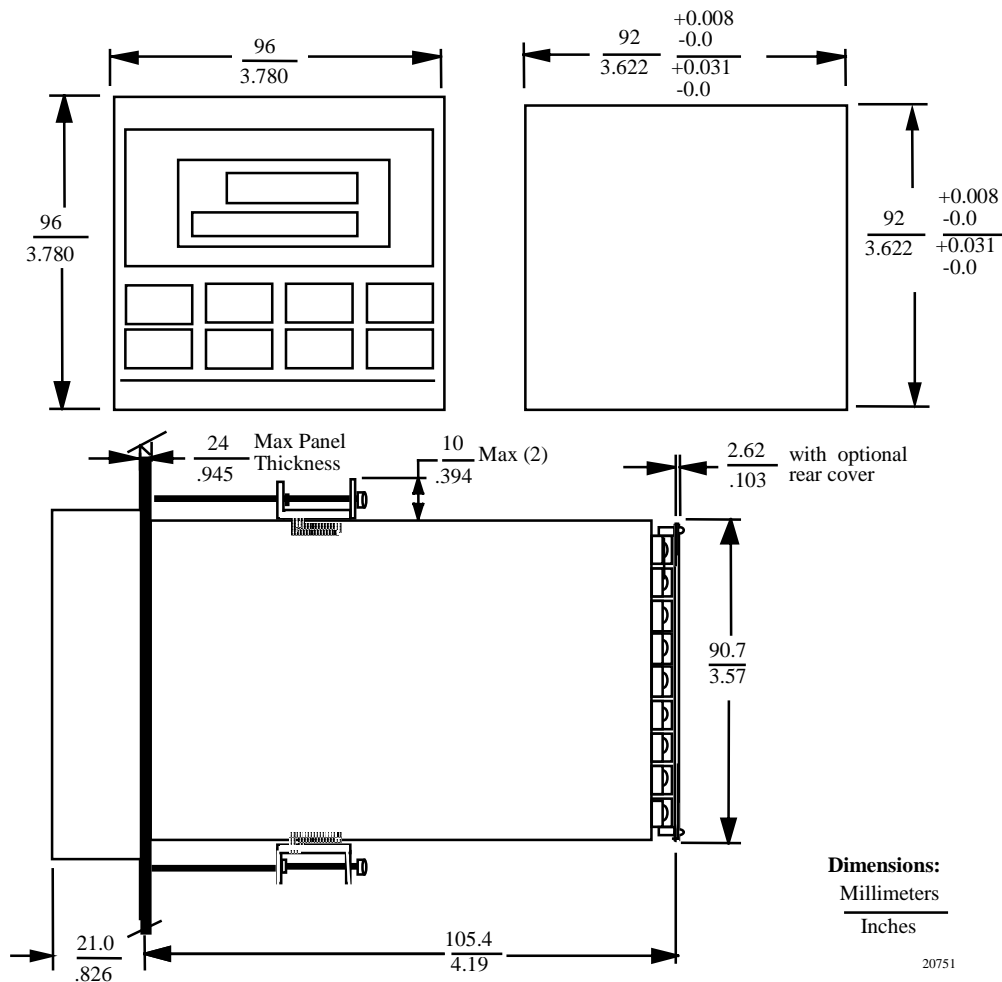


Figure 2-2 Mounting Dimensions (not to scale)

Mounting Method

Before mounting the controller, refer to the nameplate on the outside of the case and make a note of the model number. It will help later when selecting the proper wiring configuration.

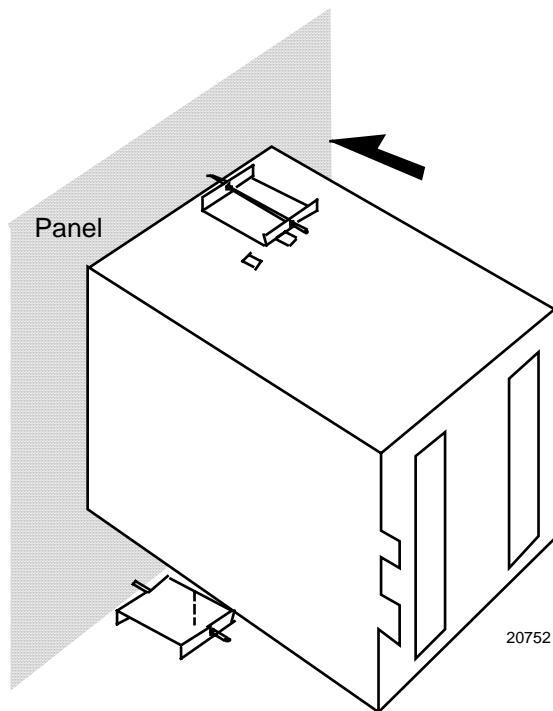


Figure 2-3 Mounting Method

Mounting Procedure

Table 2-4 Mounting Procedure

Step	Action
1	Mark and cut out the controller hole in the panel according to the dimension information in Figure 2-2.
2	Remove the screw cover and loosen the screw on the front of the controller. Pull the chassis out of the case.
3	Orient the case properly and slide it through the panel hole from the front.
4	Remove the mounting kit from the shipping container and install the kit as follows: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li data-bbox="402 1608 1429 1640">• Install the screws into the threaded holes of the clips. <li data-bbox="402 1650 1429 1713">• Insert the prongs of the clips into the two holes in the top and bottom of the case. <li data-bbox="402 1724 1429 1755">• Tighten both screws to secure the case against the panel. <li data-bbox="402 1766 1429 1829">• Carefully slide the chassis assembly into the case, press to close, and tighten the screw. Replace the screw cover.

2.5 Wiring

Electrical Considerations



The controller is considered “rack and panel mounted equipment” per EN61010-1, Safety Requirements for Electrical Equipment for Measurement, Control, and Laboratory Use, Part 1: General Requirements. Conformity with 72/23/EEC, the Low Voltage Directive requires the user to provide adequate protection against a shock hazard. The user shall install this controller in an enclosure that limits OPERATOR access to the rear terminals.

Mains Power Supply

This equipment is suitable for connection to 90 to 264 Vac, 50/60 Hz, power supply mains. It is the user’s responsibility to provide a switch and non-time delay (North America), quick-acting, high breaking capacity, Type F (Europe), 1/2A, 250V fuse(s), or circuit-breaker, as part of the installation. The switch or circuit breaker shall be located in close proximity to the controller, within easy reach of the OPERATOR. The switch or circuit breaker shall be marked as the disconnecting device for the controller.

Controller Grounding

PROTECTIVE BONDING (grounding) of this controller and the enclosure in which it is installed shall be in accordance with National and Local electrical codes. To minimize electrical noise and transients that may adversely affect the system, supplementary bonding of the controller enclosure to a local ground, using a No. 12 (4 mm²) copper conductor, is recommended.

Control/Alarm Circuit Wiring

The insulation of wires connected to the Control/Alarm terminals shall be rated for the highest voltage involved. Extra Low Voltage (ELV) wiring (input, current output, and low voltage Control/Alarm circuits) shall be separated from HAZARDOUS LIVE (>30 Vac, 42.4 Vpeak, or 60 Vdc) wiring per Permissible Wiring Bundling, Table 2-5.

Electrical Noise Precautions

Electrical noise is composed of unabated electrical signals, which produce undesirable effects in measurements and control circuits.

Digital equipment is especially sensitive to the effects of electrical noise. Your controller has built-in circuits to reduce the effect of electrical noise from various sources. If there is a need to further reduce these effects:

- *Separate External Wiring*—Separate connecting wires into bundles (See Permissible Wiring Bundling - Table 2-5) and route the individual bundles through separate conduit metal trays.

- *Use Suppression Devices*—For additional noise protection, you may want to add suppression devices at the external source. Appropriate suppression devices are commercially available.

ATTENTION

For additional noise information, refer to Document #51-52-05-01, *How to Apply Digital Instrumentation in Severe Electrical Noise Environments*.

Permissible Wiring Bundling

Table 2-5 Permissible Wiring Bundling

Bundle No.	Wire Functions
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Line power wiring • Earth ground wiring • Control relay output wiring • Line voltage alarm wiring
2	<p>Analog signal wire, such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Input signal wire (thermocouple, 4 to 20 mA, etc.) • 4-20 mA output signal wiring <p>Digital input signals</p>
3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Low voltage alarm relay output wiring • Low voltage wiring to solid state type control circuits

Universal Output Functionality and Restrictions

Table 2-6 Universal Output Functionality and Restrictions

Output Type	Output/Socket				
	Current Output	Relay #1	Relay #2	Relay #3	Auxiliary Output
Time Simplex 1	N/I	Output 1	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Time Simplex 2	N/A	N/I	Output 1	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Current Simplex	Output	N/I	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Time Duplex or TPSC	N/I	Output 1	Output 2	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Current Dup. 100 %	Output 1	N/I	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Current Dup. 50 %	Output 1	N/I	Alarm 2	Alarm 1	Output 2
Current/Time	Output 1	N/I	Output 2	Alarm 1	Not Needed
Timer/Current	Output 2	N/I	Output 1	Alarm 1	Not Needed

N/I = Not Installed

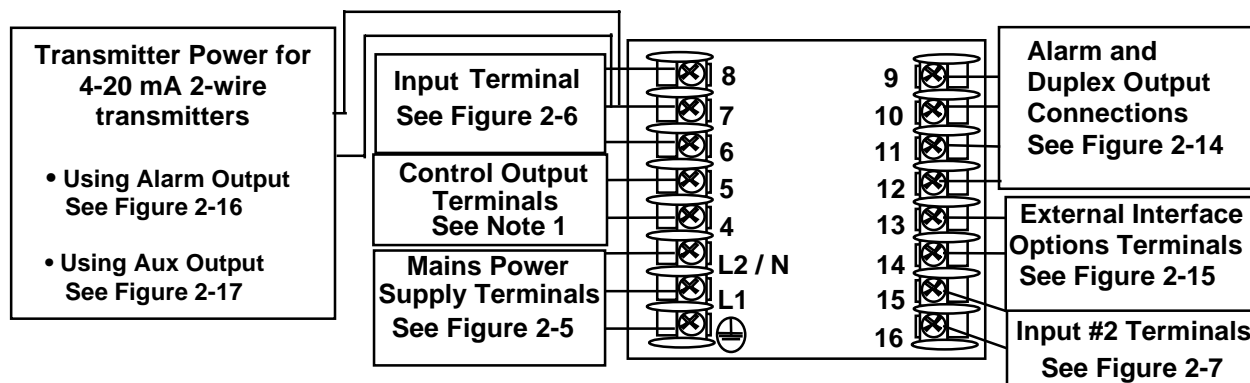
N/A = The output form or the individual output is Not Available or is not used for this output form.

Not Needed = Auxiliary Output is not needed to provide the desired output function and can be used for another purpose. Auxiliary Output could also be used as a substitute for current Output 1.

2.6 Wiring the Controller

Using the information contained in the model number, select the appropriate wiring diagrams from the composite wiring diagram below. Refer to the individual diagrams listed to wire the controller according to your requirements.

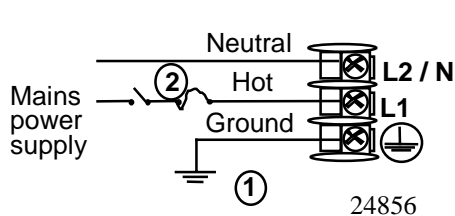
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Using Auxiliary Output	



NOTE1: Time Proportional Electromechanical Relay Output – See Figure 2-8
 Time Proportional Solid State Relay Output – See Figure 2-9
 Time Proportional Open Collector Output – See Figure 2-10
 Current Output – See Figure 2-11
 External Solid State Relay Output – See Figure 2-12
 Three Position Step Control Output – See Figure 2-13

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Figure 2-4 Composite Wiring Diagram

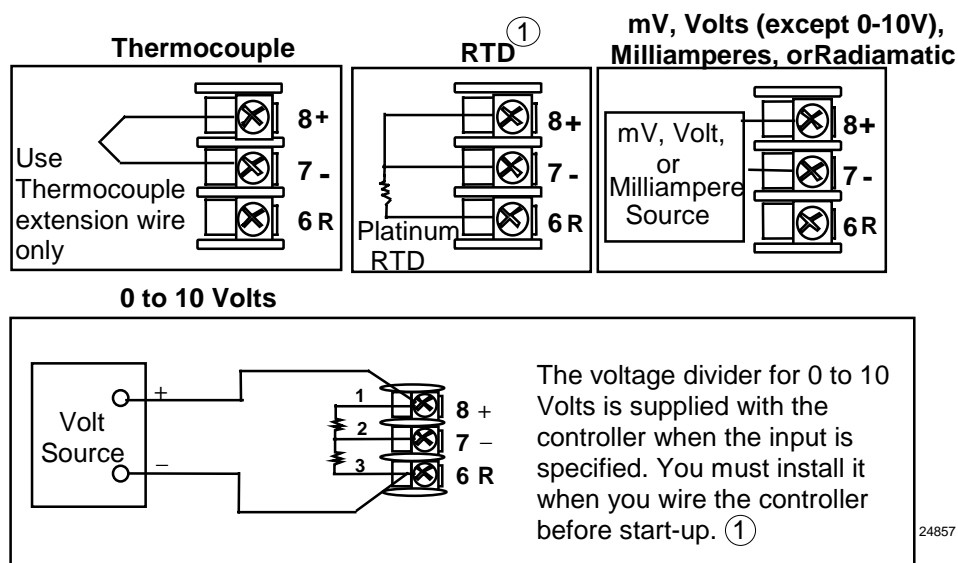


① PROTECTIVE BONDING (grounding) of this controller and the enclosure in which it is installed, shall be in accordance with National and Local electrical codes. To minimize electrical noise and transients that may adversely affect the system, supplementary bonding of the controller enclosure to a local ground, using a No. 12 (4 mm²) copper conductor, is recommended.

Before powering the controller, see “Preliminary Checks” in this section of the user manual for switch and jumper settings.

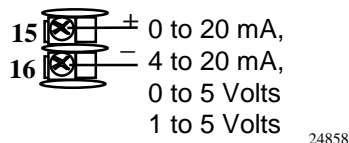
② Provide a switch and non-time delay (North America), quick-acting, high breaking capacity, type F (Europe), 1/2 A, 250 V fuse(s), or circuit-breaker as part of the installation.

Figure 2-5 Mains Power Supply



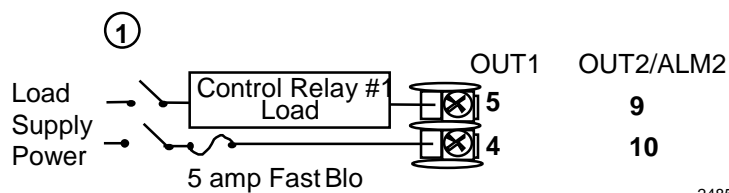
① These inputs are wired differently than the UDC2000

Figure 2-6 Input 1 Connections



See “Preliminary Checks” in this section of the User Manual for jumper selections.

Figure 2-7 Input 2 Connections

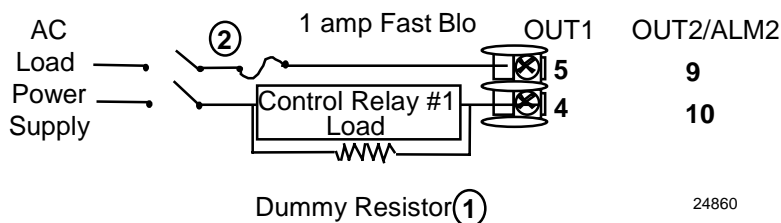


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- ① Control relays 1 and 2 are configured N.O. as shipped. Alarm relays 1 and 2 are configured N.C. as shipped. N.O. or N.C. configurations are selectable by jumpers on the Main printed wiring boards. See “Preliminary Checks” in this section of the User Manual for details. Each SPST relay is rated at 5A, 120 Vac and 30 Vdc, 2.5 A 240 Vac. User-provided fuses should be sized accordingly. For solid state relay outputs, see Figure 2-12.

See Figure 2-14 for Alarm and Duplex Output Connections. See Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 for Control and Alarm Relay Contact information.

Figure 2-8 Electromechanical Relay Output

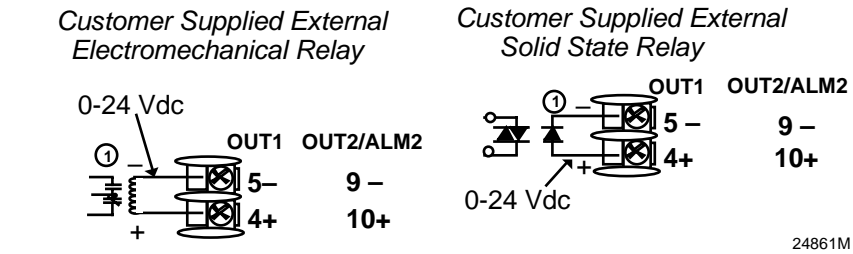


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- ① If the load current is less than the minimum rated value of 20 mA, there may be a residual voltage across both ends of the load even if the relay is turned off. Use a dummy resistor as shown to counteract this. The total current through the resistor and the load current must exceed 20 mA.
- ② Solid State relay is rated at 1 Amp at 25°C, linearly derated to 0.5 Amp at 55°C. Customer should size fuse accordingly.

See Figure 2-14 for Alarm and Duplex Output Connections. See Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 for Control and Alarm Relay Contact information.

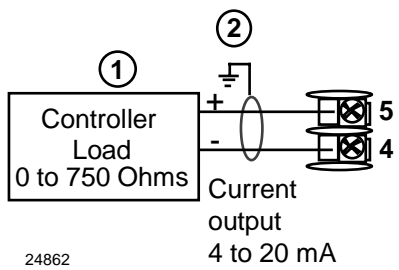
Figure 2-9 Solid State Relay Output



① **CAUTION** Open collector outputs are internally powered at 24 Vdc. Connecting an external supply will damage the controller. External relays should be fused between power and relay load.

See Figure 2-14 for Alarm and Duplex Output Connections.
See Tables 2-2 and 2-3 for Control and Alarm Relay Contact information.

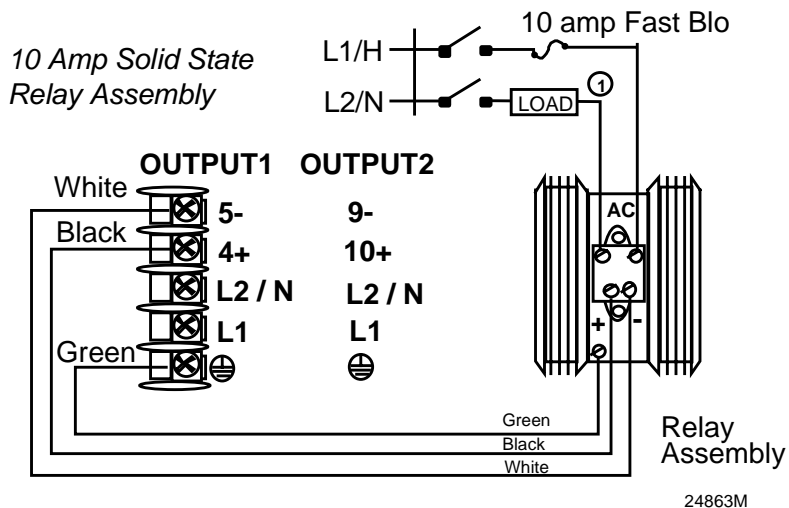
Figure 2-10 Open Collector Relay Output



- ① **CAUTION** Installing a current output instrument into a case wired for relay outputs will damage the instrument.
- ② Connect shield to ground at one end only.
- ③ Set output jumper per Figure 2-2.

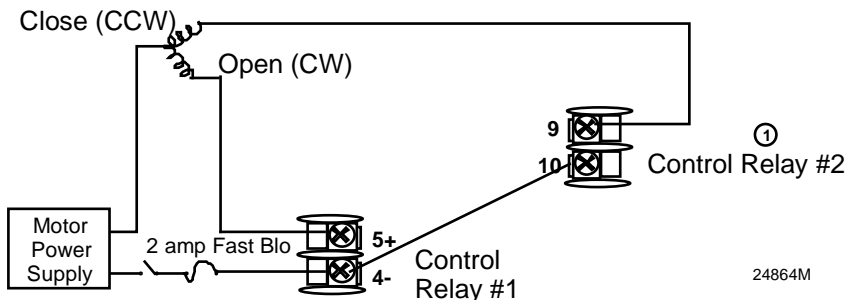
See Figure 2-14 for Alarm and Duplex Output Connections.
See Table 2-2 and Table 2-3 for Control and Alarm Relay Contact information.

Figure 2-11 Current Output



① This Solid State relay is rated at 15 Amps at 25°C, linearly derated to 10 Amps at 55°C. Customer should size fuse accordingly

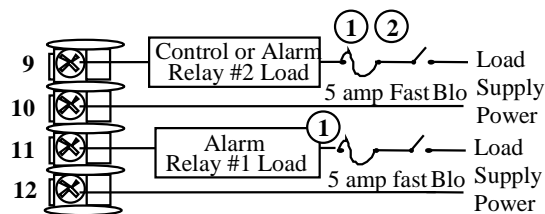
Figure 2-12 External Solid State Relay Option (Internal Open Collector Output)



① Alarm #2 is not available with Three Position Step Control.

See Figure 2-14 for Alarm and Duplex Output connections.

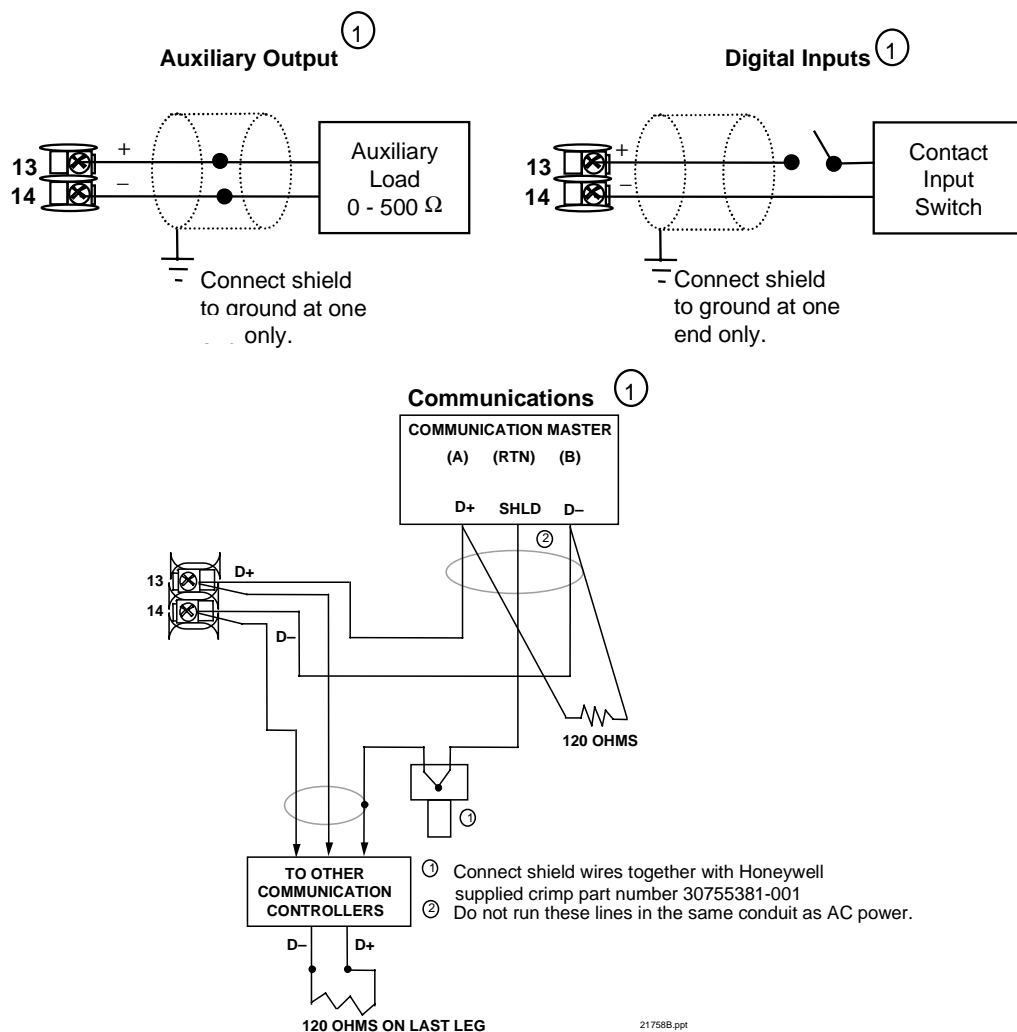
Figure 2-13 Three-Position Step Control Connections



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- ① Control relays 1 and 2 are configured N.O. as shipped. Alarm relays 1 and 2 are configured N.C. as shipped. N.O. or N.C. configurations are selectable by jumpers on main printed wiring boards. See "Preliminary Checks" in this sections of the User Manual for details. Each SPST relay is rated at 5 A, 120 Vac and 30 Vdc, 2.5 A, 240 Vac.
- ② Alarm #2 not available for Time Proportional Duplex or Three Position Step Control.

Figure 2-14 Alarm and Duplex Output Connections



- ① AuxOut , Digital Input and Communications are mutually exclusive.

Figure 2-15 External Interface Option Connections

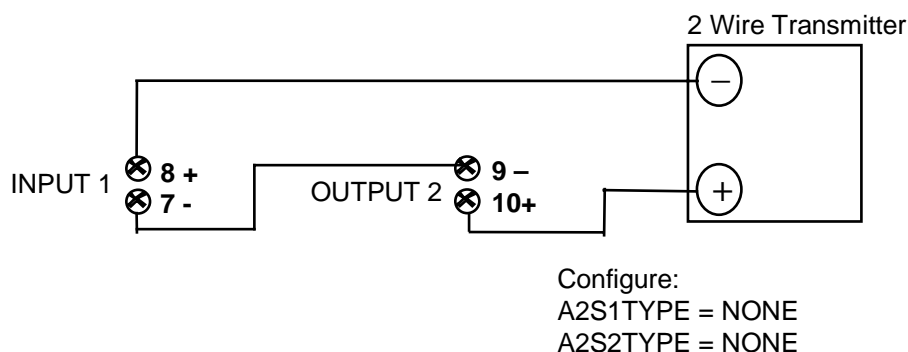


Figure 2-16 Transmitter Power for 4-20 mA — 2 wire Transmitter Using Open Collector Alarm 2 Output (Model DC230B-XT-XX-XX-XXXXXXXX-XX-X)

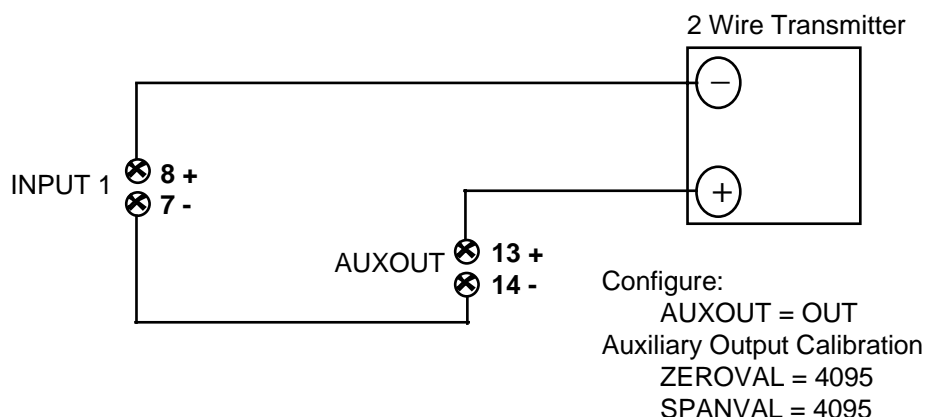


Figure 2-17 Transmitter Power for 4-20 mA — 2 Wire Transmitter Using Auxiliary Output (Model DC230B-XX-2X-XX-XXXXXXXX-XX-X)

2.7 Initial Start-up

Overview

This section gives you the information necessary to start up your controller prior to configuration. Review the Operator Interface portion (Subsection 2.8) to make sure you are familiar with the indicator definitions and key functions.

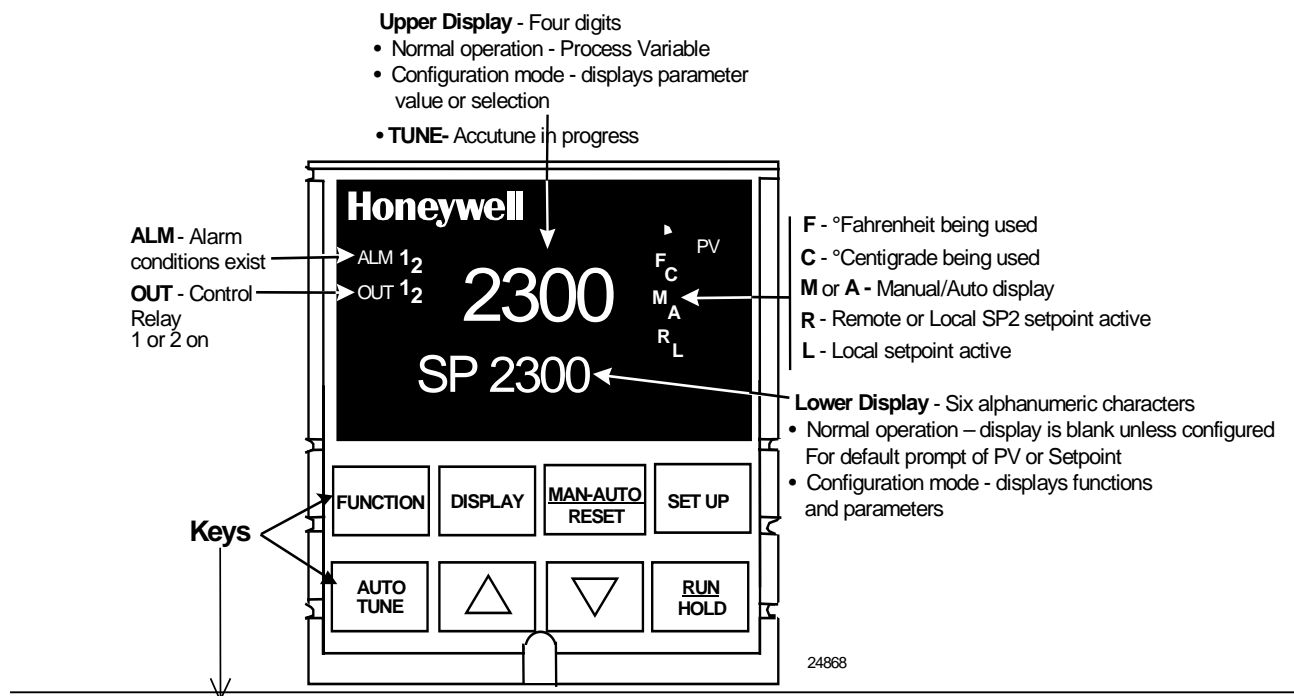
Apply Power

When power is applied, the controller will run three diagnostic tests. After these tests are completed, "TEST DONE" is displayed.

Test Failures

If one or more of these tests fail, the controller will go to the Failsafe Manual Mode, and FAILSF will flash in the lower display and a message indicating which test failed will appear in the lower display. Then, "DONE" will appear in the lower display.

2.8 Operator Interface and Key Functions



FUNCTION	Selects functions within each configuration group. Selects 2nd Setpoint or Remote Setpoint.	AUTO TUNE	Initiates Limit Cycle Tuning (Accutune).
DISPLAY	Returns Controller to normal display from Set Up mode. Toggles various operating parameters for display.	▲	Increases setpoint or output value. Increases the configuration values or changes functions in Configuration mode groups.
MAN-AUTO RESET	Selects Manual or Auto mode. Resets the latching Limit Controller relay. In Set Up mode, used to restore original value or selection.	▼	Decreases setpoint or output value. Decreases the configuration values or changes functions in Configuration mode groups.
SET UP	Scrolls through the configuration Setup groups.	RUN HOLD	Enables Run/Hold of the SP Ramp or Program plus Timer start.

Figure 2-18 Operator Interface and Key Functions

Key Error Message

When a key is pressed and the prompt KEYERR appears in the lower display, it will be for one of the following reasons:

- parameter is not available,
- not in Set Up mode, press **SET UP** key first,
- key malfunction.

3 Configuration

3.1 Overview

Introduction

Configuration is a dedicated operation where you use straightforward keystroke sequences to select and establish (configure) pertinent control data best suited for your application.

To assist you in the configuration process, there are prompts that appear in the upper and lower displays. These prompts let you know what group of configuration data (Set Up prompts) you are working with and also, the specific parameters (Function prompts) associated with each group.

Figure 3-1 shows you an overview of the prompt hierarchy as they appear in the controller.

As you will see, the configuration data is divided into 11 main Set Up groups plus prompts for calibration and prompts that show the status of the continuous background tests that are being performed.

3.2 Configuration Procedure

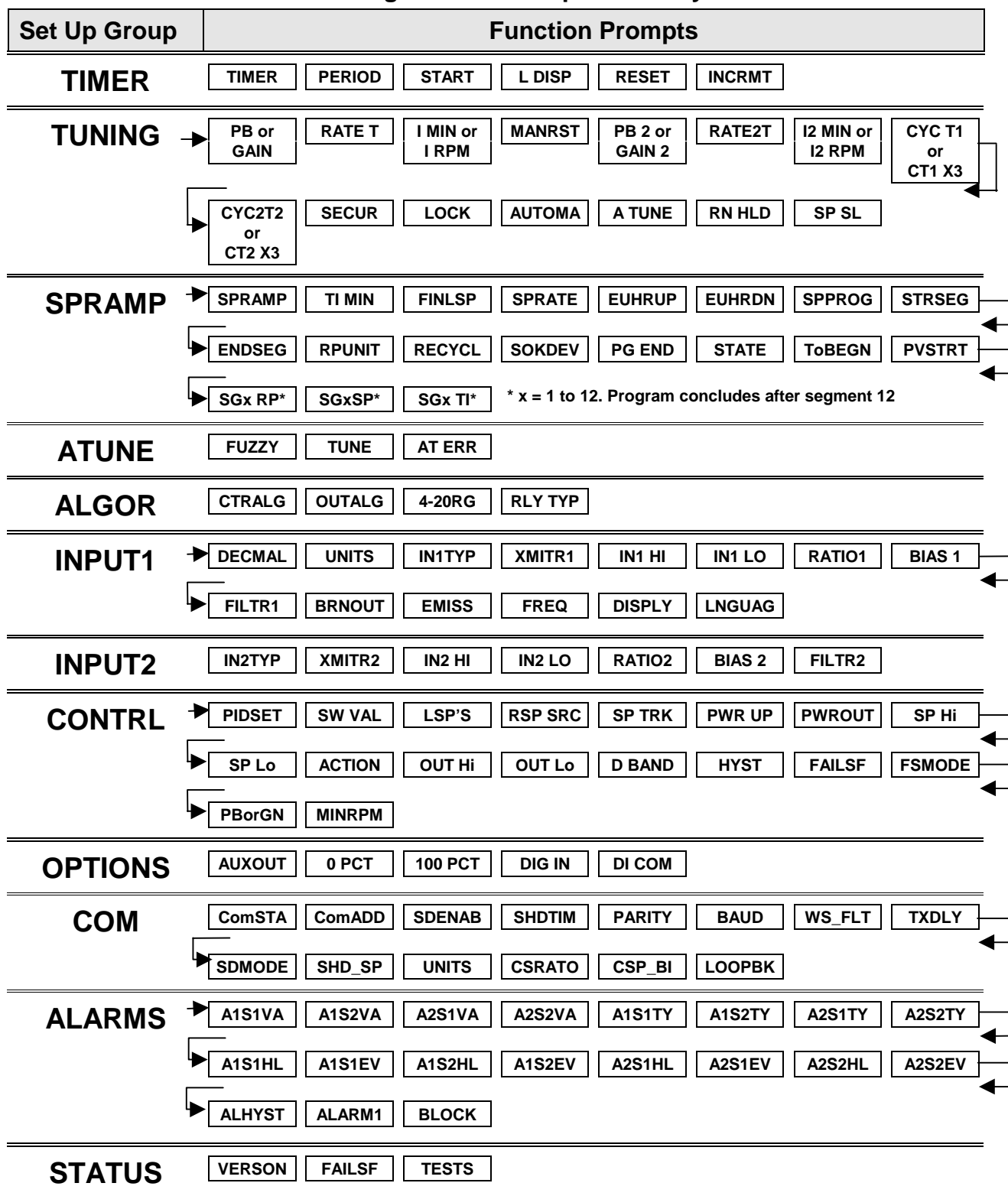
Introduction

Each of the Set Up groups and their functions are pre-configured at the factory. The factory settings are shown in Table 3-2 through Table 3-12 that follow this procedure.

If you want to change any of these selections or values, follow the procedure in Table 3-1 Configuration Procedure. This procedure tells you the keys to press to get to any Set Up group and any associated Function parameter prompt.

Record your selections on the Configuration Record Sheet found in Section 8 – Appendix C.

Figure 3-1 Prompt Hierarchy



Procedure

ATTENTION

The prompting scrolls at a rate of 2/3 seconds when the **SET UP** or **FUNCTION** key is held in. Also, [▲] [▼] keys will move group prompts forward or backward at a rate twice as fast.

Table 3-1 Configuration Procedure

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up Mode	SET UP	<i>Upper Display</i> = SET <i>Lower Display</i> = TIMER (This is the first Set Up Group title)
2	Select any Set Up Group	SET UP	Sequentially displays the other Set Up group titles. You can also use the [▲] [▼] keys to scan the Set Up groups in both directions. Stop at the Set Up group title that describes the group of parameters you want to configure. Then proceed to the next step.
3	Select a Function Parameter	FUNCTION	<i>Upper Display</i> = the current value or selection for the first function prompt of the selected Set Up group. <i>Lower Display</i> = the first Function prompt within that Set Up group. Sequentially displays the other function prompts of the Set Up group you have selected. Stop at the function prompt that you want to change, then proceed to the next step.
4	Change the Value or Selection	[▲] [▼]	Increments or decrements the value or selection that appears for the selected function prompt. If you change the value or selection of a parameter while in Set Up mode then decide not to enter it, press [MAN-AUTO/RESET] once—the original value or selection is recalled.
5	Enter the Value or Selection	FUNCTION	Enters value or selection made into memory after another key is pressed.
6	Exit Configuration	DISPLAY	Exits configuration mode and returns controller to the same state it was in immediately preceding entry into the Set Up mode. It stores any changes you have made. If you do not press any keys for 30 seconds, the controller times out and reverts to the mode and display used prior to entry into Set Up mode.

3.3 Timer Set Up Group

Introduction

The Timer Set Up group allows you to configure a time-out period and to select the timer start by either the keyboard (**RUN/HOLD** key) or Alarm 2. The optional digital input can also be configured to start the timer. The timer display is selectable as either “time remaining” (see *TREM*) or “elapsed time” (see *ET*).

Alarm 1 is activated at the end of the time-out period. When the timer is enabled, it has exclusive control of the alarm 1 relay—any previous alarm 1 configuration is ignored. At time-out, the timer is ready to be activated again by whatever action has been configured.

Function Prompts

Table 3-2 TIMER Group (Numeric Code 100) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
TIMER	101	Enable or Disable Timer	0	DIS	DIS
			1	ENAB	
PERIOD	102	Time-out Period		0:00 to 99:59 Select length of time in Hours and Minutes, or Minutes and Seconds.	0:01
START	103	Timer Function Start	0	KEY (Run/Hold key)	KEY
			1	AL2 (Alarm 2)	
L DISP	104	Timer Display	0	TREM (time remaining)	TREM
			1	ET (elapsed time)	
RESET	105	Timer Reset Control	0	KEY (Run/Hold key)	KEY
			1	AL1 (Alarm 1 or Key)	
INCRMT	106	Timer Count Increment	0	MIN (Counts HR/MIN)	MIN
			1	SEC (Counts MIN/SEC)	

3.4 Tuning Set Up Group

Introduction

Tuning consists of establishing the appropriate values for the tuning constants you are using so that your controller responds correctly to changes in process variable and setpoint. You can start with predetermined values but you will have to watch the system to see how to modify them. **The Accutune feature automatically selects Gain, Rate, and Reset on demand.**

ATTENTION

Because this group contains functions that have to do with security and lockout, we recommend that you configure this group last, after all other configuration data has been loaded.

Function Prompts

Table 3-3 TUNING Group (Numeric Code 200) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
PB or GAIN	201	Proportional Band or Gain		PB = 0.1 to 1000 % Gain = 0.01 to 1000	1.0
RATE T	202	Rate in Minutes		0.00 to 10.00 minutes 0.08 or less = OFF	0.00
I MIN or I RPM	203	Reset in minutes/repeat Reset in repeats/minute		0.02 to 50.00 0.02 to 50.00	1.0 1.0
MANRST	204	Manual Reset		-100 to 100 % Output	0.0
PB 2 or GAIN 2	205	Proportional Band 2 or Gain 2		PB = 0.1 to 1000 % Gain = 0.01 to 1000	1.0
RATE2T	206	Rate 2 in Minutes		0.00 to 10.00 minutes 0.08 or less = OFF	0.00
I2 MIN or I2 RPM	207	Reset in minutes/repeat Reset in repeats/minute		0.02 to 50.00 0.02 to 50.00	1.0 1.0

Table continued next page

Table 3-3 TUNING Group (Numeric Code 200) Function Prompts, continued

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
CYC T1 or CT1X3	208	Cycle Time (Heat) <i>Cycle times are in either second or 1/3 second increments depending upon the configuration of RLY TYP in the "Algorithm" Set Up group.</i>		1 to 120	20
CYC2T2 or CT2 X3	209	Cycle Time (Cool) <i>Cycle times are in either second or 1/3 second increments depending upon the configuration of RLY TYP in the "Algorithm" Set Up group.</i>		1 to 120	20
SECUR	210	Security Code		0 to 4095	0
LOCK	211	Lockout	0 1 2 3 4	NONE CAL CONF VIEW ALL	CAL
AUTOMA	212	Auto/Manual Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
A TUNE	213	Autotune Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
RN HLD	214	Run/Hold Key Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB
SP SEL	215	Setpoint Select Function Lockout	0 1	DIS ENAB	ENAB

3.5 SP Ramp Set Up Group

Introduction

A *single setpoint ramp* [**SPRAMP**] can be configured to occur between the current local setpoint and a final local setpoint over a time interval of from 1 to 255 minutes.

SPRATE lets you configure a *specific rate of change* for any local setpoint change.

You can also configure a 12-segment program from a *Ramp/Soak profile*.

You can start and stop the ramp/program using the **RUN/HOLD** key.

PV Hot Start is standard and means that at power up, the setpoint is set to the current PV value and the Ramp or Rate or Program then starts from this value.

Function Prompts

Table 3-4 SPRAMP Group (Numeric Code 300) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
SP RAMP	301	Single Setpoint Ramp <i>Rate and Program must be disabled</i>	0	DIS	DIS
			1	ENAB	
TI MIN	301	Single Setpoint Ramp Time		0 to 255 Minutes	3
FINLSP	302	Setpoint Ramp Final Setpoint		Enter a value within the setpoint limits	1000
SPRATE	304	Setpoint Rate <i>Ramp and Program must be disabled</i>	0	DIS	DIS
			1	ENAB	
EUHRUP	305	Rate Up		0 to 9999 in Engineering units per hour	0
EUHRDN	306	Rate Down		0 to 9999 in Engineering units per hour	0
SPPROG	307	Setpoint Ramp/Soak Programming <i>Rate and Ramp must be disabled</i>	0	DIS	DIS
			1	ENAB	
STRSEG	308	Start Segment Number		1 to 11	---

Table continued next page

Configuration

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
ENDSEG	309	End Segment Number		2 to 12 (always end in a soak segment 2, 4, ...12)	0
			2	SOK 2	
			4	SOK4	
			6	SOK6	
			8	SOK8	
			10	SOK10	
			12	SOK12	
RPUNIT	310	Engineering units for Ramp Segments	0	TIME (hours:minutes)	TIME
			1	EU-M (Rate EU/Minute)	
			2	EU-H (Rate EU/Hour)	
RECYCL	311	Number of Program Recycles		0 to 99 recycles	---
SOKDEV	312	Guaranteed Soak Deviation Value		0 to 99 0 = No Soak	---
PG END	313	Program Termination State	0	LAST (Hold at last SP)	---
			1	FSAF (Manual mode/Failsafe)	
STATE	314	Program State at Program End	0	DIS	DIS
			1	HOLD	
ToBEGN	315	Reset Program to the Beginning	0	DIS	DIS
			1	KEY (Keyboard)	
PVSTRT	316	Program starts at PV value	0	DIS	DIS
			1	ENAB	
SGx RP		Segment Ramp or Rate Time		0-99hours:0-59minutes	---
SG1	317	x = 1 through 11		Engineering Units/minute	
SG3	320			or	
SG5	323			Engineering Units /hour	
SG7	326				
SG9	329				
SG11	332				
SGx SP		Segment Soak Setpoint Value		Enter a Value within the Setpoint Limits	---
SG2	318	x = 2 through 12			
SG4	321				
SG6	324				
SG8	327				
SG10	330				
SG12	333				
SGx TI		Segment Soak Duration		0-99 Hours: 0-59 Minutes	---
SG2	319	x = 2 through 12			
SG4	322				
SG6	325				
SG8	328				
SG10	331				
SG12	334				

3.6 Accutune Set Up Group

Introduction

Accutune II automatically calculates GAIN, RATE, and RESET TIME (PID) tuning constants for your control loop. When initiated on demand, the Accutune algorithm measures a process step response and automatically generates the PID tuning constants needed for no overshoot on your process.

Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression, when enabled, will suppress or eliminate any overshoot that may occur as a result of the existing tuning parameters, as the PV approaches the setpoint.

Function Prompts

Table 3-5 ATUNE Group (Numeric Code 400) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
FUZZY	401	Fuzzy	0	DIS	DIS
		Overshoot Suppression	1	ENAB	
TUNE	402	Demand	0	DIS	TUNE
		Tuning	1	TUNE	
AT ERR	403	Accutune Error	0	NONE	---
		Codes (Read	3	IDFL	
		Only)	4	ABRT	
			5	RUN	

3.7 Algorithm Set Up Group

Introduction

This data deals with various algorithms in the controller: Control algorithm, Output algorithm, Current Duplex Range, and Relay Cycle Time Increment.

Function Prompts

Table 3-6 ALGOR Group (Numeric Code 500) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
CTRALG	501	Control Algorithm	0	ONOF	PIDA
			1	PIDA	
			2	PIDB	
			3	PDMR	
			4	TPSC (3 position step)	
OUTALG	502	Output Algorithm	0	RLY (Time simplex Relay 1)	depends on model
			1	RLY2 (Time simplex Relay 2)	
			2	CUR (Current simplex)	
			3	TPSC (3 Position step)	
			4	RLYD (Time duplex)	
			5	CURD (Current duplex)	
			6	CURT (Current/time duplex)	
			7	TCUR (Time/current duplex)	
4-20RG	503	Current Duplex Range	0	100 (Full)	100
			1	50 (Split)	
RLY TYP	504	Relay Cycle Time Increment	0	MECH (one sec. increments)	MECH
			1	S S (1/3 sec increments)	

3.8 Input 1 Set Up Group

Function Prompts

Table 3-7 INPUT1 Group (Numeric Code 600) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting				
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English					
DECIMAL	601	Decimal Point Selection	0	8888 (none)	8888				
			1	888.8					
			2	88.88					
UNITS	602	Temperature Units	1	F	F				
			2	C					
			0	NONE					
IN1TYP	603	Input 1 Actuation Type	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> </tr> </thead> </table>		Numeric	English	Numeric	English	K H
			Numeric	English	Numeric	English			
			1	B	17	W H			
			2	E H	18	W L			
			3	E L	19	100H			
			4	J H	20	100L			
			5	J L	21	200			
			6	K H	22	500			
			7	K L	23	RADH			
			8	NNMH	24	RADI			
			9	NNML	25	0-20			
			10	N90H	26	4-20			
			11	N90L	27	10m			
			12	NIC	28	50m			
			13	R	29	0-5			
			14	S	30	1-5			
			15	T H	31	0-10			
16	T L	33	100m						
XMITR1	604	Transmitter Characterization	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> </tr> </thead> </table>		Numeric	English	Numeric	English	LIN
			Numeric	English	Numeric	English			
			0	B	13	S			
			1	E H	14	T H			
			2	E L	15	T L			
			3	J H	16	W H			
			4	J L	17	W L			
			5	K H	18	100H			
			6	K L	19	100L			
			7	NNMH	20	200			
			8	NNML	21	500			
			9	N90H	22	RADH			
			10	N90L	23	RADI			
11	NIC	24	LIN						
12	R	25	SrT						

Table 3-7 INPUT1 Group (Numeric Code 600) Function Prompts, continued

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
IN1 HI	605	Input 1 High Range Value		-999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	2400
IN1 LO	606	Input 1 Low Range Value		-999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	0
RATIO1	607	Ratio on Input 1		-20.0 to 20.0	1.00
BIAS 1	608	Bias on Input 1		-999 to 9999	0.0
FILTR1	609	Filter for Input 1		0 to 120 seconds 0 = No Filter	1.0
BRNOUT	610	Burnout Protection (Sensor Break)	0 1 2 3	NONE UP (Upscale) DOWN (Downscale) NOFS (No Failsafe)	UP
EMISS	611	Emissivity		0.01 to 1.00 (RADH & RADI only)	1.0
FREQ	612	Power Line Frequency	0 1	60 50	60
DISPLY	613	Default Display (Single Display models only)	0 1 2	SP (Setpoint) PRY (PV with Label) PRN (PV without Label)	PRN
LNGUAG	614	Language Selection	0 1 2 3 4 5	ENGL FREN GERM SPAN ITAL NUMB (Numeric)	ENGL

3.9 Input 2 Set Up Group

Function Prompts

Table 3-8 INPUT2 Group (Numeric Code 700) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting																																																								
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English																																																									
IN2TYP	701	Input 2 Type	0	DIS	1-5V																																																								
			25	0-20 (mA)																																																									
			26	4-20 (mA)																																																									
			29	0-5 (Volts)																																																									
			30	1-5 (Volts)																																																									
			34	0-2 (Volts)																																																									
XMITR2	702	Transmitter Characterization for Input 2	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> <th>Numeric</th> <th>English</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td> <td>B</td> <td>13</td> <td>S</td> </tr> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>E H</td> <td>14</td> <td>T H</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>E L</td> <td>15</td> <td>T L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>J H</td> <td>16</td> <td>W H</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>J L</td> <td>17</td> <td>W L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>5</td> <td>K H</td> <td>18</td> <td>100H</td> </tr> <tr> <td>6</td> <td>K L</td> <td>19</td> <td>100L</td> </tr> <tr> <td>7</td> <td>NNMH</td> <td>20</td> <td>200</td> </tr> <tr> <td>8</td> <td>NNML</td> <td>21</td> <td>500</td> </tr> <tr> <td>9</td> <td>N90H</td> <td>22</td> <td>RADH</td> </tr> <tr> <td>10</td> <td>N90L</td> <td>23</td> <td>RADI</td> </tr> <tr> <td>11</td> <td>NIC</td> <td>24</td> <td>LIN</td> </tr> <tr> <td>12</td> <td>R</td> <td>25</td> <td>SrT</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		Numeric	English	Numeric	English	0	B	13	S	1	E H	14	T H	2	E L	15	T L	3	J H	16	W H	4	J L	17	W L	5	K H	18	100H	6	K L	19	100L	7	NNMH	20	200	8	NNML	21	500	9	N90H	22	RADH	10	N90L	23	RADI	11	NIC	24	LIN	12	R	25	SrT	LIN
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11	NIC	24	LIN																																																										
12	R	25	SrT																																																										
<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Numeric Code</th> <th>English</th> </tr> </thead> </table>		Numeric Code	English																																																										
Numeric Code	English																																																												
IN2 HI	703	Input 2 High Range Value	-999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	2400																																																									
IN2 LO	704	Input 2 Low Range Value	-999 to 9999 floating in engineering units	0																																																									
RATIO2	705	Ratio on Input 2	-20.0 to 20.0	1.00																																																									
BIAS 2	706	Bias on Input 2	-999 to 9999	0.0																																																									
FILTR2	707	Filter for Input 2	0 to 120 seconds 0 = No Filter	1.0																																																									

3.10 Control Set Up Group

Introduction

The functions listed in this group deal with how the controller will control the process including: Number of Tuning Parameter Sets, Setpoint Source, Tracking, Power-up Recall, Setpoint Limits, Output Direction and Limits, Deadband, and Hysteresis.

Function Prompts

Table 3-9 CONTRL Group (Numeric Code 800) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
PIDSET	801	Number of Tuning Parameter Sets	0	ONE	ONE
			1	2KBD (Keyboard)	
			2	2 PR (PV switch)	
			3	2 SP (SP switch)	
SW VAL	802	Automatic Switchover Value		Value in engineering units within PV or SP range limits	0.00
LSP'S	803	Local Setpoint Source	0	ONE	ONE
			1	TWO	
RSPSRC	804	Remote Setpoint Source	0	NONE	NONE
			1	INP2	
SP TRK	805	Setpoint Tracking	0	NONE	NONE
			1	PROC (LSP tracks PV–manual)	
			2	RSP (LSP tracks RSP–auto)	
PWR UP	806	Power Up Controller Mode Recall	0	MAN (Manual/LSP/Failsafe)	ALSP
			1	ALSP (Auto/last LSP)	
			2	ARSP (Auto/last RSP)	
			3	AMSP (Last mode/last SP)	
			4	AMLS (Last mode/last LSP)	
PWROUT	807	TPSC (Three Position Step Control) Output Start-up Mode	0	LAST (Last output)	LAST
			1	FSAF (Failsafe output)	
SP Hi	808	Setpoint High Limit		0 to 100 % of the PV range	2400
SP Lo	809	Setpoint Low Limit		0 to 100 % of the PV range	0
ACTION	810	Control Output Direction	0	DIR	REV
			1	REV	

Table continued next page

Table 3-9 CONTRL Group (Numeric Code 800) Function Prompts, continued

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
OUT Hi	811	High Output Limit		-5 to 105 % of Output (Current)	100
				0.0 to 100.0 % of Output (Relay)	
OUT Lo	812	Low Output Limit		-5 to 105 % of Output (Current)	0
				0.0 to 100.0 % of Output (Relay)	
D BAND	813	Deadband		-5 to 25.0 % (Time Duplex)	2.0
				0.5 to 5.0 % (3 position step)	
HYST	814	Hysteresis (Output Relay Only)		0.0 to 100.0 % of PV	0.5
FAILSF	815	Failsafe Output Value		0 to 100 %	0.0
	816			<i>For 3 Position Step</i>	
			0	0 (Closed position)	
			1	100 (Open position)	
FSMODE	817	Failsafe Mode	0	No L (Mode does not clear once unit goes to FS Output)	NO_L
			1	LACH (Unit goes to manual and FS output)	
PBorGN	818	Proportional Band Units	0	GAIN	GAIN
			1	PB	
MINRPM	819	Reset Units	0	MIN	MIN
			1	RPM	

3.11 Options Set Up Group

Function Prompts

Table 3-10 Options Group (Numeric Code 900) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting			Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English		
AUXOUT	901	Auxiliary Output	0	DIS	Disabled	DIS
			1	IN1	Input 1	
			2	IN2	Input 2	
			3	PROC	Process Variable	
			4	DEV	Deviation	
			5	OUT	Output	
			6	SP	Setpoint	
			7	LSP1	Local Setpoint 1	
0 PCT	902	Auxiliary Output Low Scaling Factor		Value in Engineering Units		0
100 PCT	903	Auxiliary Output High Scaling Factor		Value in Engineering Units		100
DIG IN	904	Digital Input	0	None		NONE
			1	MAN	To Manual	
			2	LSP	To Local SP 1	
			3	SP2	To Local SP 2	
			4	DIR	Direct Control	
			5	HOLD	Hold SPP/SP Ramp	
			6	PID2	PID Set 2	
			7	RUN	Start a stopped SPP/SP Ramp	
			8	Begn	SPP Reset	
			9	NO I	Inhibit Integral	
			10	MNFS	Manual, Failsafe Output	
			11	LOCK	Keyboard Disable	
			12	TIMR	Start Timer	
			13	TUNE	Start Tune	
			14	INIT	Init SP to PV	
			15	RSP	Remote SP	
			16	MNLT	Latching Manual	
17	TRAK	Output tracks Input 2				
DI COM	905	Digital Input Combinations	0	DIS	Disabled	DIS
			1	+ PD2	PID Set 2	
			2	+DIR	Direct	
			3	+SP2	Set Point 2	
			4	+SP1	Set Point 1	
			5	+RUN	Start SPP	

3.12 Communications Set Up Group

Function Prompts

Table 3-11 Communications Group (Numeric Code 1000)

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting		
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English			
COMSTA	1001	Communications State	0	DIS Disabled	DIS		
			1	R422 RS-422/485			
			2	MODB Modbus			
ComADD	1002	Station Address		1 to 99	0		
SDENAB	1003	Disable/Enable for Shed function	0	DIS Disable	ENAB		
			1	ENAB Enable			
Note: If Control Algorithm is 3 Position Step Control then this must be enabled.							
SHDTIM	1004	Shed Time		0 to 255 Sample Periods	0		
PARITY	1005	Parity	0	Odd	Odd		
			1	Even			
BAUD	1006	Baud Rate	0	2400 Baud	2400		
			1	4800 Baud			
			2	9600 Baud			
			3	19200 Baud			
TX_DLY	1007	Response Delay		1 to 500 milliseconds	1		
WS_FLT	1008	Word/Byte Order for floating point communications data		<u>Byte</u>	<u>Contents</u>	FP_B	
				0	seeeeeee		
				1	emmmmmmm		
				2	mmmmmmmm		
				3	mmmmmmmm		
					<u>Choice</u>		<u>Byte Order</u>
				0	FP_B		0123
	1	FPBB	1032				
	2	FP_L	3210				
	3	FPLB	2301				
SDMODE	1009	Shed Output Mode	0	LAST Same Mode & Output	LAST		
			1	Man_ Manual Mode, Same Output			
			2	FSAF Man Mode, Failsafe Output			
			3	AUTO Auto Mode, Failsafe Output			

Configuration

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
SHD_SP	1010	Shed Setpoint Recall	0	LSP Last Local or remote used	LSP
			1	CSP last Computer Setpoint	
UNITS	1011	Communications Override Units	0	PCT Percent	PCT
			1	Eng Engineering Units	
CSRATIO	1012	Computer Setpoint Ratio		-20.0 to 20.0	1.0
CSP_BI	1013	Computer Setpoint Bias		-999 to 9999 in Engineering Units	0
LOOPBK	1014	Local Loopback Test	0	DIS Disable	DIS
			1	EnAB Enable	

3.13 Alarms Set Up Group

Function Prompts

Table 3-12 ALARMS Group (Numeric Code 1100) Function Prompts

Prompt		Description	Selection or Range of Setting		Factory Setting
English	Numeric Code		Numeric Code	English	
AxSxVA		Alarm Setpointx		within the range of the selected	90
A1S1	1101	Value		parameter or of the PV Span	
A1S2	1102	X = 1 or 2		for Deviation configurations	
A2S1	1103				
A2S2	1104				
AxSxTY		Alarmx Setpointx	0	NONE No Alarm	NONE
A1S1	1105	Type	1	IN 1 Input 1	
A1S2	1106	X = 1 or 2	2	IN 2 Input 2	
A2S1	1107		3	PROC Process Variable	
A2S2	1108		4	DE Deviation	
			5	OUT Output	
			6	SHED Shed Communications	
			7	E-ON Event ON(SP Prog)	
			8	E-OFF Event OFF(SP Prog)	
			9	MAN Alarm on Manual	
			10	RSP Remote Setpoint	
			11	FSAF Failsafe	
			12	PrRT PV Rate of Change	
			13	DI Alarm on Digital Input	
			14	DE 11 DEV Alarm SP2 based	
			15	BRAK Loop break alarm	
AxSxHL		Alarmx Setpoint	0	LOW Low Alarm	HIGH
A1S1	1109	State	1	HIGH High Alarm	
A1S2	1110	X = 1 or 2			
A2S1	1111				
A2S2	1112				
AxSxEV		Alarmx Segment	0	BEGN Beginning of Segment	BEGN
A1S1	1109	Event x	1	END End of Segment	
A1S2	1110	X = 1 or 2			
A2S1	1111				
A2S2	1112				
ALHYST	1113	Alarm Hysteresis		0.0 to 100.0 % of span or full output as appropriate	0.0
ALARM1	1114	Latching Alarm Output	0	NO L	NO L
			1	LACH	
BLOCK	1115	Alarm Blocking	0	DIS Disable Blocking	DIS
			1	BK1 Block Alarm 1 only	
			2	BK2 Block Alarm 2 only	
			3	BK12 Blocks both Alarms	

4 Operation

4.1 Powering Up the Controller

Apply Power

When power is applied, the controller will run three diagnostic tests. After these tests are completed, "TEST DONE" is displayed.

Test Failures

If one or more of these tests fail, the controller will go to the Failsafe Manual Mode, and FAILSF will flash in the lower display and a message indicating which test failed will appear in the lower display. Then, "DONE" will appear in the lower display.

4.2 Monitoring Your Controller

Annunciators

The following annunciator functions have been provided to help monitor the controller:

Table 4-1 Annunciators

Annunciator	Indication
ALM 1 2	<i>A visual indication of each alarm</i> Blinking 1 indicates alarm latched and needs to be acknowledged before extinguishing when the alarm condition ends
OUT 1 2	<i>A visual indication of the control relays</i>
A or M	<i>A visual indication of the mode of the controller</i> A—Automatic Mode M—Manual Mode
F or C	<i>A visual indication of the temperature units</i> F—Degrees Fahrenheit C—Degrees Celsius
L or R	<i>A visual indication of setpoint being used</i> L—Local Setpoint is active R—RSP or LSP 2 is active
	<i>The upper display is used to show other annunciator functions</i> TUNE —Accutuning in progress RUN —SP Program in progress HOLD —SP Program on hold CSP —Controlling to the Computer Setpoint LOOPBK —Loopback test running

Viewing the operating parameters

Press the **DISPLAY** key to scroll through the operating parameters listed in Table 4-2. The lower display will show only those parameters and their values that apply to your specific model.

Table 4-2 Lower Display Key Parameter Prompts

Lower Display	Description
OT	OUTPUT—Output value is percent; for Three Position Step control, this is an estimated motor position when no slidewire exists.
SP	LOCAL SETPOINT #1—Also current setpoint when using SP Ramp.
2L	LOCAL SETPOINT #2
RS	REMOTE SETPOINT
2ND	INPUT 2
DE	DEVIATION—Maximum negative display is -999.9.
PIDSX	TUNING PARAMETER SELECTED SET—where X is either 1 or 2.
↙ □.□□	TIME REMAINING—Time that remains on timer in Hours:Minutes
↕ □.□□	ELAPSED TIME—Time that has elapsed on timer in Hours:Minutes.
RPXXM	SETPOINT RAMP TIME—Time remaining in the setpoint ramp in minutes.
AX	AUXILIARY OUTPUT
Sn	SP RATE SETPOINT—Current setpoint for setpoint rate applications
BI	BIAS—Displays the manual reset value for algorithm PD+MR.
To BGn	TO BEGIN—Resets Setpoint Program back to beginning of the program.

Diagnostic Error Messages

The UDC2300 performs background tests to verify data and memory integrity. If there is a malfunction, an error message will be displayed. In the case of more than one simultaneous malfunction, the messages will be displayed sequentially on the lower display.

Table 4-3 Error Messages

Prompt	Description
EE FAIL	Unable to write to nonvolatile memory.
IN1FL	Two consecutive failures of input 1 integration.
IN2FL	Two consecutive failures of input 2 integration.
CFGERR	Configuration Errors—Low limit greater than high limit for PV, SP, Reset, or Output.
IN1RNG	Input 1 Out-of-Range
IN2RNG	Input 2 Out-of-Range—Same as Input 1.
PV LIM	PV Out-of-Range $PV = (PV \text{ source} \times PV \text{ source ratio}) + PV \text{ source bias}$
FAILSF	Failsafe—Check inputs or configuration.
RV LIM	Remote Variable Out-of-Range $RV = (RV \text{ source} \times RV \text{ source ratio}) + RV \text{ source bias}$
SEG ERR	Segment Error—SP Program starting segment number is less than ending segment number.
LOCK	The Lockout feature has been enabled to prevent unauthorized changes of certain functions or parameters.

4.3 Single Display Functionality

Introduction

A UDC2300 instrument, which has been configured with a '0' for software options (i.e., DC230x-xx-x0-xx), will only have a single display capability. This means that the displayed value of PV, Setpoint, Setpoint2, Remote Setpoint, Input 2, Output, Bias, Aux Out, and Deviation will appear on the top display and a prompt identifying the value will appear on the bottom display.

Access the Values

Pressing the display key will cycle through all applicable values (configuration dependent). One minute after the last press of the display key, the display will revert to a configured default display. The default display is configured in the Input 1 Setup Group, and has three selections:

- Active Setpoint (**SP**)
- Process Variable (**PR Y**)
- Process Variable with no bottom display prompt (**PR n**).

Exceptions

There are three exceptions to the above rules:

The displays for PID SET, Timer and Setpoint Ramp will appear the same as on a dual display model and, when displaying Timer or Ramp values, the default display switchover feature is disabled.

Auto-only Mode

The single display model is *Auto only* mode. The Auto/Manual key has no effect on controller mode. As a result of this, the Failsafe mode is always non-latching.

While a Failsafe condition exists, the controller output will assume the Failsafe value. When the Failsafe condition goes away, normal automatic operation continues.

Single Display Parameters

Table 4-4 Single Display Parameters

Lower Display Prompt	Upper Display Value	Comments
(blank)	Process Variable	Default selection
PV	Process Variable	Default selection
SP	Local Setpoint #1	Default selection
2SP	Local Setpoint #2	Default selection
RSP	Remote Setpoint	Default selection
OUT	Output	
DEV	Deviation	
2IN	Input #2	
AUX	Aux Output value	
BIA	PD+MR bias value	
PIDS x	Process Variable	Active PID set
RP xxxM	Process Variable	SP Ramp time left
HH.MM or MM.SS	Process Variable	Timer display

4.4 Start Up Procedure for Operation

Table 4-5 Procedure for Starting Up the Controller

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Manual Mode	MAN/AUTO RESET	<p>Until “M” indicator is ON. The controller is in manual mode.</p> <p>N/A for Single Display model.</p>
2	Adjust the Output	[▲] [▼]	<p>To adjust the output value and ensure that the final control element is functioning correctly.</p> <p><i>Upper Display = Pv Value</i></p> <p><i>Lower Display = OT and the output value in %</i></p>
3	Tune the Controller	SET UP	<p>Make sure the controller has been configured properly and all the values and selections have been recorder on the Configuration Record Sheet.</p> <p>Refer to Tuning Set Up group to ensure that the selections for PB or GAIN, RATE T, and I MIN, or I RPM have been entered.</p> <p>Use Accutune to tune the controller; see the procedure in this section.</p>
4	Enter the Local Setpoint	DISPLAY [▲] [▼]	<p><i>Upper Display = Pv Value</i></p> <p><i>Lower Display = SP and the Local Setpoint Value</i></p> <p>to adjust the local setpoint to the value at which you want the process variable maintained.</p> <p>The local setpoint cannot be changed if the Setpoint Ramp function is running.</p>
5	Select Automatic Mode	MAN/AUTO RESET	<p>Until “A” indicator is ON. The controller is in Automatic mode.</p> <p>The controller will automatically adjust the output to maintain the process variable at setpoint.</p> <p>N/A for Single Display model.</p>

4.5 Setpoints

Introduction

You can configure the following setpoints for the UDC2300 controller.

- A Single Local Setpoint (SP)
- 2 Local Setpoints (SP, 2L)
- a Local Setpoint and a Remote Setpoint (SP, RS)

Switching between setpoints

You can switch Local and Remote setpoints or between two Local setpoints when configured.

ATTENTION The REMOTE SETPOINT value cannot be changed at the keyboard.

Table 4-6 Procedure for Switching Between Setpoints

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select the Setpoint	FUNCTION	<p>To alternately select Local Setpoint 1 (LSP) and the Remote Setpoint (RSP) or switch between the 2 Local Setpoints (LSP and 2L)</p> <p>ATTENTION “KEY ERROR” will appear in the lower display, if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • the remote setpoint or 2nd local setpoint is not configured as a setpoint source • you attempt to change the setpoint while a setpoint ramp is enabled, or • if you attempt to change the setpoint with the setpoint select function key disabled.

4.6 Timer

Introduction

The Timer provides a configurable Time-out period of from 0 to 99 hours:59 minutes or 0 to 99 minutes:99 seconds.

Timer “Start” is selectable as either the **RUN/HOLD** key or Alarm 2.

The Timer display can be either “Time Remaining” or “Elapsed Time”.

Configuration check

Make sure:

- TIMER is enabled
- A TIMEOUT period has been selected (in hours and minutes or minutes and seconds)
- A TIMER FUNCTION START has been selected (KEY or AL2)
- A TIMER display has been selected (Time remaining or Elapsed time)
- A timer increment selected
- Timer reset selected

Refer to Subsection 3.3 for details.

Viewing Times

The times are viewed on the lower display as follows:

TIME REMAINING	will show as a <i>decreasing</i> Hrs:Min value (HH:MM) or Min:Sec value (MM:SS) plus a counterclockwise rotating clock face.
ELAPSED TIME	will show as an <i>increasing</i> Hrs:Min value(HH:MM) or Min:Sec value (MM:SS) plus a clockwise rotating clock face.

Operation

When the Timer is enabled (**RUN/HOLD** key or ALARM 2), it has exclusive control of Alarm 1 relay.

At “TIME-OUT”:

- Alarm 1 is active
- The clock character has stopped moving
- The Time display shows either 00:00 or the time-out period depending on the configuration selection
- The Timer is ready to be reset.

At “RESET”:

- Alarm 1 relay is inactive
- The time display shows the time-out period
- The time-out period can be changed at this time using the ▲ or ▼ keys.
- The Timer is ready to be activated.

4.7 Accutune II

Operation

“TUNE” (Accutune II) algorithm provides foolproof, trouble-free on-demand tuning in the UDC2300 controller. No knowledge of the process is required at start-up. The operator simply initiates the tuning while in the automatic mode.

The UDC controller immediately starts controlling to the setpoint while it identifies the process, calculates the tuning constants and enters them into the Tuning group, and begins PID control with the correct tuning parameters. This works with any process, including integrating type processes, and allows retuning at a fixed setpoint.

The tuning sequence will cycle the controller’s output two full cycles between 0 % and 100 % (or low and high output limits) while allowing only a very small Process Variable change above and below the SP during each cycle. “TUNE” flashes in the upper display until tuning is completed.

After “TUNE” has been enabled:

- Start Tuning by pushing the **AUTOTUNE** key while in Automatic control mode.

To abort Accutune and return to the last previous operation (SP or output level), press **MAN-AUTO/RESET** key to abort the Accutune process.

Completing Accutune

When Accutune is complete, the calculated tuning parameters are stored in their proper memory location in the controller, and the controller will control at the local setpoint using the newly calculated tuning constants.

4.8 Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression

Introduction

Fuzzy Overshoot Suppression minimizes Process Variable overshoot following a setpoint change or a process disturbance. This is especially useful in processes which experience load changes or where even a small overshoot beyond the setpoint may result in damage or lost product.

Configuration

To configure this item, refer to Section 3 - Configuration:

Set Up Group “**ATUNE**”

Function Prompt “**FUZZY**”

Select “**ENAB**”(enable) or “**DIS**” (disable) Use ▲ or ▼.

4.9 Using Two Sets of Tuning Constants

Introduction

You can use two sets of tuning constants for single output types and choose the way they are to be switched. (Does not apply for Duplex control.) See table below.

Table 4-7 Set Up Procedure

Step	Operation	Press	Action
1	Select Tuning Set Up Group	SET UP	until you see TUNING in the Lower Display
2	Select the tuning constants	FUNCTION	to successively display the available constants in the Lower Display. The value is displayed in the Upper Display
3		[▲] [▼]	To change the value of any of the above listed prompts in the lower display.

Switch between two sets via keyboard (without automatic switch-over)

Table 4-8 Procedure for Switching PID SETS from the Keyboard

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Control Set-up Group	DISPLAY	Until you see: <i>Upper Display = (the PV value)</i> <i>Lower Display = PIDS X(X= 1 or 2)</i>
2		[▲] [▼]	To change PID SET 1 to PID SET2 or Vice Versa. You can use Accutune on each set.

4.10 Alarms

Introduction

An alarm consists of a relay contact and an operator interface indication. The alarm relay is de-energized if setpoint 1 or setpoint 2 is exceeded.

The alarm relay is energized when the monitored value goes into the allowed region by more than the hysteresis.

The relay contacts can be wired for normally open (NO) energized or normally closed (NC) de-energized using internal jumper placement. See Table 2-3 in the *Section 2 – Installation* for alarm relay contact information.

There are four alarm setpoints, two for each alarm. The alarm type and state (High or Low) is selected during configuration. There are several alarm types that can be selected for each alarm setpoint.

Alarm Setpoints Display

Table 4-9 Procedure for Displaying Alarm Setpoints

Step	Operation	Press	Action
1	Access the Alarm Set Up group	SET UP	until you see ALARMS in the Lower Display.
2	Access the Alarm Setpoint Values	FUNCTION	to successively display the alarm setpoints and their values.
		[▲] [▼]	to change any alarm setpoint value you select in the upper display.
3	Return to normal operation	DISPLAY	

4.11 Three Position Step Control Algorithm

Introduction

The Three Position Step Control algorithm allows the control of a valve (or other actuator) with an electric motor driven by two controller output relays; one to move the motor upscale, the other to move it downscale, without a feedback slidewire linked to the motor shaft.

Estimated Motor Position

The Three-Position Step control algorithm provides an output display (“OT”) which is an estimated motor position since the motor is not using any feedback.

- although this output indication is only accurate to a few percent, it is corrected each time the controller drives the motor to one of its stops (0 % or 100 %).
- it avoids all the control problems associated with the feedback slidewire (wear, dirt, and noise).
- when operating in this algorithm, the estimated “OT” display is shown to the nearest percent (that is, no decimal).

Motor Position Display

Table 4-10 Procedure for Displaying 3Pstep Motor Position

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Access the Displays	DISPLAY	Until you see: <i>Upper Display = PV</i> <i>Lower Display = OT (The estimated motor position in %)</i>

4.12 Setting a Failsafe Output Value for Restart After a Power Loss

Introduction

If the power to the controller fails and power is reapplied, the controller goes through the power up tests, then goes to a user configured FAILSAFE OUTPUT VALUE.

Set a Failsafe Value

Table 4-11 Procedure for Setting a Failsafe Value

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Control Set-up Group	SET UP	Until you see: <i>Upper Display = SET</i> <i>Lower Display = CONTRL</i>
2	Select Failsafe Function Prompt	FUNCTION	You will see: <i>Upper Display = (range)</i> <i>within the range of the Output 0 to 100 for all output types except 3 Position Step</i> <i>3 Position Step</i> <i>0 = motor goes to closed position</i> <i>100 = motor goes to open position</i> <i>Lower Display = FAILSF</i>
3	Select a value	[▲] [▼]	To select a Failsafe output value in the upper display
4	Return to Normal Display	DISPLAY	At power up, the output will go to the value set.

4.13 Setting Failsafe Mode

Introduction

You can set the Failsafe Mode to be Latching or Non-Latching.

Set Failsafe Mode

Table 4-12 Procedure for Setting a Failsafe Mode

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Control Set-up Group	SET UP	Until you see: <i>Upper Display = SET</i> <i>Lower Display = CONTRL</i>
2	Select Failsafe Function Prompt	FUNCTION	You will see: <i>Upper Display =</i> LACH (Controller goes to manual and output goes to Failsafe value) NO L (controller mode does not change and output goes to Failsafe value) <i>Lower Display = FSMODE</i>
3	Select a value	[▲] [▼]	To select a Failsafe mode in the upper display.
4	Return to Normal Display	DISPLAY	At power up, the output will go to the value set.

4.14 Entering a Security Code

The level of keyboard lockout may be changed in the Set Up mode. However, knowledge of a security code number (0 to 4095) may be required to change from one level of lockout to another. When a controller leaves the factory, it has a security code of 0, which permits changing from one lockout level to another without entering any other code number.

If you require the use of a security code, select a number from 0001 to 4095 and enter it when the lockout level is configured as NONE. Thereafter, that selected number must be used to change the lockout level from something other than NONE.

CAUTION Write the number on the Configuration Record Sheet in Appendix C so you will have a permanent record.

Table 4-13 Procedure to Enter a Security Code

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Enter Set Up Mode	SET UP	<i>Upper Display = SET UP</i> <i>Lower Display = TUNING</i>
2	Select any Set Up Group	FUNCTION	<i>Upper Display = 0</i> <i>Lower Display = SECUR</i>
3	Security Code Entry	[▲] [▼]	To enter a four digit number in the upper display (0001 to 4095) This will be your security code.

4.15 Lockout Feature

Introduction

The lockout feature in the UDC2300 is used to inhibit changes (via keyboard) of certain functions or parameters by unauthorized personnel.

Lockout levels

There are different levels of Lockout depending on the level of security required. These levels are:

- NONE No Lockout.
- CAL Calibration prompts are locked out.
- CONF Timer, Tuning, SP Ramp, and Accutune are Read/Write. All other Setup groups are Read only. Calibration Group is not available.
- VIEW Timer, Tuning, and SP Ramp are Read/Write. No other parameters are available.
- ALL Timer, Tuning, and SP Ramp are Read only. No other parameters are viewable.

Security Code (See previous section)

Individual key lockout

There are four keys that can be disabled to prevent unauthorized changes to the parameters associated with these keys. *First set the "Lock" prompt to NONE.*

These keys are:

- | | | |
|-----------------|-----|--|
| AUTOTUNE | Key | - you can disable the Autotune key at configuration Set up, group prompt Tuning", function prompt "A TUNE" |
| RUN/HOLD | Key | - you can disable the Run/Hold key for Set Point Programming at configuration Set Up group prompt "Tuning," function prompt "RN HLD" |
| AUTO/MAN | Key | - you can disable the Auto/Manual key at configuration Set Up, group prompt "Tuning", function prompt "AUTOMA" |
| FUNCTION | Key | - you can disable the Set Point Select function key at configuration Set Up group prompt "Tuning," function prompt "SP SEL" |

See *Subsection 3.4 - Tuning Parameters Set Up Group* prompts to enable or disable these keys.

4.16 Background Tests

Introduction

The UDC2300 performs ongoing background tests to verify data and memory integrity. If there is a malfunction, an error message will be displayed (blinking) in the lower display.

In the case of simultaneous malfunctions, the messages will appear in sequence in the lower display. Table 4-14 lists these background tests, the reason for their failure, and how to correct the problem.

Table 4-14 Background Tests

Lower Display	Reason for Failure	How to Correct the Problem
E FAIL	Unable to write to non-volatile memory. Anytime you change a parameter and it is not accepted, you will see E FAIL.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the accuracy of the parameter and re-enter. 2. Try to change something in configuration. 3. Run through Read STATUS tests to re-write to EEPROM.
FAILSF	<p>This error message shows whenever the controller goes into a failsafe mode of operation. This will happen if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RAM test failed • Configuration test failed • Calibration test failed • Burnout configured for none and the input failed. 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Run through STATUS check to determine the reason for the failure. 2. Press the SET UP key until STATUS appears in the lower display. 3. Press the FUNCTION key to see whether the tests pass or fail, then run through the STATUS codes a second time to see if the error cleared.
IN1RNG	Input 1 out of range. The process input is outside the range limits.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure the range and actuation are configured properly. 2. Check the input source. 3. Restore the factory calibration. (See Section 4.17.) 4. Field calibrate.
IN1_FL	<p>Two consecutive failures of input 1 integration. i.e., cannot make analog to digital conversion. This will happen if:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Upscale or Downscale burnout is selected • Input not configured correctly 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure the actuation is configured correctly. See Section 4 - Configuration. 2. Make sure the input is correct. 3. Check for gross over-ranging. Check S101 jumper position. See Figure 2-1 Jumper Placements 4. Restore factory calibration. See Section 4.17
IN2RNG	Input 2 out of range. The remote input is outside the range limits.	Same as IN1RNG above.
IN2_FL	Two consecutive failures of input 2 integration. i.e., cannot make analog to digital conversion.	Same as IN1FL above.

Operation

Lower Display	Reason for Failure	How to Correct the Problem
CNFERR	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • PV low limit is > PV high limit • SP low limit is > SP high limit • Output low limit > Output high limit 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check the configuration for each item and reconfigure if necessary.
PV LIM	PV out of range. $PV = INP1 \times RATIO1 + INP1 \text{ BIAS}$	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure the input signal is correct. 2. Make sure the Ratio and Bias settings are correct. 3. Recheck the calibration. Use Bias of 0.0
RV LIM	The result of the formula shown below is beyond the range of the remote variable. $RV = INP2 \times RATIO + BIAS$	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Make sure the input signal is correct. 2. Make sure the Ratio2 and Bias2 settings are correct. 3. Recheck the calibration. Use a Ratio2 of 1.0 and a Bias2 of 0.0.
SEGERR	Setpoint Program start segment number is less than ending segment number.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Check SP Program configuration, subsection 3.5 Set up Group SPPROG function prompts "STRSEG" and "ENDSEG".

4.17 Restore Factory Calibration

Introduction

The factory calibration constants for all the input actuation types that can be used with the controller are stored in its nonvolatile memory. Thus, you can quickly restore the “Factory Calibration” for a given input actuation type by simply changing the actuation type to another type and then changing it back to the original type. *Refer to Table 4-15 for procedure.*

ATTENTION: A restored factory calibration overwrites any previous field calibration done for the input and may change the High and Low Range Limits. Be sure to protect any field calibration from accidental overwrites by configuring the appropriate LOCKOUT selection after calibration. *See Section 4.15 for specific instructions to set the lockout.*

Table 4-15 Restore Factory Calibration

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Set LOCKOUT to NONE	SET UP	until you see: Upper Display = SET UP Lower Display = TUNING
		FUNCTION	Until you see: Upper Display = one of the following: NONE – all parameters are read/write CAL – all parameters are read/write except Calibration CONF – configuration parameters are Read Only; no writes permitted VIEW – Tuning and Setpoint Ramp parameters are read/write. No other parameters can be viewed. ALL – Tuning and Setpoint Ramp parameters are available for read only. No other parameters can be viewed. Lower Display = LOCK
		[▲] [▼]	Until NONE is in the upper display
2	Enter INPUT 1 Setup Group	SET UP	until you see: Upper Display = SET UP Lower Display = INPUT 1 or 2
		FUNCTION	until you see: Upper Display = the current selection Lower Display = INxTYP
		[▲] [▼]	to change the current selection to another selection
3	Scroll through Functions	FUNCTION	until the lower display rolls through the rest of the functions and returns to: Upper Display = the new selection Lower Display = INxTYP

Operation

Step	Operation	Press	Result
		[▲] [▼]	until you change the input selection in the upper display back to the proper selection. You will see: <i>Upper Display</i> = Original Input Selection that matches your type of sensor. <i>Lower Display</i> = INxTYP
4	Return to Normal Operation	DISPLAY	to return to Normal operating mode. The factory calibration will be restored. If the problem is not corrected, contact the Honeywell Technical Assistance Center. 1-800-423-9883 USA and Canada

5 Setpoint Rate/Ramp/Program Operation

5.1 Setpoint Rate

Introduction

When you have configured a SETPOINT RATE, it will apply immediately to local setpoint change.

Configuration check

Make sure:

- SPRATE is enabled
- SPRAMP and SPPROG are disabled
- A Rate Up (EUHRUP) or Rate Down (EUHRDN) value has been configured in Engineering units per hour.

ATTENTION: A value of 0 will imply an immediate change in setpoint, that is, NO RATE applies. See Subsection 3.5 – Configuration group “SPRAMP” for details.)

Operation

When a change to local setpoint is made, this controller will ramp from the original setpoint to the “target” setpoint at the rate specified.

The current setpoint value can be viewed at Sn on the lower display.

Power outages

If power is lost before the “target” setpoint is reached, upon power recovery, the controller powers up with Sn = Current PV value and it automatically “Restarts” from Sn = current PV value up to the original “target” setpoint.

5.2 Setpoint Ramp

Introduction

When you have configured a SETPOINT RAMP, the ramp will occur between the current local setpoint and a final local setpoint over a time interval of from 1 to 255 minutes. You can RUN or HOLD the ramp at any time.

Configuration Check

Make sure

- SPRAMP is enabled

- SP RATE and SPPROG are disabled
- A Ramp Time (TIMIN) in minutes has been configured
- A final setpoint value (FINLSP) has been configured. See Subsection 3.5 – Configuration group “SPRAMP” for details.

Operation

Running a Setpoint Ramp includes starting, holding, viewing the ramp, ending the ramp and disabling it. See Table 5-1.

Table 5-1 Running A Setpoint Ramp

Step	Operation	Press	Result
1	Select Automatic Mode	MAN/AUTO	“A” indicator is on. <i>Upper Display</i> = Hold and PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and Present value
2	Set Start Setpoint	DISPLAY	Until start SP value is in lower display <i>Upper Display</i> = Hold and PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and start SP value
3	Start the Ramp	RUN/HOLD	You will see <i>Upper Display</i> = Run and a changing PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = SP and a changing SP value increasing or decreasing toward a final SP value
4	Hold/Run the Ramp	RUN/HOLD	This holds the ramp at the current setpoint value. Press again to continue.
5	View the remaining ramp time	DISPLAY	Until you see <i>Upper Display</i> = RUN or HOLD and the PV value <i>Lower Display</i> = RP xx HH.MM (time remaining)
6	End the Ramp		When the final setpoint is reached, “RUN” changes to “HOLD” in the upper display and the controller operates at the new final setpoint.
7	Disable SPRAMP		See Section 3.5 – Configuration group “SPRAMP” for details.

Power Outage

If power is lost during a ramp, upon power-up the controller will be in HOLD and the setpoint value will be the setpoint value prior to the beginning of the setpoint ramp. The ramp is placed in hold at the beginning.

Configure the mode at Set up Group “CONTROL”, function prompt “PWRUP”. See Section 3.10 – CONTRL GROUP FUNCTION Prompts.

5.3 Setpoint Ramp/Soak Programming

Introduction

Setpoint Ramp/Soak Programming lets you configure six ramp and six soak segments to be stored for use as one program or several small programs. You designate the beginning and end segments to determine where the program is to start and stop.

Review program data and configuration

While the procedure for programming is straightforward, and aided by prompts, we suggest you read “Program Contents”. Table 5-2 lists the program contents and an explanation of each to aid you in configuration. Then refer to Subsection 3.5 – Configuration to enable and configure the setpoint program.

NOTE: SPRATE and SPRAMP must be disabled to enable SP PROG (Set Point Programming).

Fill out the worksheet

Refer to the example in Figure 5-1 and draw a Ramp/Soak Profile on the worksheet provided in Figure 5-2 and fill in the information for each segment. This will give you a record of how the program was developed.

Operation

Refer to Table 5-3 Run/Monitor the program.

Program Contents

Table 5-2 lists all the program contents and a description of each.

Power outage

ATTENTION If power is lost during a program, upon power-up the controller will be in hold and the setpoint value will be the setpoint value prior to the beginning of the setpoint program. The program is placed in hold at the beginning. The mode will be as configured under “PWR UP” in the “CONTROL” group.

Table 5-2 Program Contents

Contents	Definition
Ramp Segments	<p>A ramp segment is the time or rate of change it takes to change the setpoint to the next setpoint value in the program.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ramps are odd number segments. • Ramps are configured in either Time or Engineering Units per Minute or EU per Hour (see Ramp Unit below). <p>ATTENTION Entering “0” will imply an immediate step change in setpoint to the next soak.</p>
Ramp Unit	<p>The Ramp Unit selection determines the engineering units for the ramp segments.</p> <p>The selections are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TIME = Hours:Minutes (XX:XX) Range: 0-99 hrs: 0-59 min • EU-H = Degrees/Hour OR EU-M = Degrees/Minute (Range – 0-999)
Soak Segments	<p>A Soak Segment is a combination of Soak Setpoint (value) and a Soak Time (duration)</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Soaks are even number segments. • The Soak Setpoint value must be within the setpoint high and low range limits in engineering units. • Soak Time is the duration of the soak and is determined in: TIME - Hours:Minutes Range = 0-99 hrs:59 min.
Start Segment	<p>The Start Segment number designates the first Ramp segment. <i>Range = 1 to 11</i></p>
End Segment	<p>The End Segment number designates the number of the last Soak segment. <i>Range = 2 to 12</i></p>
Recycle number	<p>The Recycle number allows the program to recycle a specified number of times from beginning to end. <i>Range = 0 to 99</i></p>
Guaranteed soak	<p>All soak segments can have a deviation value of from 0 to ± 99 (specified by SOK DEV) which guarantees that value for that segment time.</p> <p>The soak deviation value is the number in engineering units, above or below the setpoint, outside of which the timer halts. The range is 0 to ± 99.</p> <p>Soak deviation values >0 guarantee that the soak segment's process variable is within the \pm deviation for the configured soak time. Whenever the \pm deviation is exceeded, soak timing is frozen.</p> <p>The guaranteed soaks feature is disabled whenever the deviation value is configured to 0.</p>

Contents	Definition
PV Start	<p>This function determines whether LSP1 or PV is used as the setpoint when the program is initially changed from HOLD to RUN.</p> <p>The selections are:</p> <p>DISABL = When the program is initially changed from HOLD to RUN the present LSP1 value is captured as the default setpoint. If the program is terminated or the power cycled before the program has completed, the LSP1 is used as the control setpoint. The beginning segment uses this value as the initial ramp setpoint.</p> <p>ENABL = When the program is initially changed from HOLD to RUN the present PV value is captured and used as the beginning setpoint value for the ramp segment. If the program is terminated before completion, the setpoint value will revert back to the PV value captured at the initial HOLD to RUN transition. If the power is cycled before program completion, upon power-up the setpoint is set to the PV value at power-up and when the program is restarted that setpoint value is used initially.</p>
Program state	<p>The Program State selection determines whether the program is in the HOLD state or Disabled (DIS) after completion of the program.</p>
Program termination state	<p>The program termination state function determines the status of the controller upon completion of the program. The selections are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • LAST = controls to last setpoint • FSAF = manual mode and Failsafe output.
Reset Program to Beginning	<p>When enabled, this selection allows you to reset the program to the beginning from the keyboard.</p>

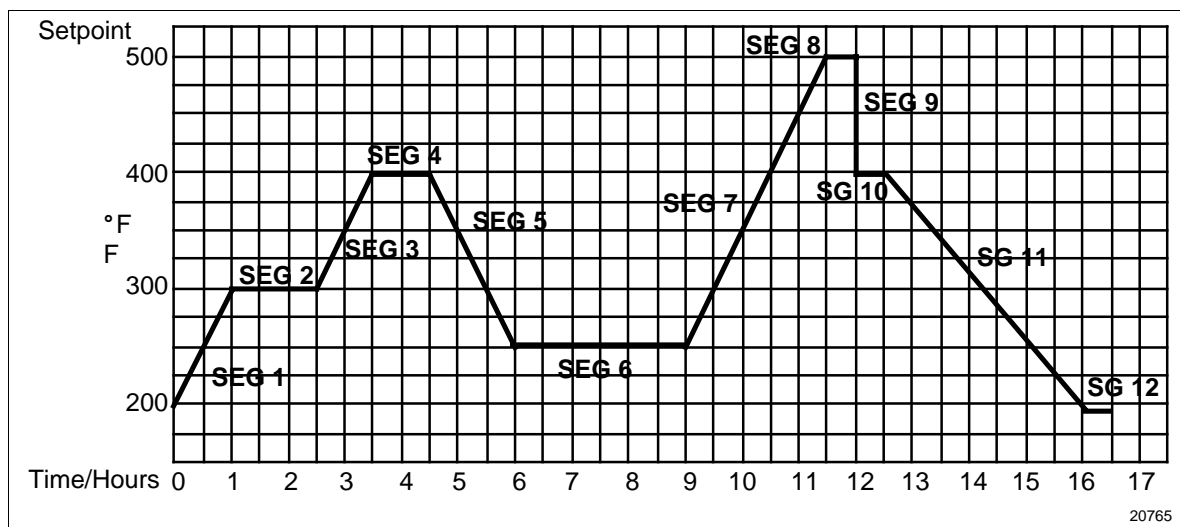
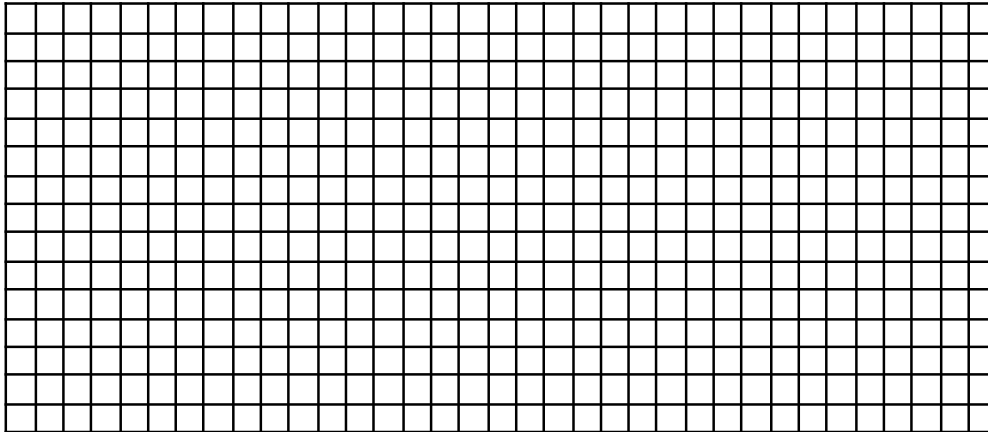


Figure 5-1 Ramp/Soak Profile Example
Ramp/Soak Profile Example

Prompt	Function	Segment	Value	Prompt	Function	Segment	Value
STRSEG	Start Seg.		1	SG4 TI	Soak Time	4	1 hr.
ENDSEG	End Seg.		12	SG5 RP	Ramp Time	5	1hr.:30 min.
RP UNIT	Engr. Unit for Ramp		TIME	SG6 SP	Soak SP	6	250
PG END	Controller Status		LAST SP	SG6 TI	Soak Time	6	3hr.:0min.
STATE	Controller State at end		HOLD	SG7 RP	Ramp Time	7	2hr.:30min.
TO BEGIN	Reset SP Program		DIS	SG8 SP	Soak SP	8	500
PVSTRT	Program starts at PV value		DIS	SG8 TI	Soak Time	8	0hr.:30 min.
RECYCL	Number of Recycles		2	SG9 RP	Ramp Time	9	0
SOKDEV	Deviation Value		0	SG10 SP	Soak SP	10	400
SG1 RP	Ramp Time	1	1 hr.	SG10 TI	Soak Time	10	0hr.:30 min.
SG2 SP	Soak SP	2	300	SG11 RP	Ramp Time	11	3hr.:30min.
SG2 TI	Soak Time	2	1hr.:30 min.	SG12 SP	Soak SP	12	200
SG3 RP	Ramp Time	3	1hr.	SG12TI	Soak Time	12	0hr.:30 min.
SG4 SP	Soak SP	4	400				

Program record sheet

Draw your ramp/soak profile on the record sheet shown in Figure 5-2 and fill in the associated information in the blocks provided. This will give you a permanent record of your program and will assist you when entering the Setpoint data.



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Figure 5-2 Program Record Sheet

Prompt	Function	Segment	Value	Prompt	Function	Segment	Value
STRSEG	Start Seg.			SG4 TI	Soak Time	4	
ENDSEG	End Seg.			SG5 RP	Ramp Time	5	
RP UNIT	Engr. Unit for Ramp			SG6 SP	Soak SP	6	
RECYCL	Number of Recycles			SEG6 TI	Soak Time	6	
SOKDEV	Deviation Value			SG7 RP	Ramp Time	7	
PG END	Controller Status			SG8 SP	Soak SP	8	
STATE	Program Controller State			SG8 TI	Soak Time	8	
TO BEGIN	Reset SP Program			SG9 RP	Ramp Time	9	
PVSTRT	Program starts at PV value			SG10 SP	Soak SP	10	
SG1 RP	Ramp Time	1		SG10 TI	Soak Time	10	
SG2 RP	Soak SP	2		SG11RP	Ramp Time	11	
SG2 TI	Soak Time	2		SG12SP	Soak SP	12	
SG3 RP	Ramp Time	3		SG12TI	Soak Time	12	
SG4 SP	Soak SP	4					

Run/Monitor functions

Table 5-3 lists all the functions required to run and monitor the program.

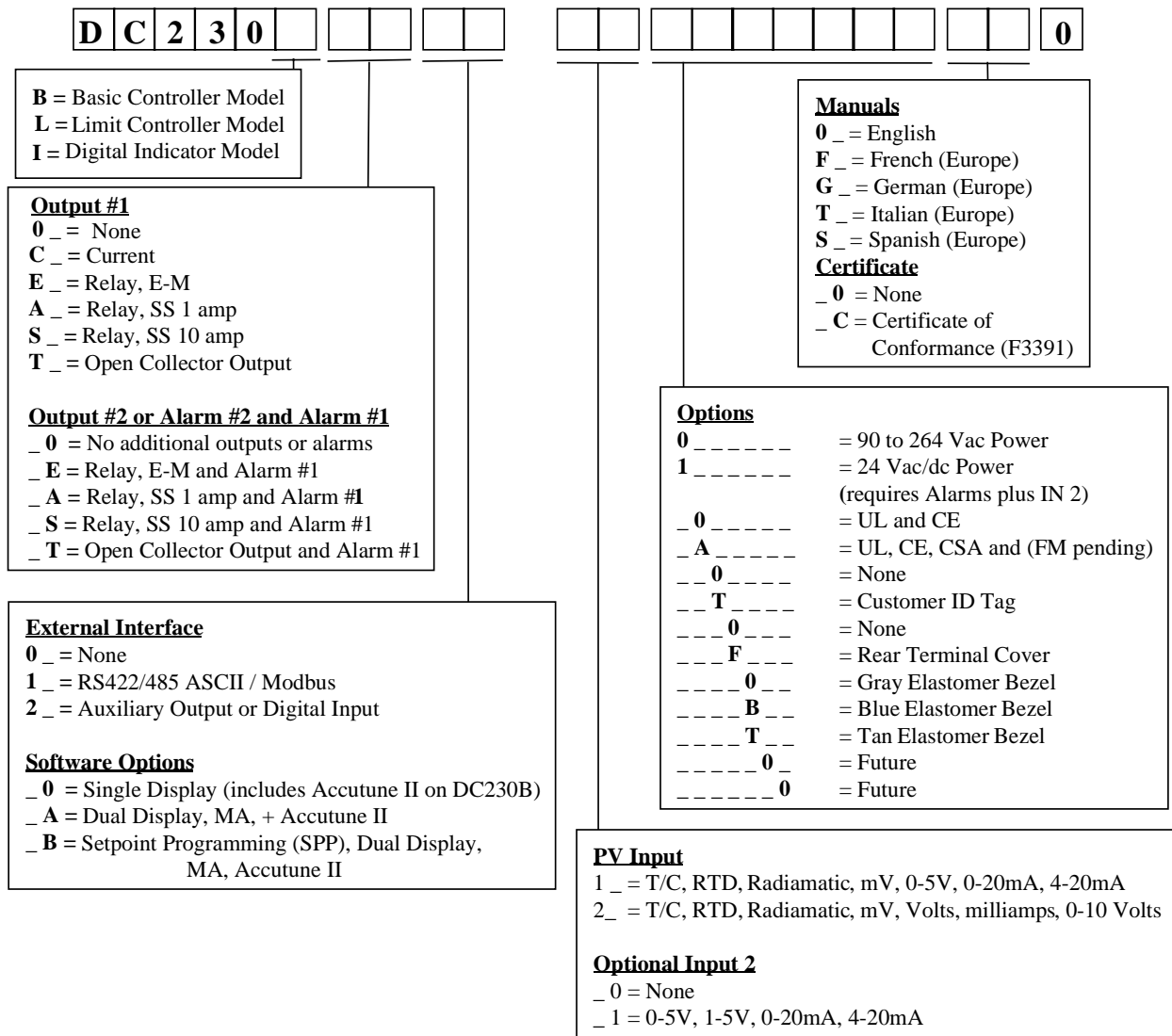
Table 5-3 Run/Monitor Functions

Function	Press	Result
Set the Local Setpoint	DISPLAY [▲] [▼]	<i>Upper Display = PV value</i> <i>Lower Display = SP</i> To set the Local Setpoint value to where you want the program to start out.
Run State	RUN/HOLD	Initiates the setpoint program. “ RUN ” appears in the upper display indicating that the program is running.
Hold State	RUN/HOLD	Holds the setpoint program. “ HOLD ” appears in the upper display indicating that the program is in the HOLD state. The setpoint holds at the current setpoint.
External Hold		If Remote Switching (Digital Input Option) is present on your controller, contact closure places the controller in the HOLD state, if the setpoint program is running. The “ HOLD ” in the upper display will be displayed periodically in lower case. ATTENTION The keyboard takes priority over the external switch for the RUN/HOLD function. Contact reopening runs program.
Viewing the present ramp or soak segment number and time	DISPLAY until you see	<i>Upper Display = PV value</i> <i>Lower Display = XXHH.MM</i> Time remaining in the SEGMENT in hours and minutes. XX = 1 to 12
Viewing the number of cycles left in the program	DISPLAY until you see	<i>Upper Display = PV value</i> <i>Lower Display = REC_XX</i> Number of cycles remaining in the setpoint program. X = 0 to 99
End Program		When the final segment is completed, the “ RUN ” in the upper display either changes to “ HOLD ” (if configured for HOLD state), or disappears (if configured for disable of setpoint programming). The controller either operates at the last setpoint in the program or goes into manual mode/Failsafe output.
Disable Program		See Section 3.5 – Configuration Group “SPPROG” for details.

6 Appendix A - Environmental and Operating Conditions

<p>Operating Limits</p>	<p>Ambient Temperature: 32 °F to 131 °F (0 °C to 55 °C) Relative Humidity: 5 % to 90 % RH up to 104 °F (40 °C) Vibration: <i>Frequency:</i> 0 to 200 Hz <i>Acceleration:</i> 0.6g Mechanical Shock: <i>Acceleration:</i> 5g <i>Duration:</i> 30 ms Power: 90 Vac to 264 Vac, 50/60 Hz (CSA models rated to 250 Vac maximum) Power Consumption: 12 VA maximum</p>
<p>Accuracy</p>	<p>± 0.25 % of span typical ± 1 digit for display 15-bit resolution typical</p>
<p>CE Conformity Special Conditions (Europe)</p>	<p>Shielded twisted-pair cables are required for all analog I/O, process variable, RTD, thermocouple, dc Millivolts, low level signal, 4-20 mA, digital I/O, and computer interface circuits. <i>Refer to 51-52-05-01, How to Apply Digital Instrumentation in Severe Electrical Noise Environments, for additional information.</i></p>

7 Appendix B - Model Selection Guide



8 Appendix C - Configuration Record Sheet

Enter the value or selection for each prompt on this sheet so you will have a record of how your controller was configured.

Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting	Group Prompt	Function Prompt	Value or Selection	Factory Setting
TIMER	TIMER PERIOD	_____	DIS	ATUNE	FUZZY TUNE	_____	DIS TUNE
	START	_____	0:01		AT ERR	_____	---
	L DISP	_____	KEY				
	RESET	_____	TREM				
	INCRMT	_____	KEY				
			MIN				
TUNING	PB or GAIN	_____	1.0	ALGOR	CTRALG	_____	PIDA
	RATE T	_____	0.00		OUTALG	_____	(MOXL)
	I MIN or I RPM	_____	1.0		4-20RG	_____	100
	MANRST	_____	1.0		RLY TY	_____	127
	PB2 or GAIN 2	_____	0.0				
	RATE2T	_____	0.00				
	I2 MIN or I2 RPM	_____	1.0				
	CYCT1 or CT1	_____	20				
	X3	_____	20				
	CYC2T2 or CT2	_____	20				
	X3	_____	20				
	SECUR	_____	0				
	LOCK	_____	CAL				
	AUTOMA	_____	ENAB				
	A TUNE	_____	ENAB				
RN HLD	_____	ENAB					
SP SEL	_____	ENAB					
SPRAMP	SPRAMP	_____	DIS	INPUT1	DECIMAL	_____	8888
	ATI MIN	_____	3		UNITS	_____	DegF
	FINLSP	_____	1000		IN1TYP	_____	KH
	SPRATE	_____	DIS		XMITR1	_____	LIN
	EUHRUP	_____	0		IN1 HI	_____	2400
	EUHRDN	_____	0		IN1 LO	_____	0
	SPPROG	_____	DIS		RATIO1	_____	1.00
					BIAS 1	_____	0.0
					RILTR1	_____	1.0
					BRNOUT	_____	UP
					EMIS	_____	1.0
					FREQ	_____	60
					DISPLY	_____	SP
			LNGUAG	_____	ENGL		

Configuration Record Sheet continued on next page

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